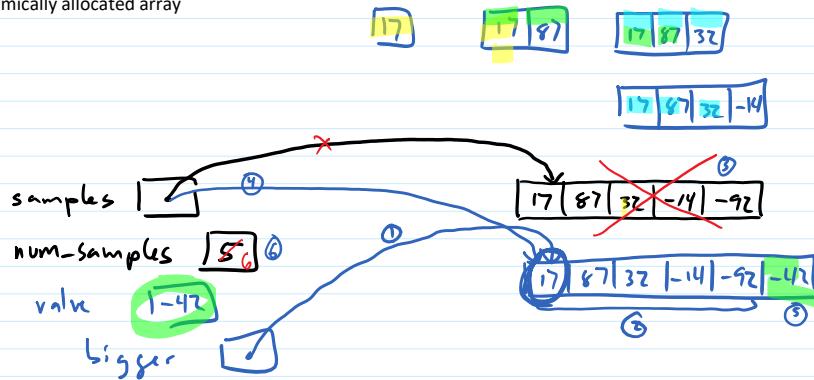


Resizing a dynamically allocated array



```

int *samples = NULL;
int num_samples = 0;

while (scanf("%d", &value) > 0)
{
    ① int *bigger = malloc(sizeof(int) * (num_samples + 1));

    ② for (int i = 0; i < num_samples; i++)
    {
        bigger[i] = samples[i];
    }

    ③ free(samples);
    ④ samples = bigger;

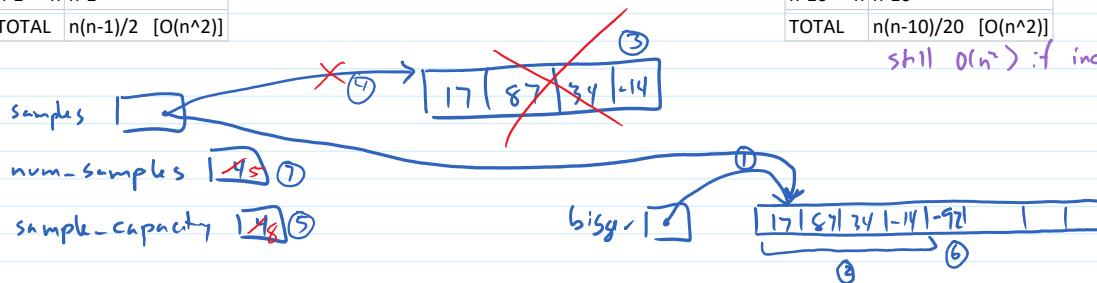
    ⑤ samples[num_samples] = value;
    ⑥ num_samples++;

    ...
}
}

```

resize	number of copies
1 -> 2	1
2 -> 3	2
3 -> 4	3
4 -> 5	4
...	...
n-1 -> n	n-1
TOTAL	$n(n-1)/2$ $[O(n^2)]$

resize	number of copies
10 -> 20	10
20 -> 30	20
30 -> 40	30
40 -> 50	40
...	...
n-10 -> n	n-10
TOTAL	$n(n-10)/20$ $[O(n^2)]$



```

if (num_samples == samples_capacity)
{
    ① int *new_samples = malloc(sizeof(int) * samples_capacity * 2);

    ② memcpy(new_samples, samples, sizeof(int) * num_samples);

    ③ free(samples);

    ④ samples = new_samples;
    ⑤ samples_capacity *= 2;

    ⑥ samples[num_samples] = value;
    ⑦ num_samples++;
}

```

still $O(n^2)$ if increasing size by 10 each resize

resize	number of copies
1 -> 2	1
2 -> 4	2
4 -> 8	4
8 -> 16	8
...	...
$n/2 \rightarrow n$	$n/2$
TOTAL	$n-1$ $[O(n)]$

(assuming n is a power of 2)

still $O(n)$ if increasing by 1%, 10%, 50%, 200%, ...