YOUR NAME PLEASE:

NETID:

Computer Science 200b Exam 2 - Practice April 2016

Enter your netid at the bottom of each page.

Closed book and closed notes. No electronic devices. Show ALL work you want graded on the test itself. You may not hand in a Blue Book.

For problems that do not ask you to justify the answer, an answer alone is sufficient. However, if the answer is wrong and no derivation or supporting reasoning is given, there will be no partial credit.

GOOD LUCK!

Problem	Points	Actual
1	10	
2	10	
3	10	
4	10	
5	10	
6	10	
Total	60	

1.(a) (10 points)
Short answer.
What is a decorator? What purpose do decorators serve in Python?
What is an exception? What purpose do exceptions serve in Python? Explain the related meaning of EAFP vs LBYL.
How does object oriented programming improve software reliability?
Page 2. NETID:

```
2. (10 points)
```

Below we define several functions, which may or may not raise an exception when executed. For each function, indicate if an exception is raised always, sometimes, or never. For always and sometimes, indicate what exception is raised and for sometimes specify the conditions under which the exception occurs.

```
def f1():
    return 1/0

def f2():
    return a

def f3():
    a = [1, 2]
    return a[2]

def f4():
    a = [1, 2, 3, 4]
    return a[2]
```

3. (10 points) Define a python procedure x() that generates the following bytecode

>>>	dis.dis(x)			
6	0	LOAD_CONST	1	(2)
	3	STORE_FAST	0	(a)
7	6	LOAD_CONST	2	(3)
	9	STORE_FAST	1	(b)
8	12	LOAD_FAST	0	(a)
	15	LOAD_FAST	1	(b)
	18	BINARY_ADD		
	19	STORE_FAST	2	(C)
9	22	LOAD_FAST	2	(C)
	25	LOAD_FAST	2	(C)
	28	BINARY_MULTIPLY		
	29	STORE_FAST	3	(d)
10	32	LOAD_FAST	3	(d)
	35	RETURN VALUE		

4. (10 points)

Provide the bytecode generated for the following Python function. Use dis.dis() format, but without the source code line numbers from the first column.

```
def y():
    a = 7
    if a % 2:
        return 1 + 3*a
    else:
        return a / 2
```

5. (10 points)

Write the UNIX command(s) corresponding to **XXXX** in the transcript below.

```
-bash-4.2$ pwd
/home/accts/sbs5/cs201
-bash-4.2$ ls
bin class graded handouts hws previous-years README SUBMIT
TESTS www
-bash-4.2$ mkdir mt
-bash-4.2$ XXXX
-bash-4.2$ pwd
/home/accts/sbs5/cs201/mt
-bash-4.2$ XXXX
-bash-4.2$ ls -1
total 4
-rw-rw-r-- 1 sbs5 cs201ta 72 Oct 6 16:12 f1
-bash-4.2$ cat f1
bin
class
graded
handouts
hws
mt
previous-years
README
SUBMIT
TESTS
WWW
-bash-4.2$ XXXX
-bash-4.2$ ls -1
total 8
-rw-rw-r-- 1 sbs5 cs201ta 72 Oct 6 16:12 f1
-rw-rw-r-- 1 sbs5 cs201ta 72 Oct 6 16:13 f2
-bash-4.2$ diff f1 f2
-bash-4.2$ XXXX
-bash-4.2$ ls -1
total 4
-rw-rw-r-- 1 sbs5 cs201ta 72 Oct 6 16:13 f2
-bash-4.2$ XXXX
11 11 72 f2
```

6. (10 points)

Define the decorator xxx() that has the following behavior.

```
@xxx
def incr(a):
    return a + 1

@xxx
def add2(a, b):
    return a + b

>>> incr(10)
Calling: incr with args: (10,)
Exiting: incr with value: 11
11
>>> add2(2,3)
Calling: add2 with args: (2, 3)
Exiting: add2 with value: 5
5
```