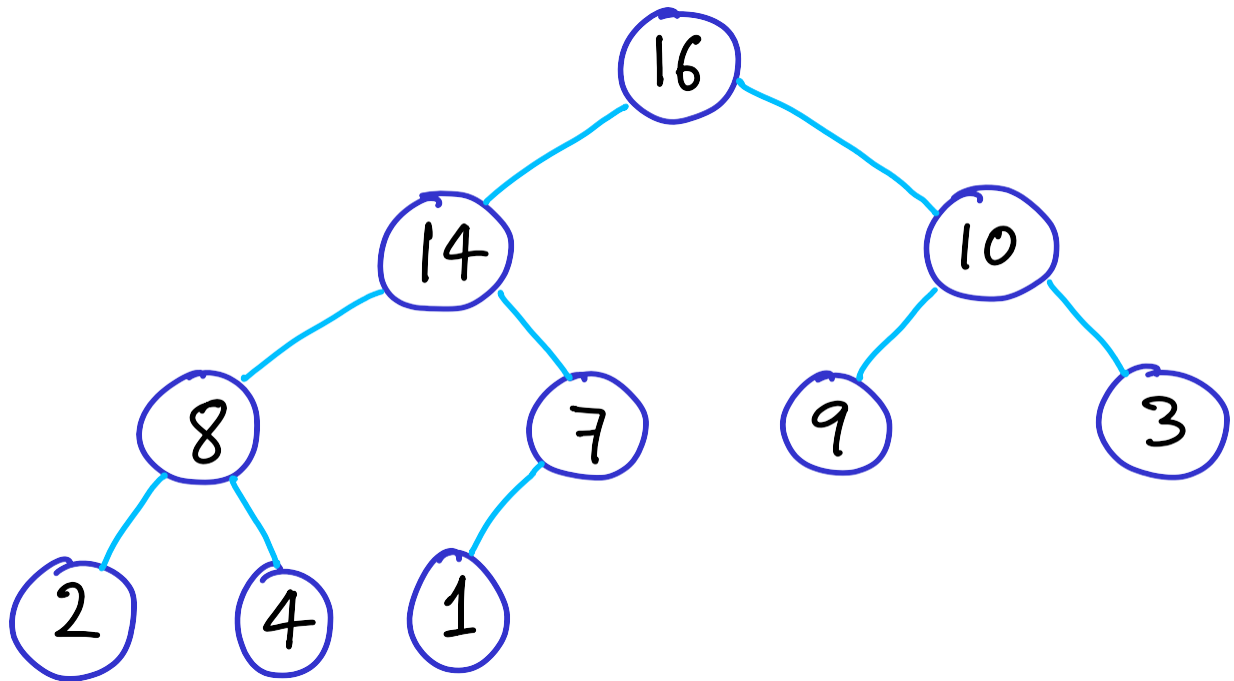
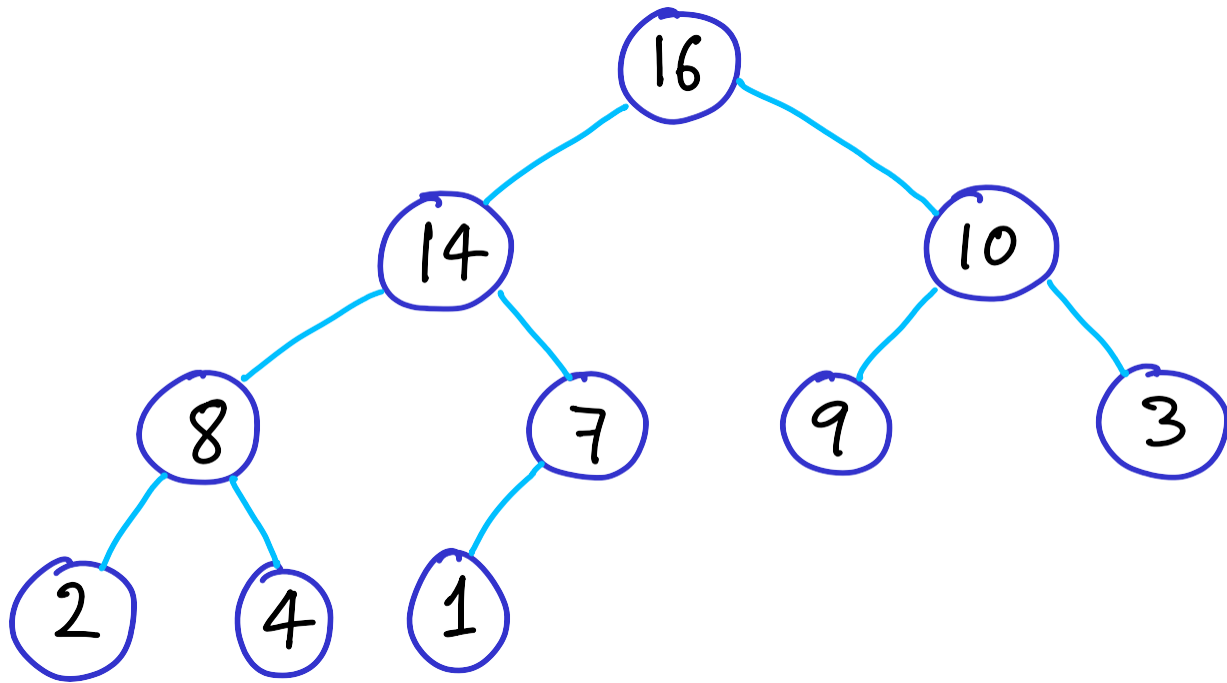


# HEAPS and HEAP-SORT

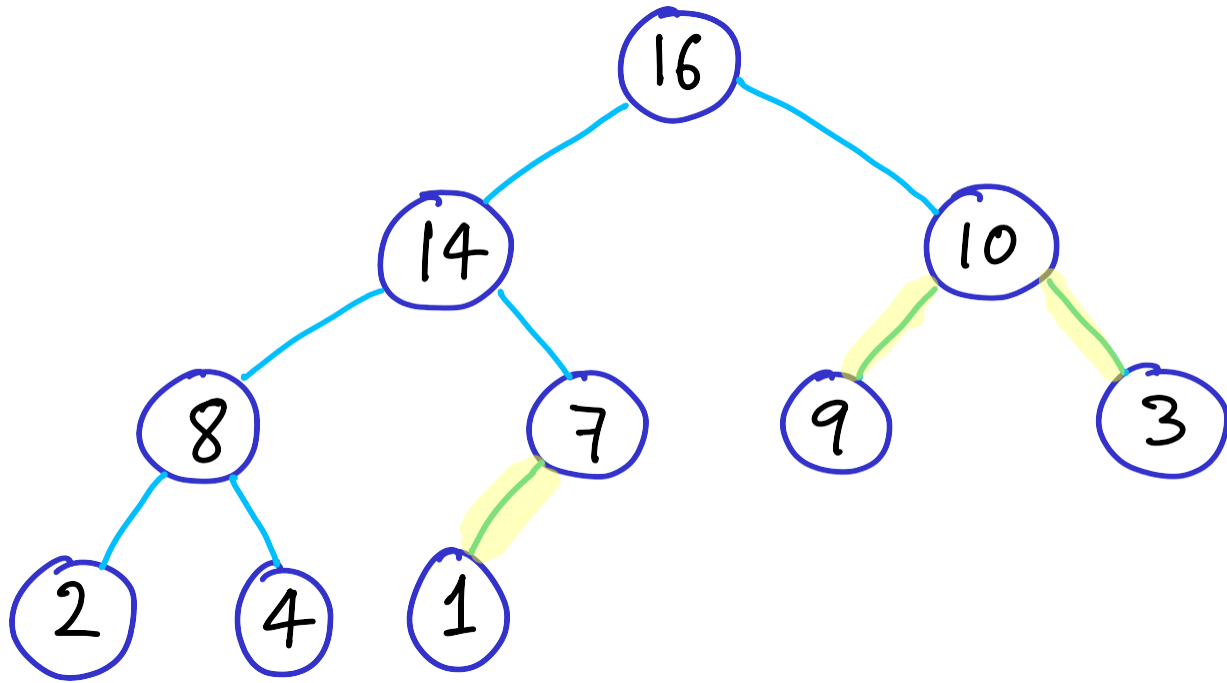
↳ specifically binary MAX-heaps





Rules:

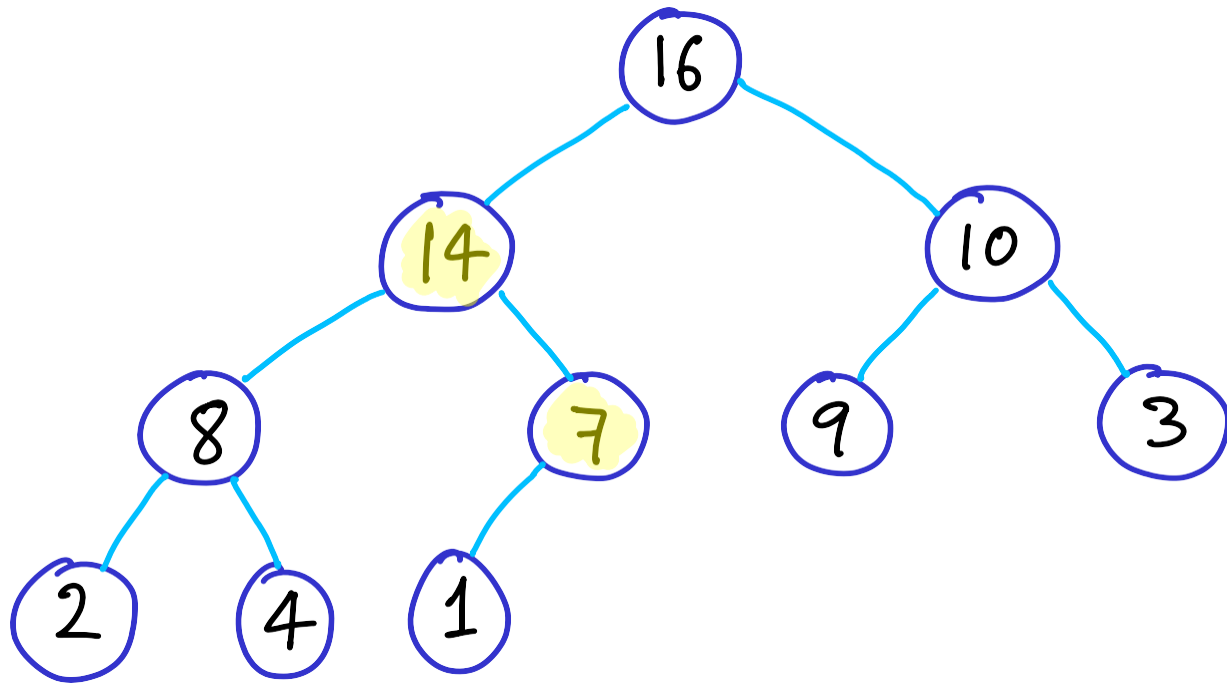
- binary
- max
- complete



## Rules:

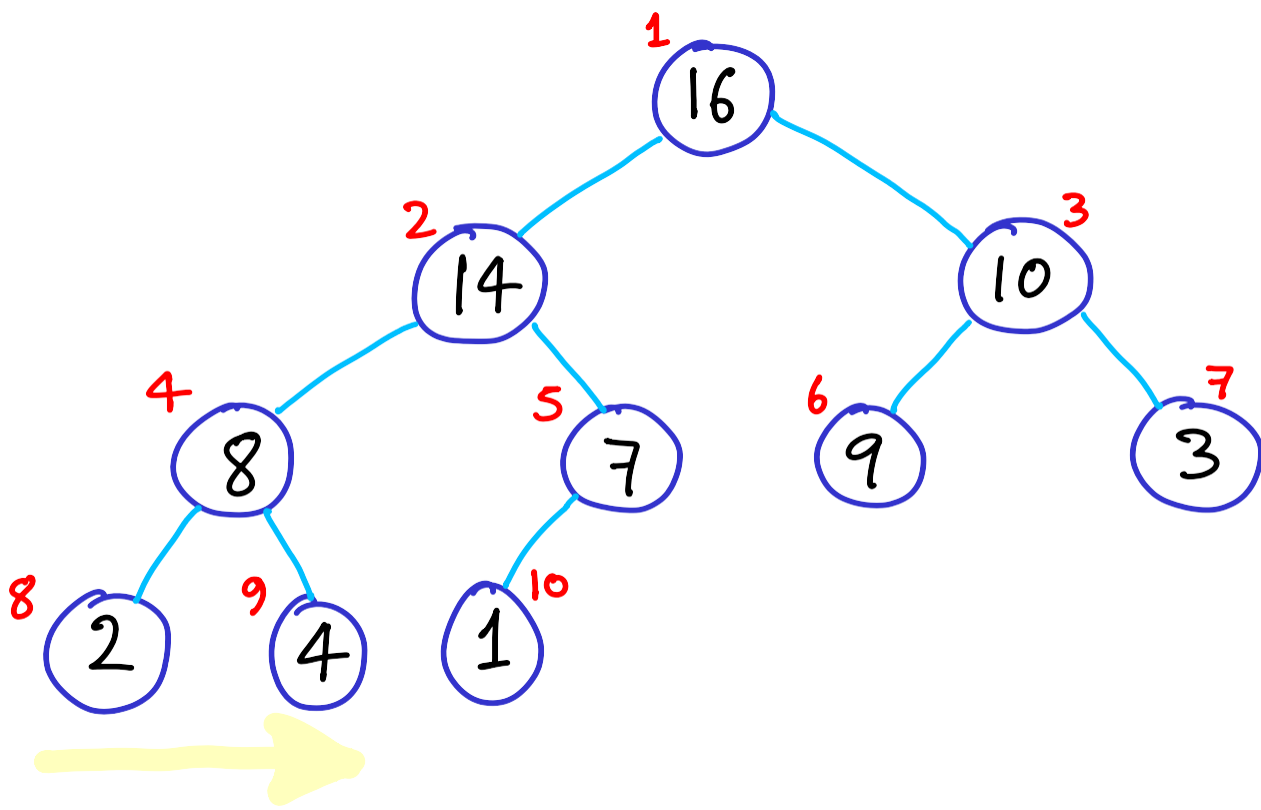
- binary: internal nodes have 1 or 2 children
- max
- complete





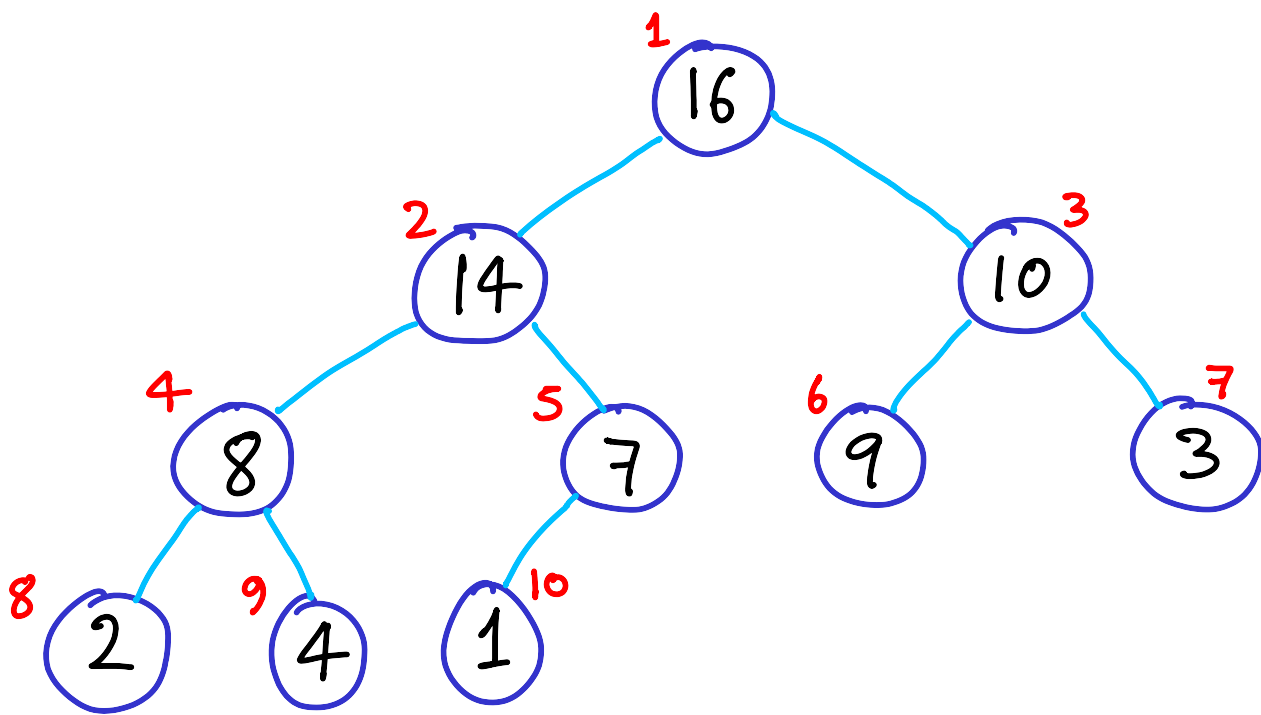
## Rules:

- binary: internal nodes have 1 or 2 children
- max: parent  $\geq$  child
- complete



## Rules:

- **binary:** internal nodes have 1 or 2 children
- **max:** parent  $\geq$  child
- **complete:** all levels filled  
(lowest can be partial,  
left to right)

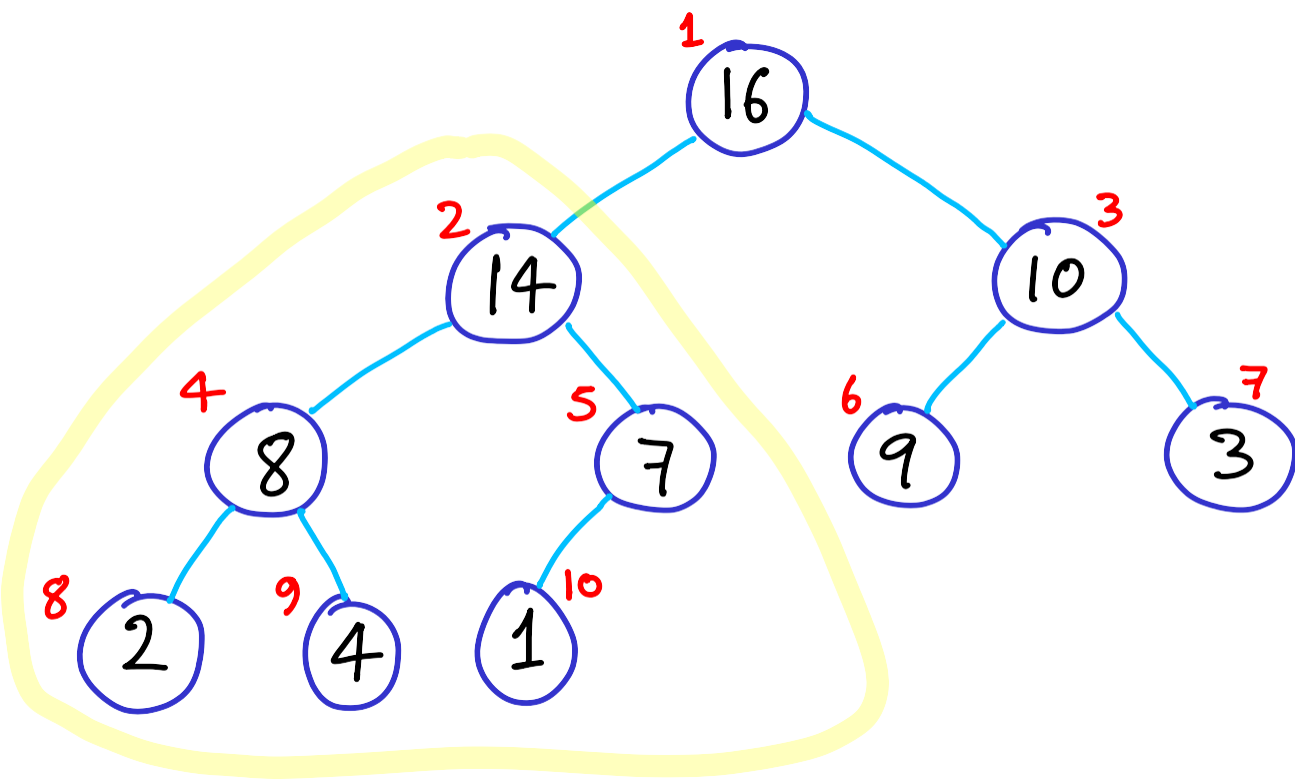


## Rules:

- **binary:** internal nodes have 1 or 2 children
- **max:** parent  $\geq$  child

- **complete:** all levels filled  
(lowest can be partial,  
left to right)

some applications don't need this  
but we will enforce it



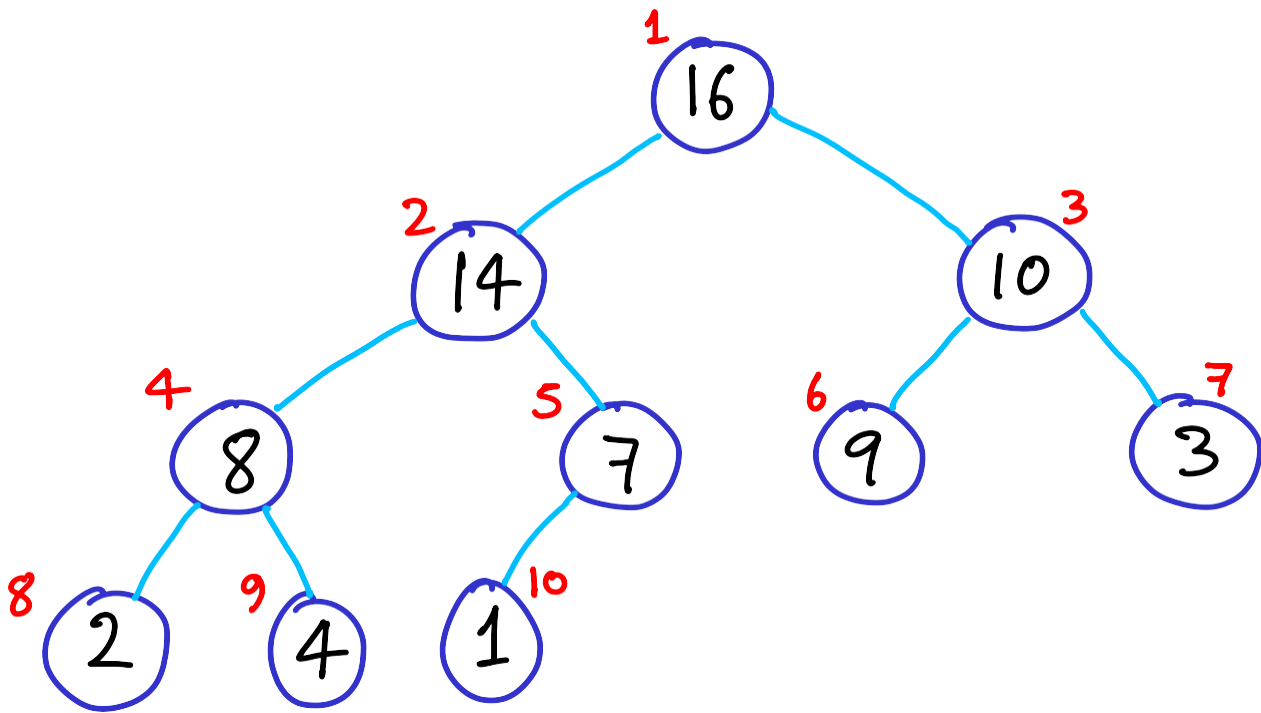
## Rules:

- **binary:** internal nodes have 1 or 2 children
- **max:** parent  $\geq$  child

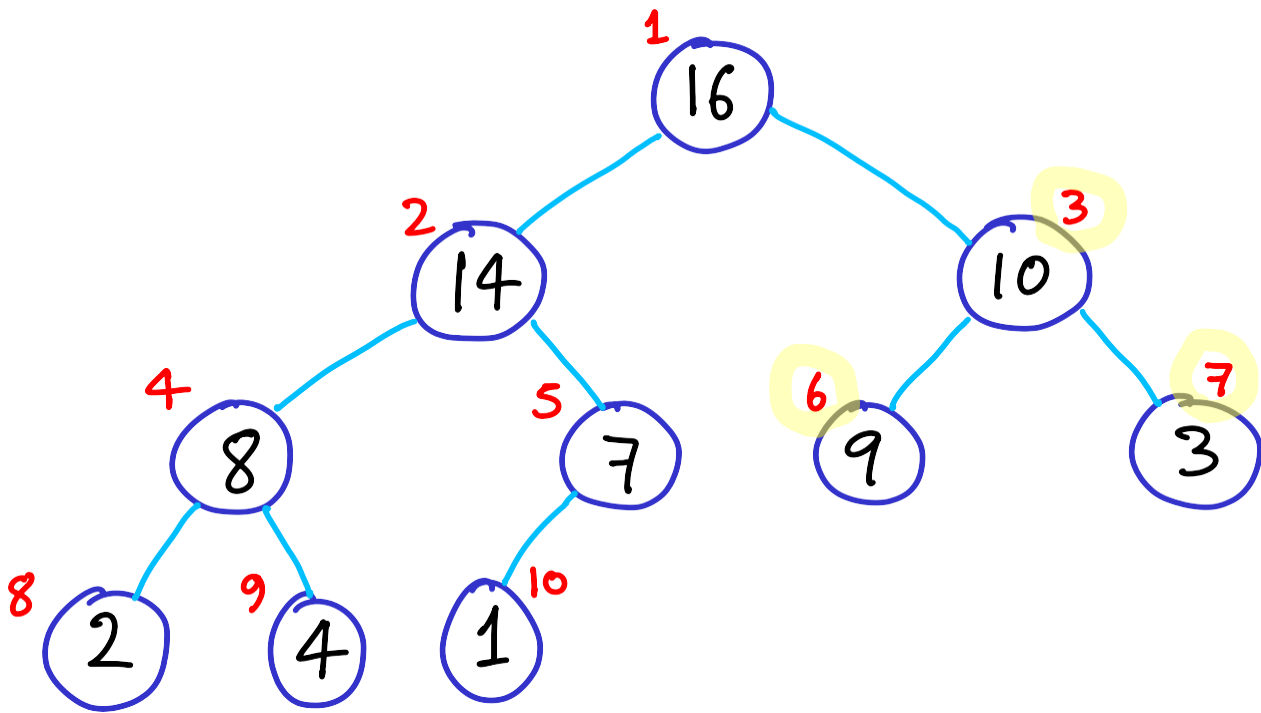
- **complete:** all levels filled  
(lowest can be partial,  
left to right)

some applications don't need this  
but we will enforce it

[Notice every subtree is also a heap]



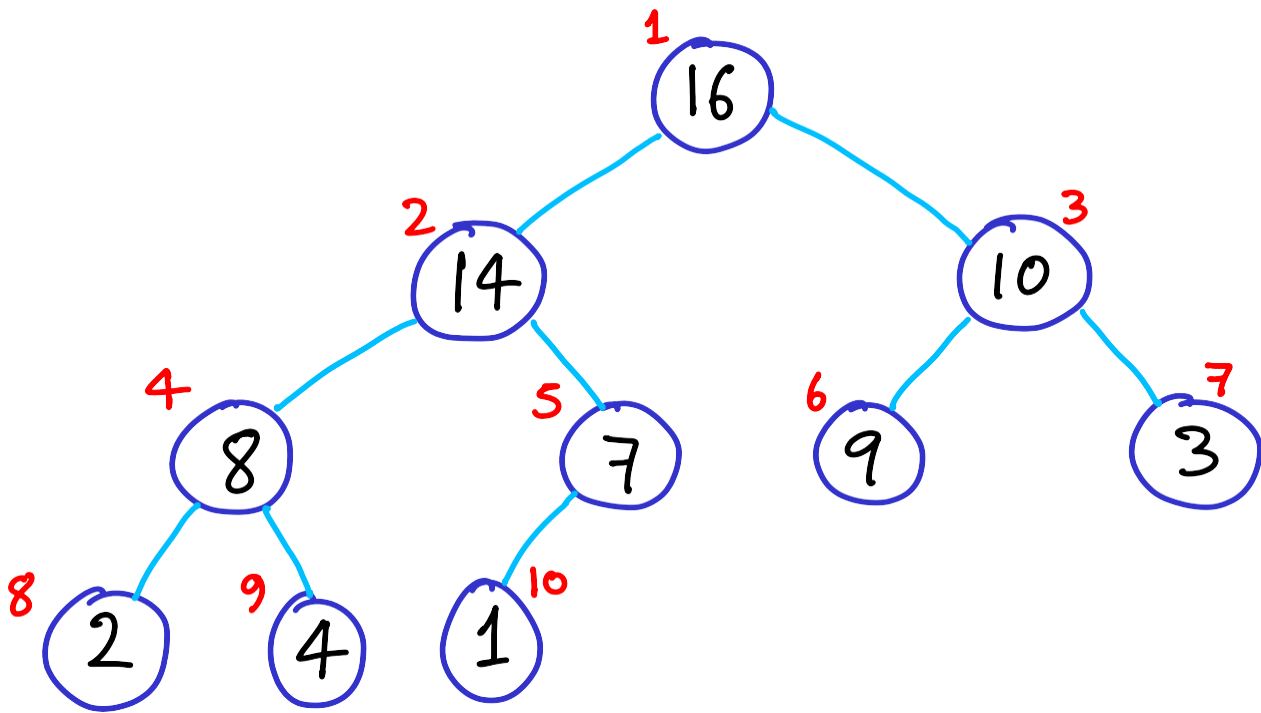
How can we identify  
the indices of the children  
of a given node?



How can we identify the indices of the children of a given node?

$$\text{left-child}(i) = 2i$$

$$\text{right-child}(i) = 2i+1$$

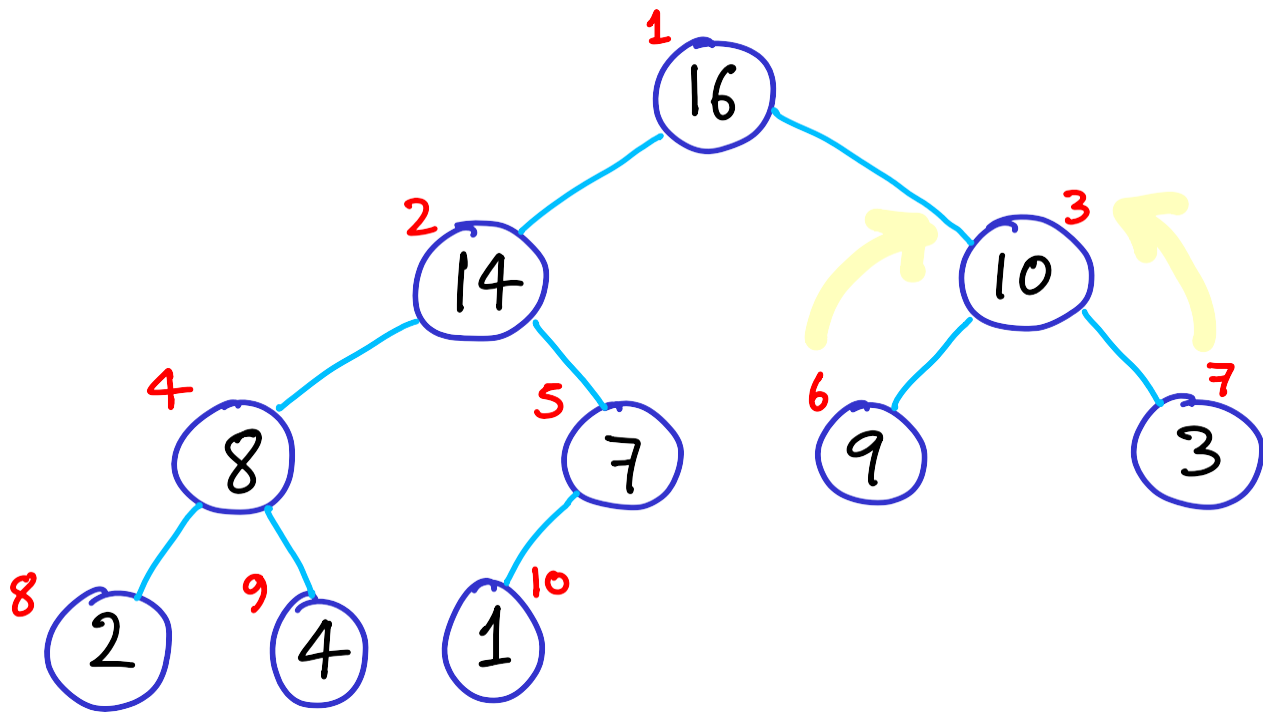


How can we identify the indices of the children of a given node?

$$\text{left-child}(i) = 2i$$

$$\text{right-child}(i) = 2i+1$$

$$\text{parent}(i) = ?$$



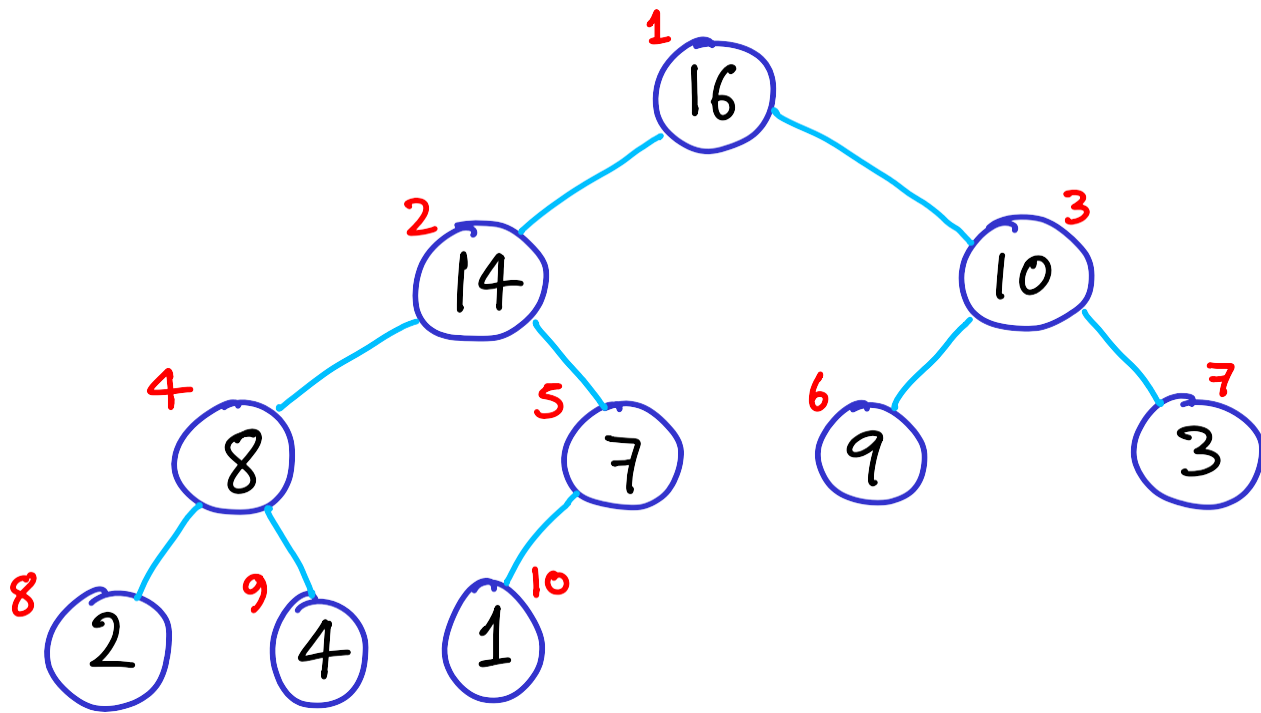
How can we identify the indices of the children of a given node?

$$\text{left-child}(i) = 2i$$

$$\text{right-child}(i) = 2i+1$$

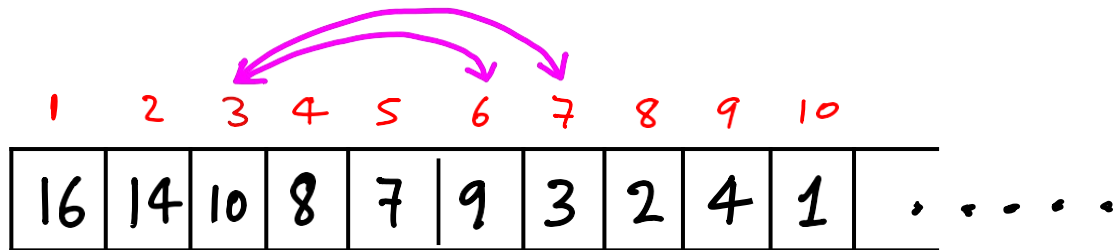
$$\text{parent}(i) = \lfloor i/2 \rfloor$$





How can we identify the indices of the children of a given node?

Use array to store heap  
(avoid wasting space with pointers)

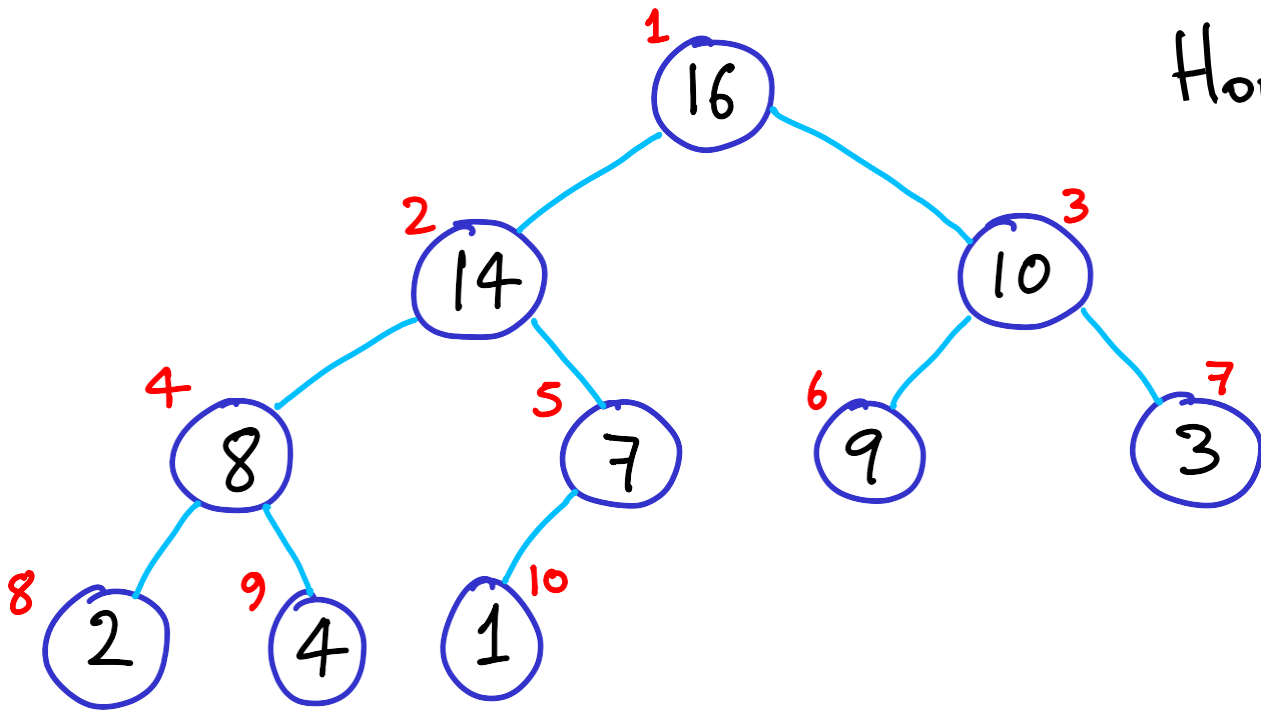


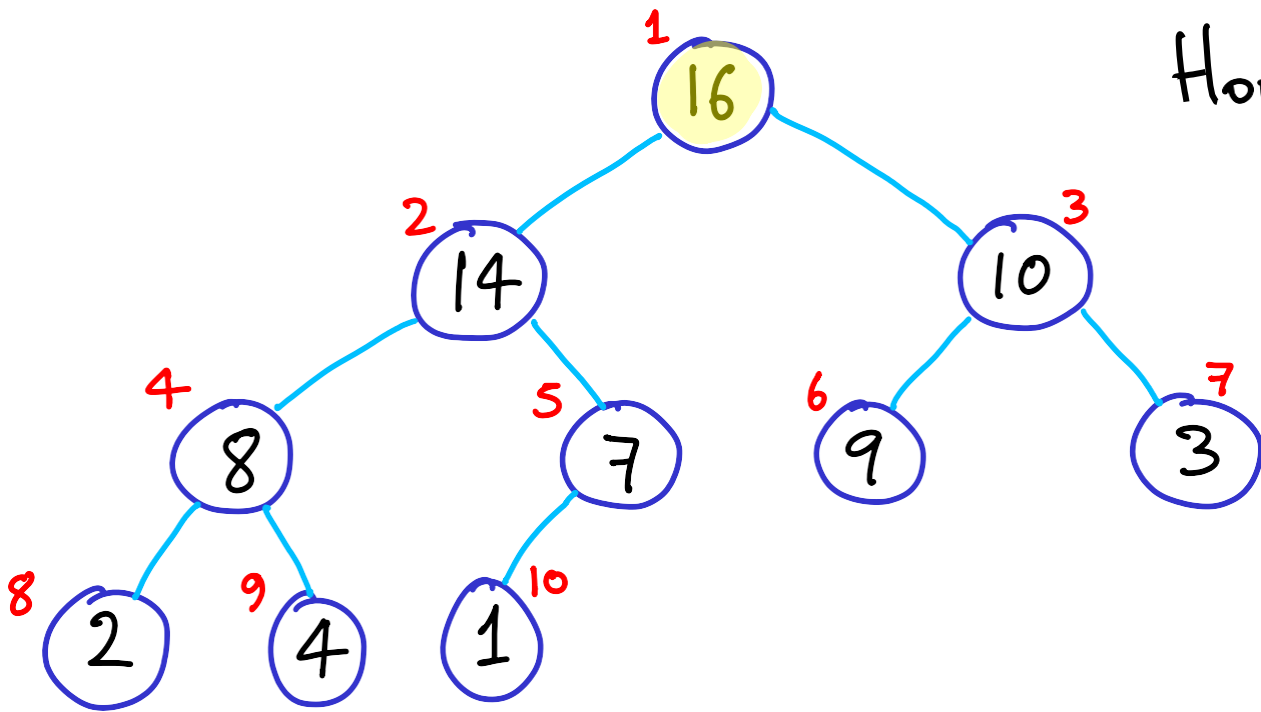
$$\text{left-child}(i) = 2i$$

$$\text{right-child}(i) = 2i+1$$

$$\text{parent}(i) = \lfloor i/2 \rfloor$$

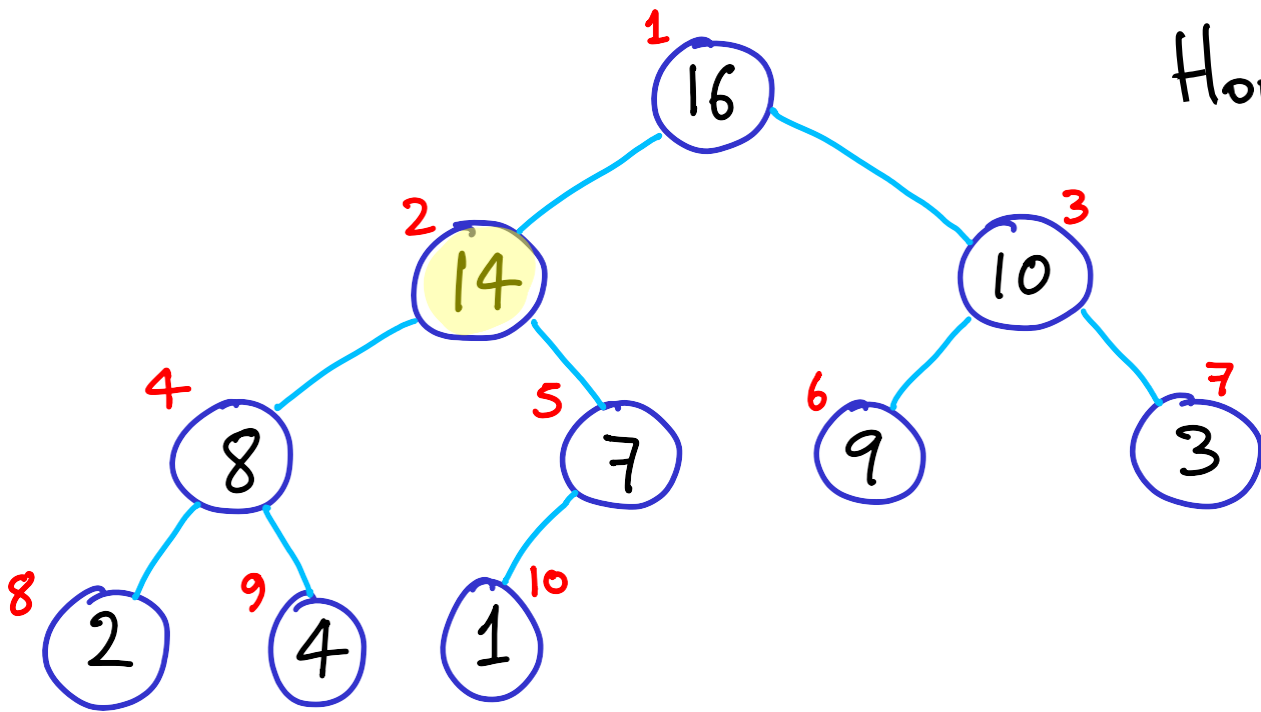
How does this relate to sorting?





How does this relate to sorting?

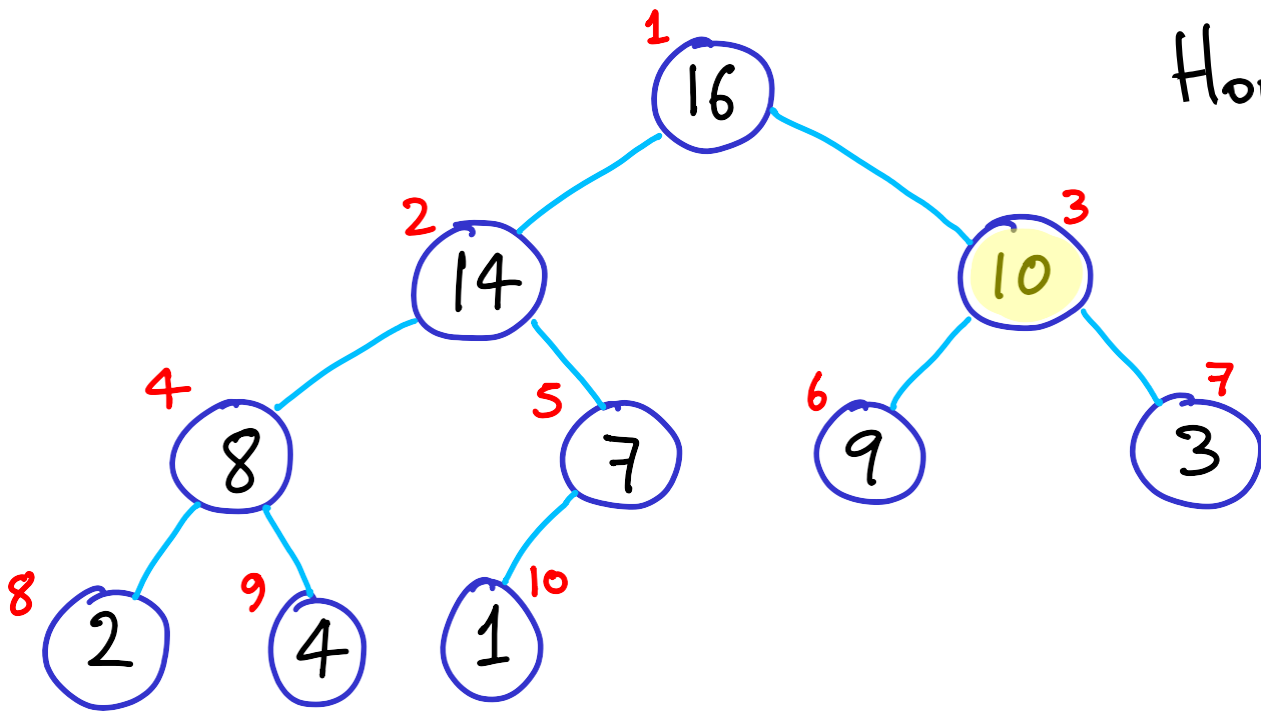
Largest element is on top.



How does this relate to sorting?

Largest element is on top.

2nd largest is in level 2.



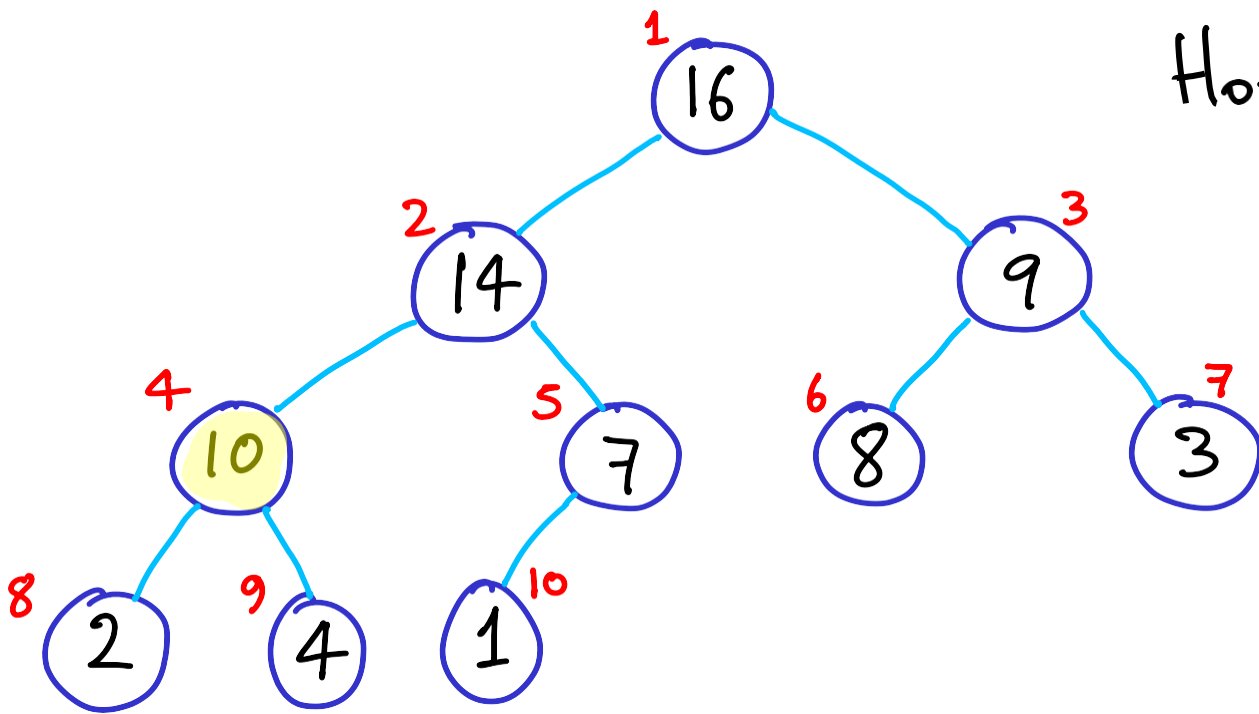
How does this relate to sorting?

Largest element is on top.

2nd largest is in level 2.

3rd largest is

↳ in level 2



How does this relate to sorting?

Largest element is on top.

2nd largest is in level 2.

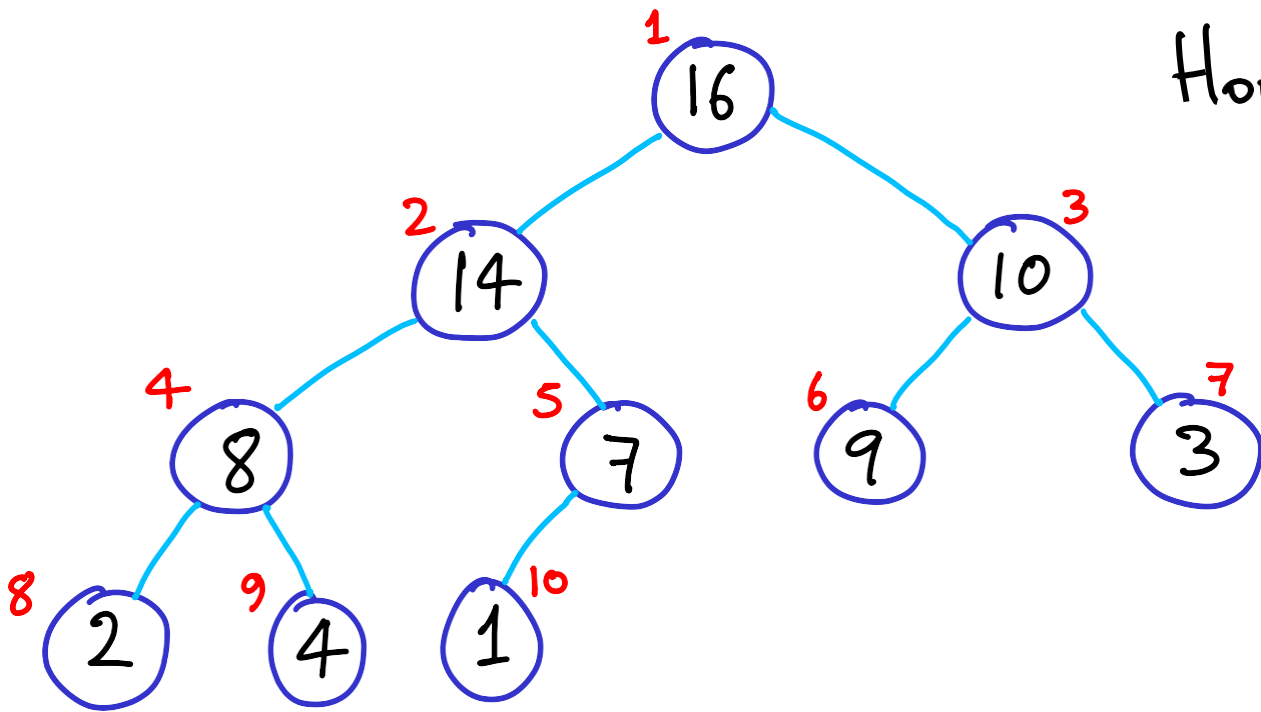
3rd largest is

↳ in level 2

OR

↳ in level 3  
& child of 2nd

⋮  
getting messy



Heaps are not "sorted"

How does this relate to sorting?

Largest element is on top.

2nd largest is in level 2.

3rd largest is

↳ in level 2

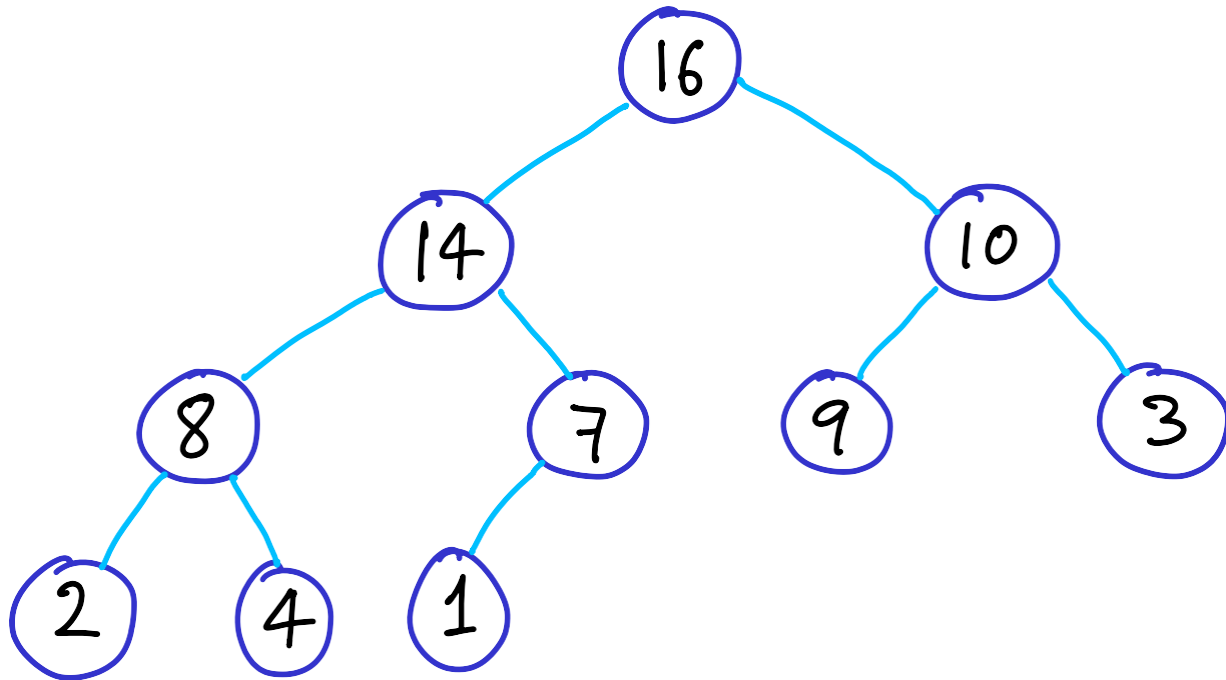
OR

↳ in level 3

& child of 2nd

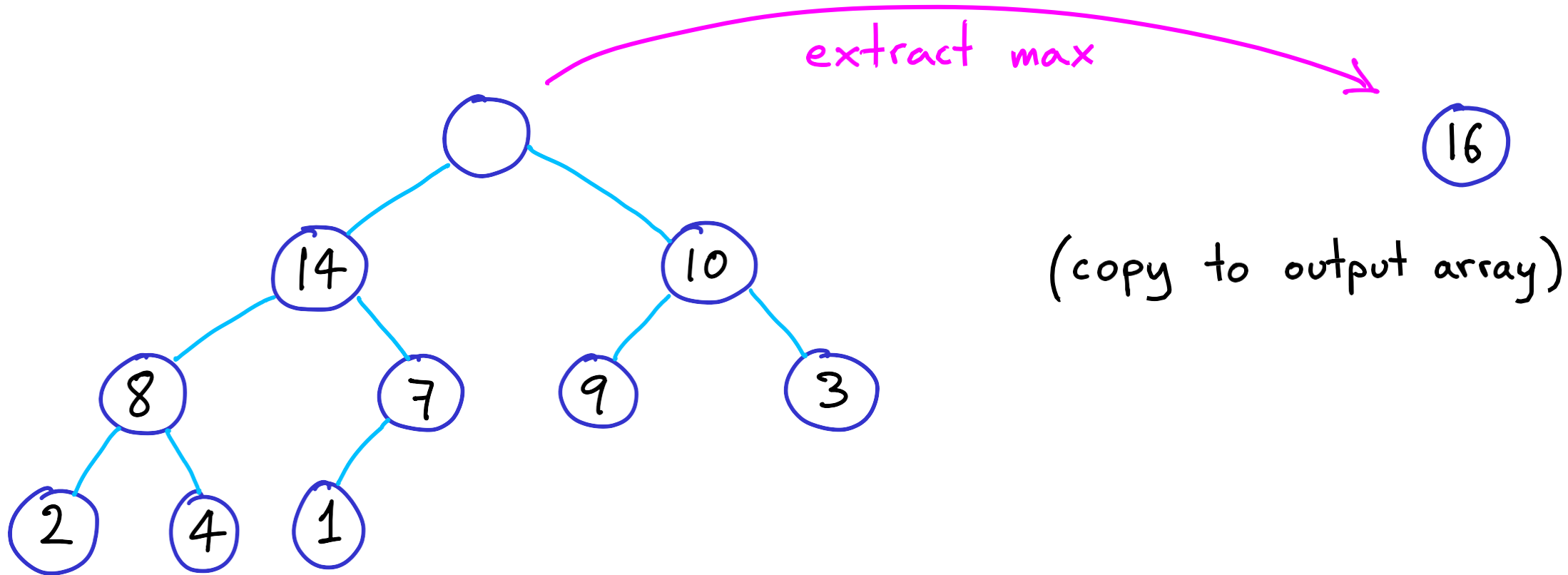
∴ getting messy

How to sort data in a heap



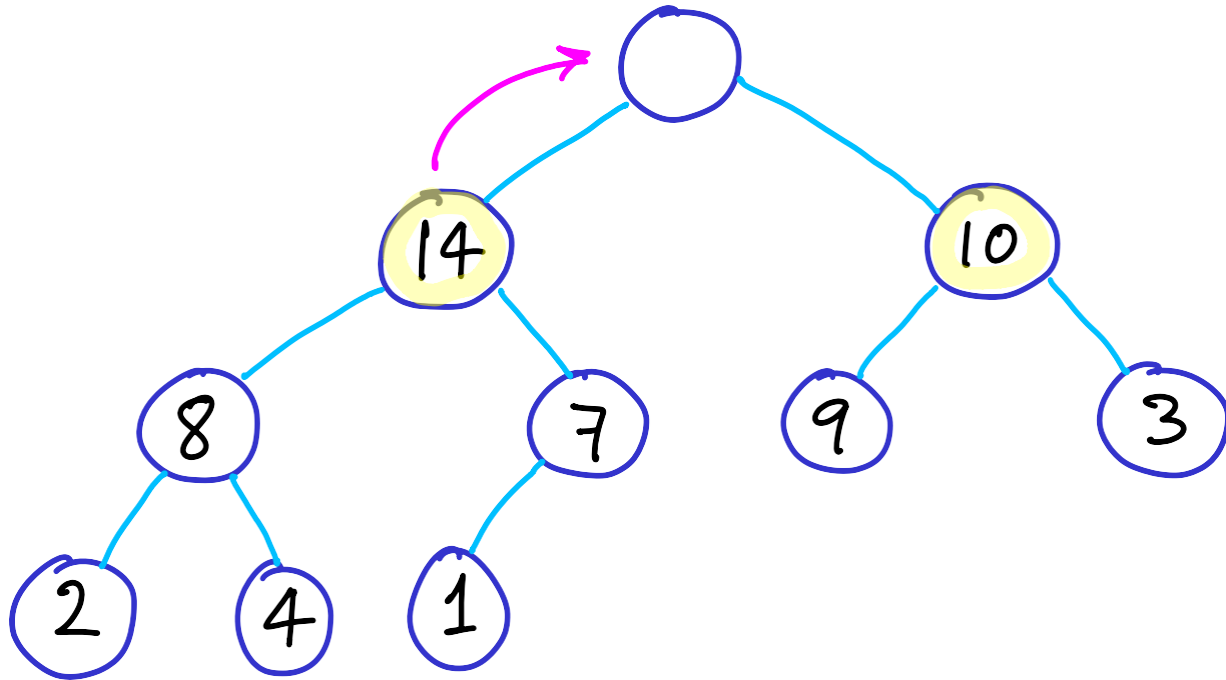


# How to sort data in a heap



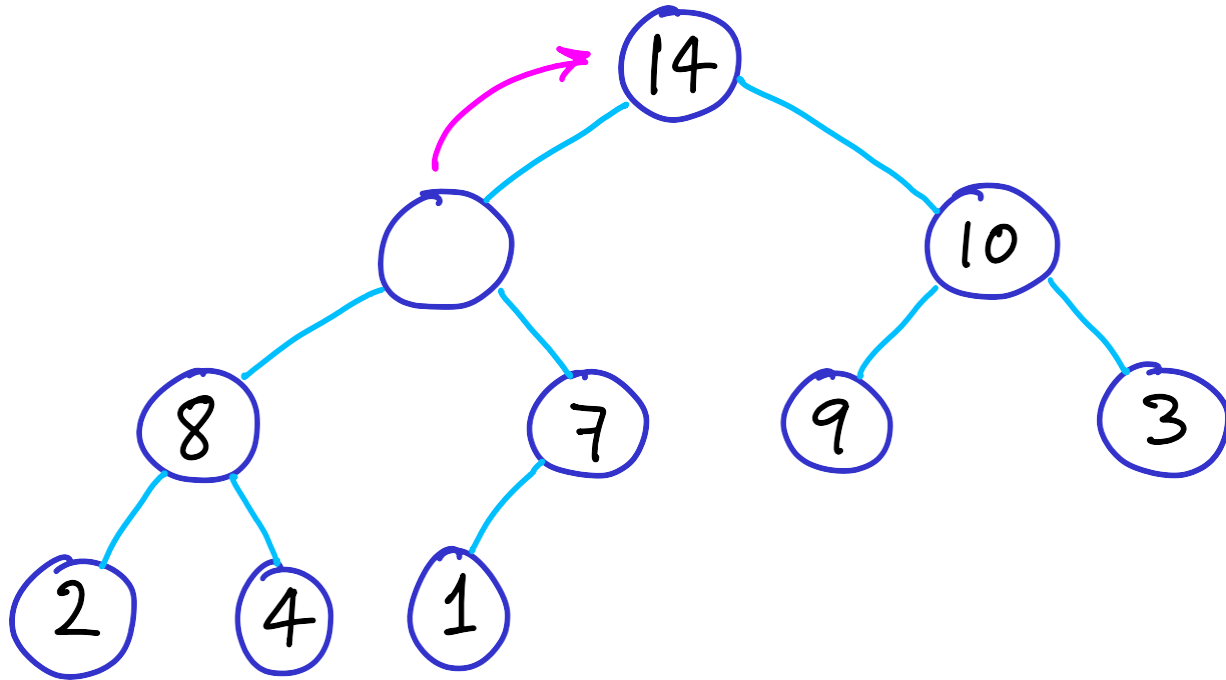
# How to sort data in a heap

Update max : larger of 2 children



16

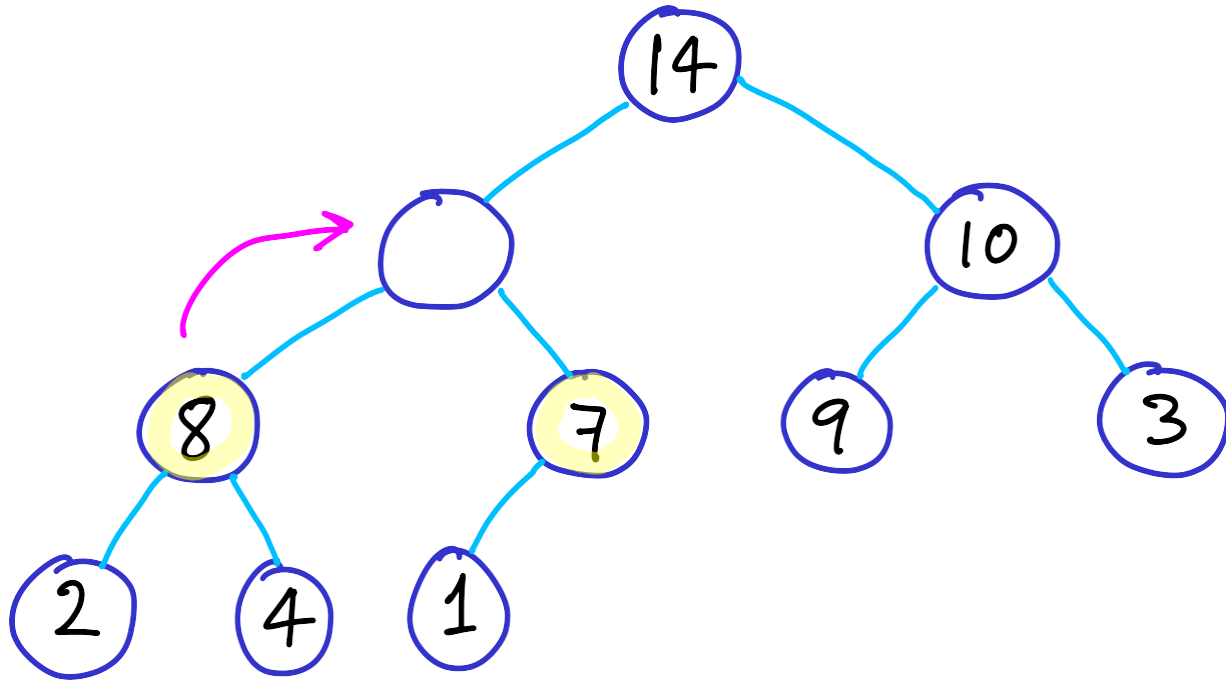
How to sort data in a heap



16

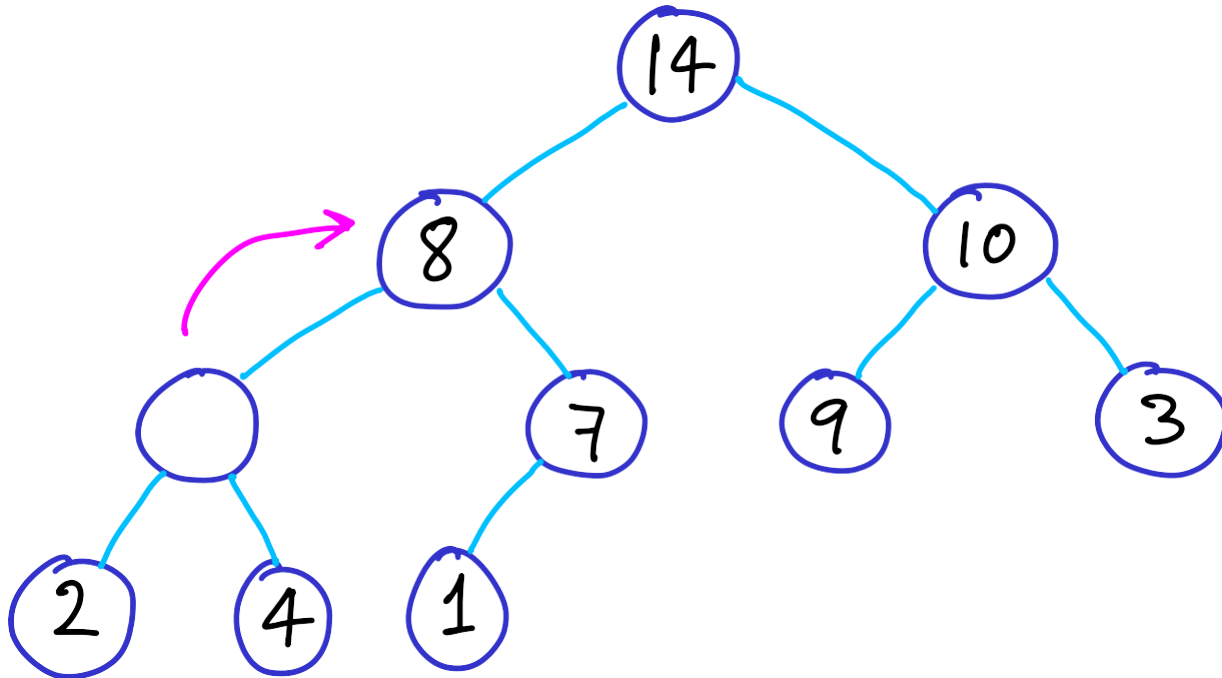
# How to sort data in a heap

Update max recursively



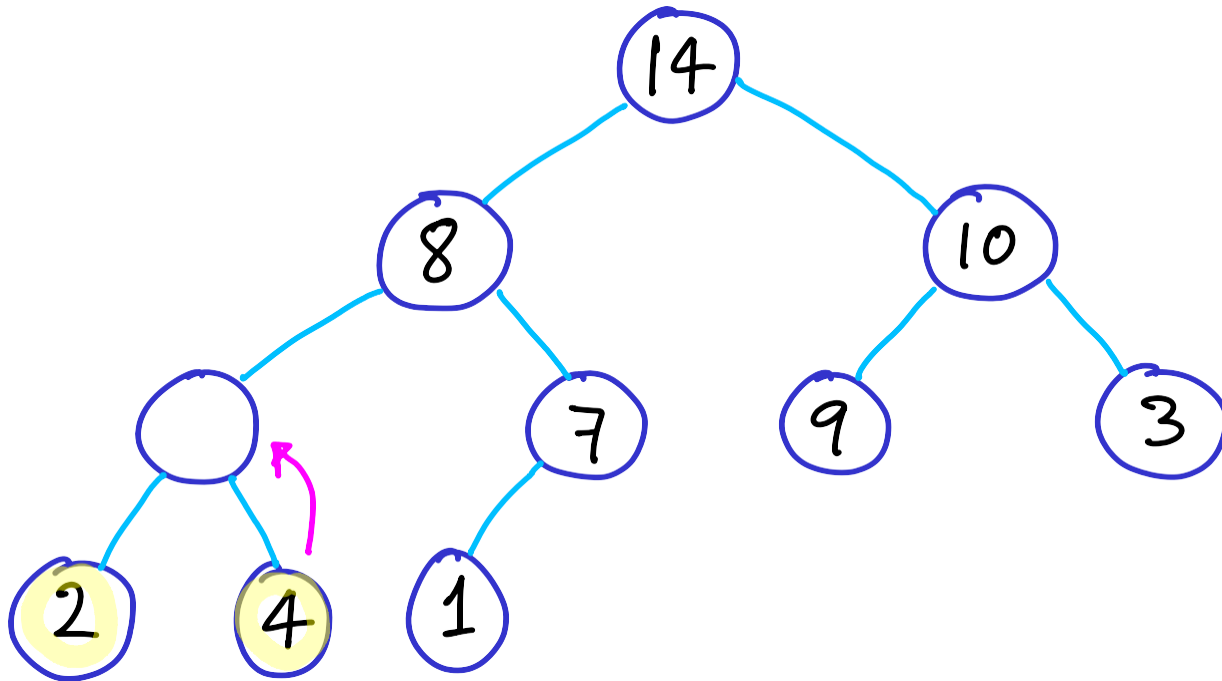
16

# How to sort data in a heap



16

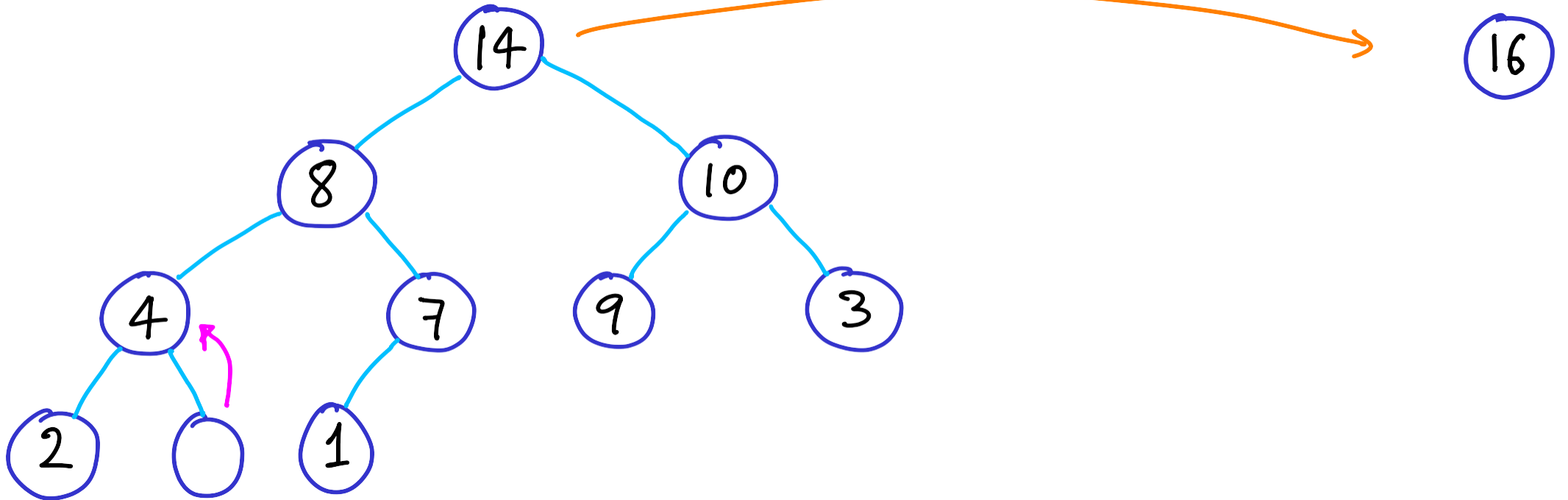
How to sort data in a heap



16

# How to sort data in a heap

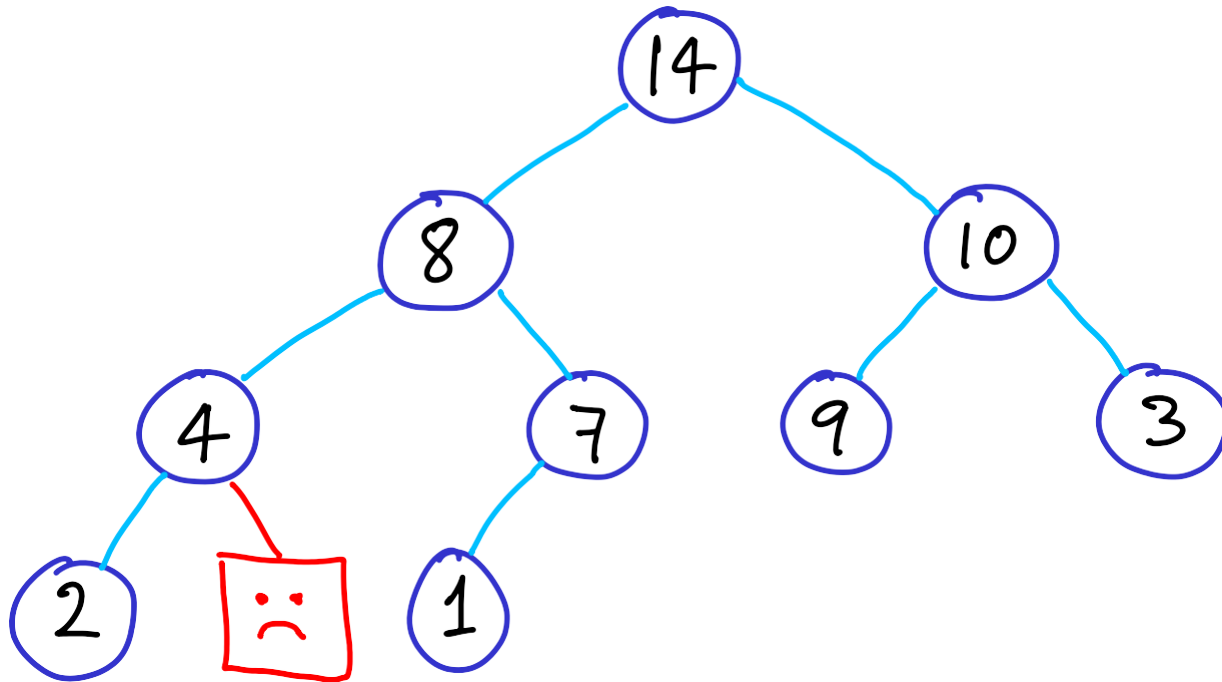
ready for new extraction



# How to sort data in a heap

↳ if we don't care about

keeping the heap complete

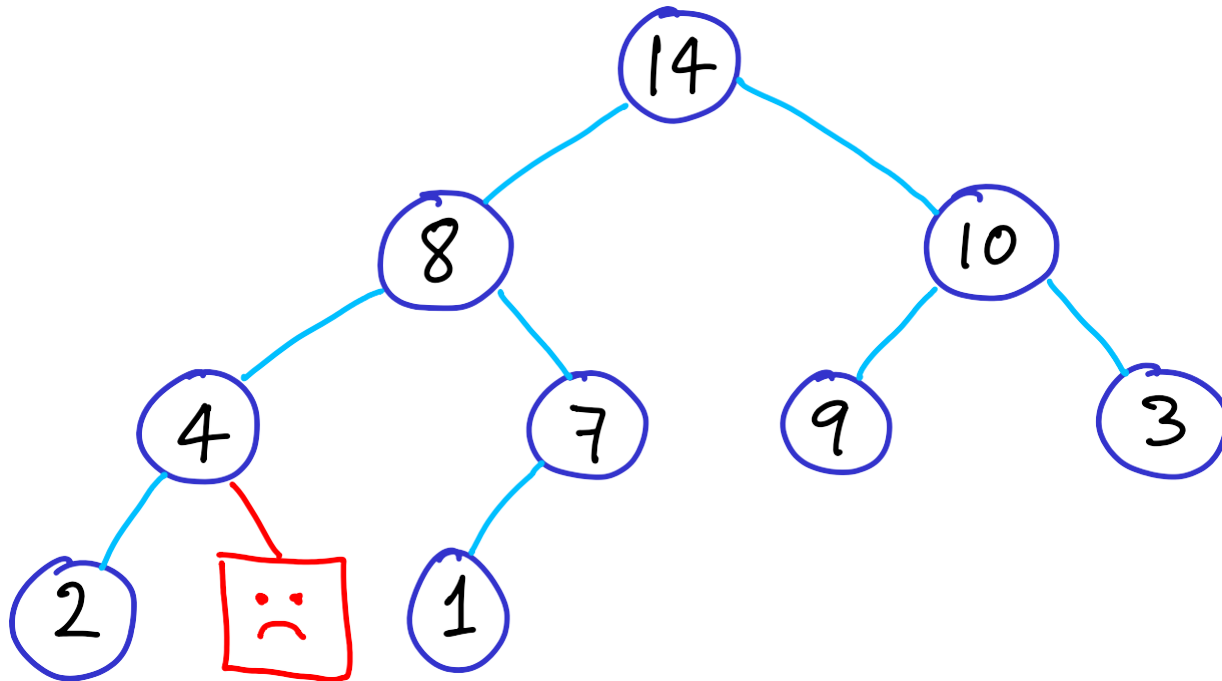


16



# How to sort data in a heap

- ↳ if we don't care about
- keeping the heap complete
  - using extra space

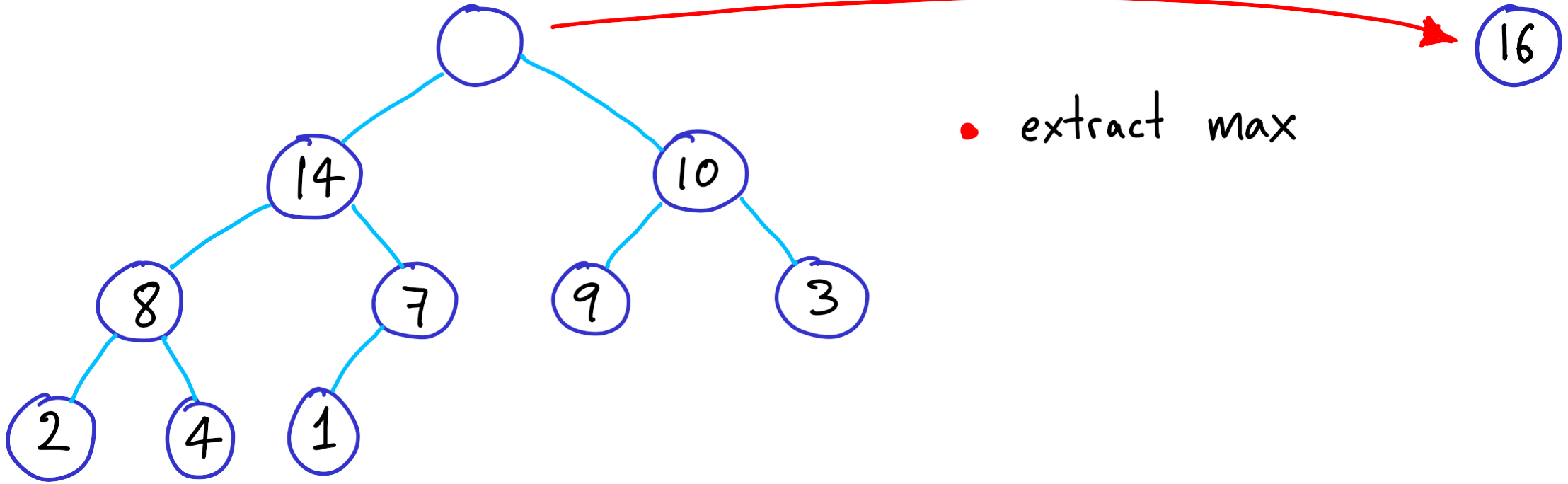


16

(output array)

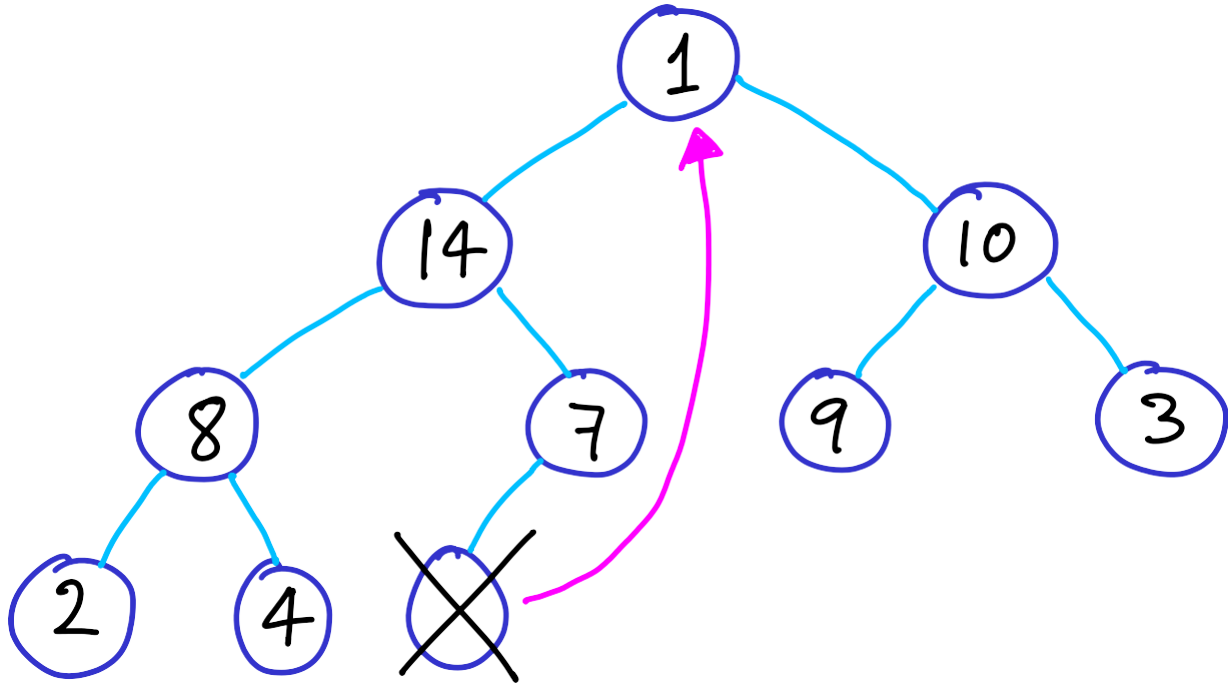
How to sort data in a complete heap ... using extra space

How to sort data in a complete heap ... using extra space





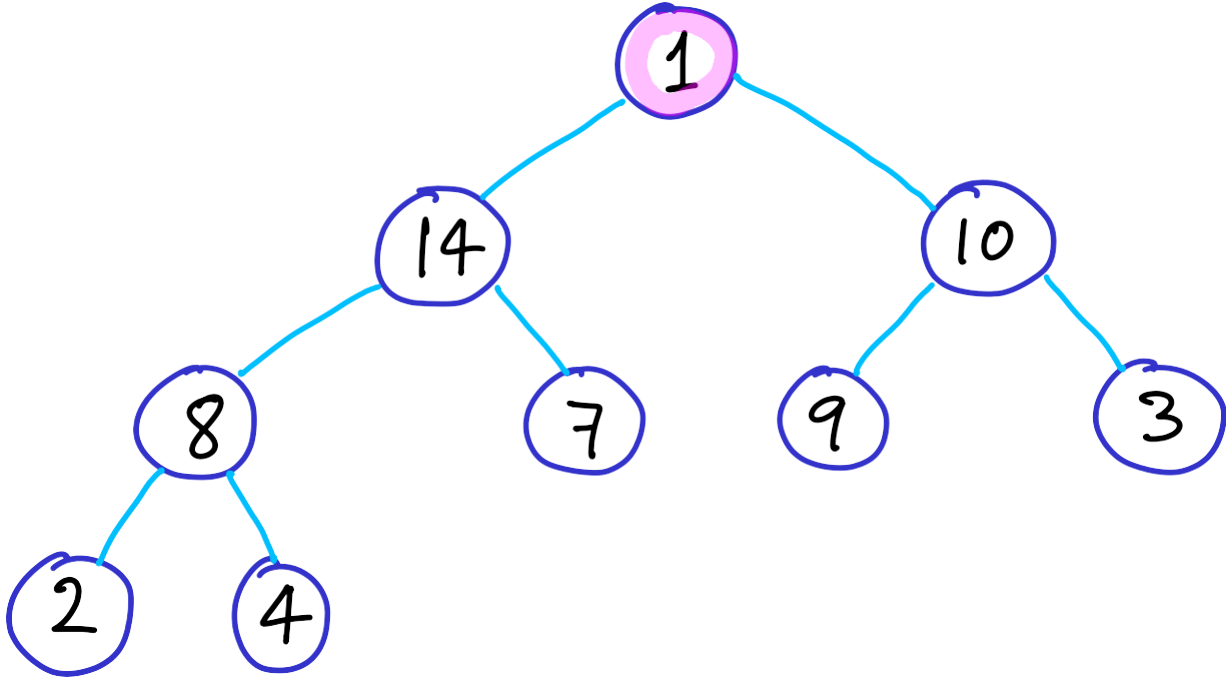
How to sort data in a complete heap ... using extra space



16

- extract max
- replace root with rightmost leaf from lowest level

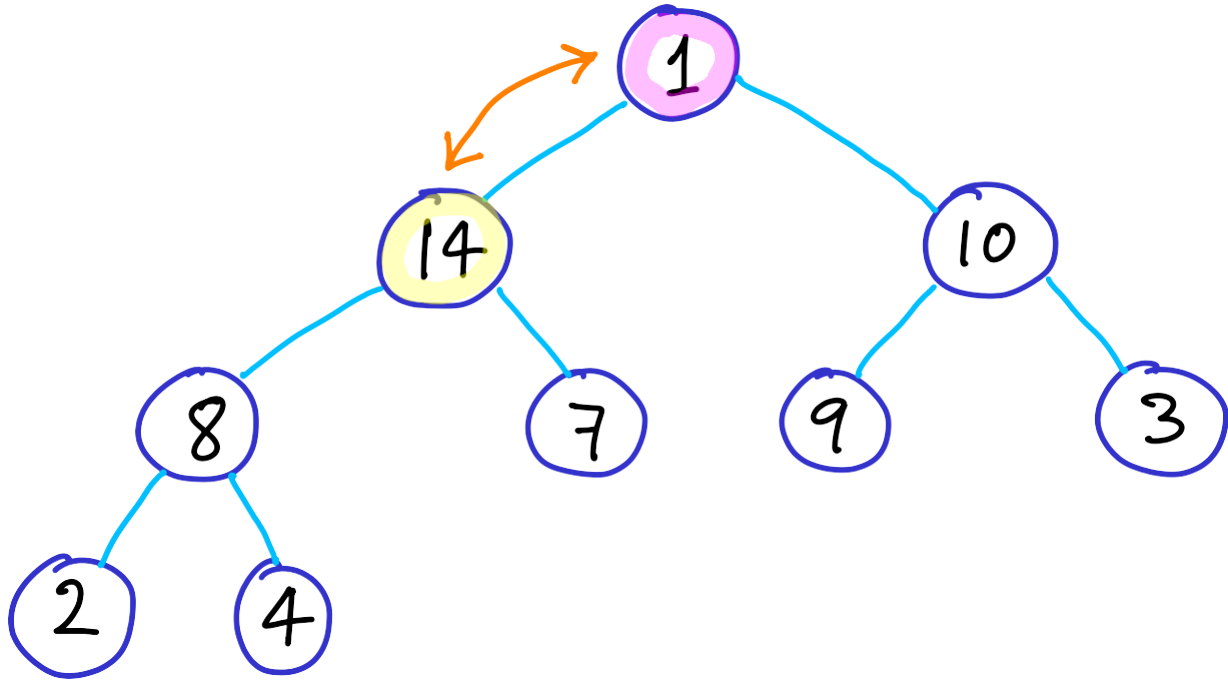
How to sort data in a complete heap ... using extra space



16

- extract max
- replace root with rightmost leaf from lowest level

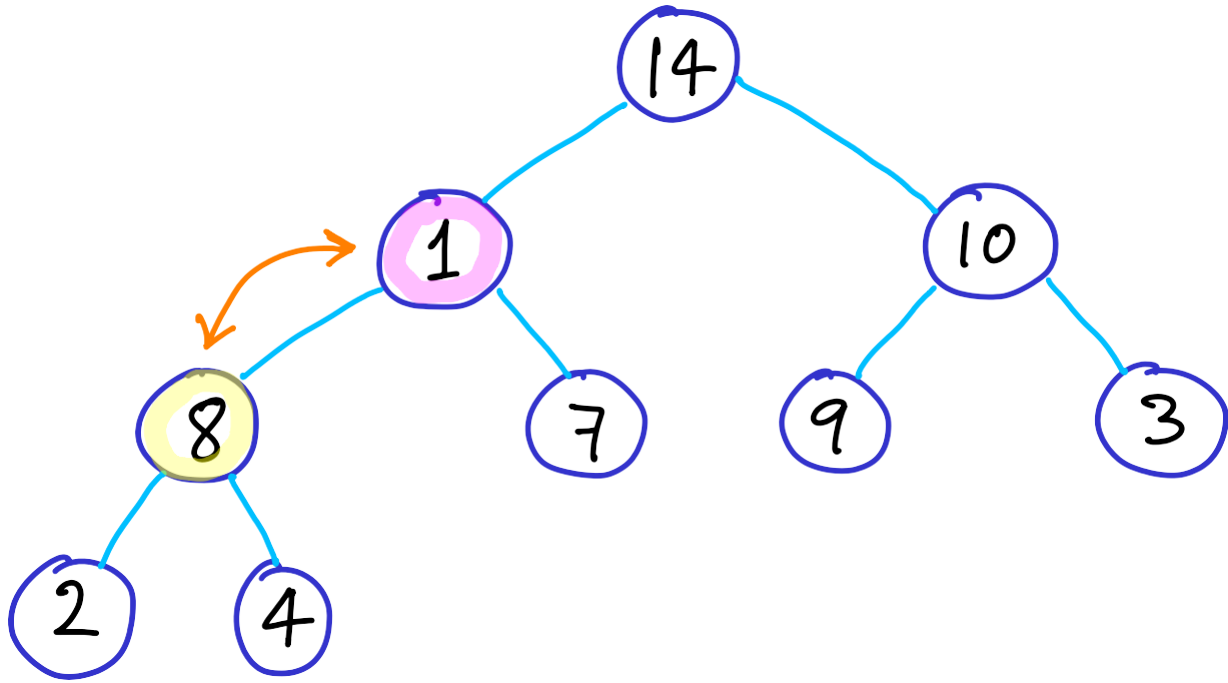
How to sort data in a complete heap ... using extra space



16

- extract max
- replace root with rightmost leaf from lowest level
- recursively swap with largest child while heap not restored

How to sort data in a complete heap ... using extra space



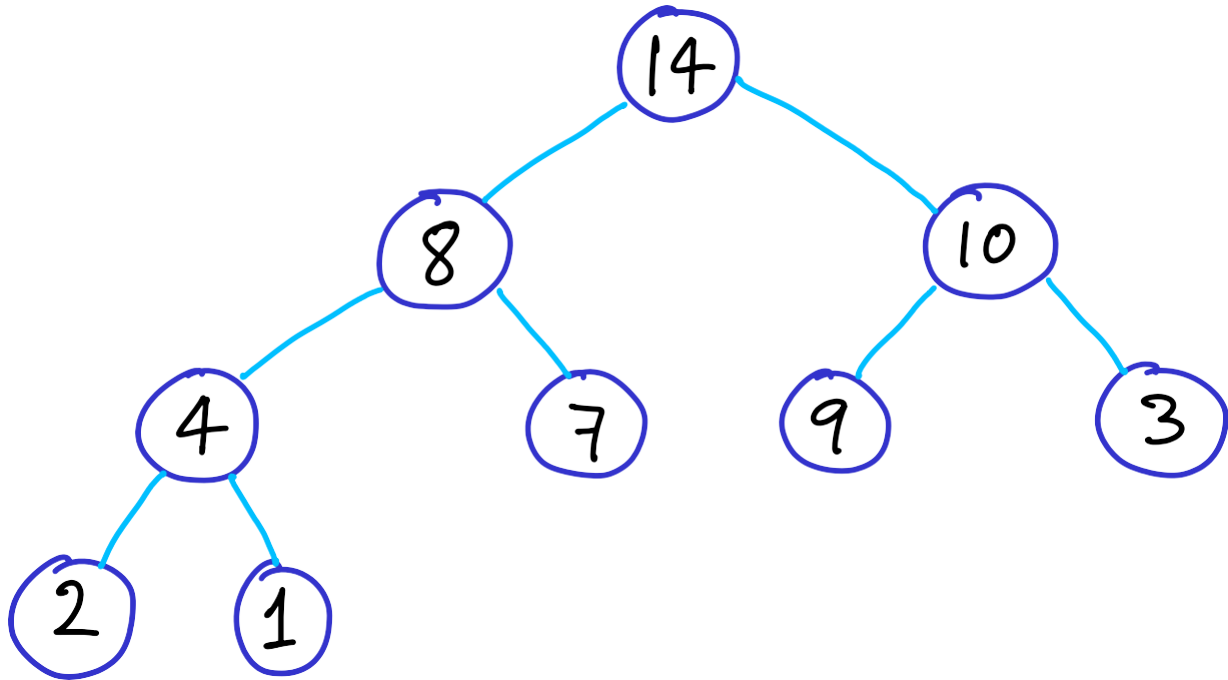
16

- extract max
- replace root with rightmost leaf from lowest level
- recursively swap with largest child while heap not restored





How to sort data in a complete heap ... using extra space

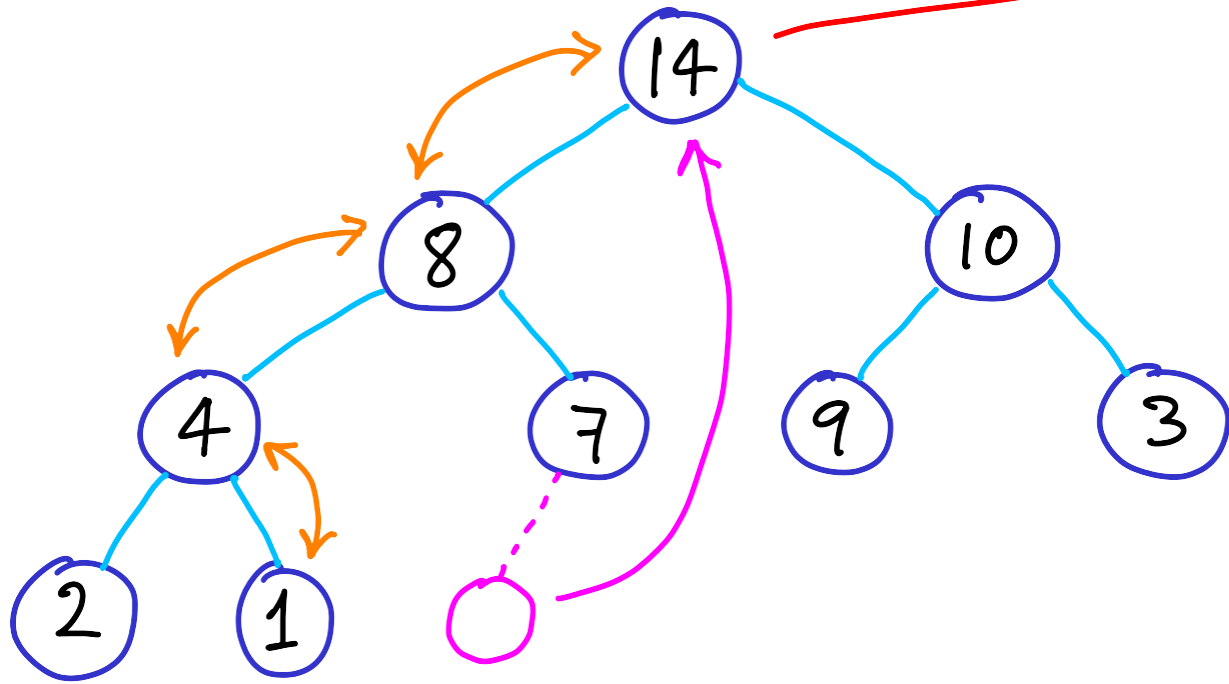


time ?

16

- extract max
- replace root with rightmost leaf from lowest level
- recursively swap with largest child while heap not restored

# How to sort data in a complete heap ... using extra space

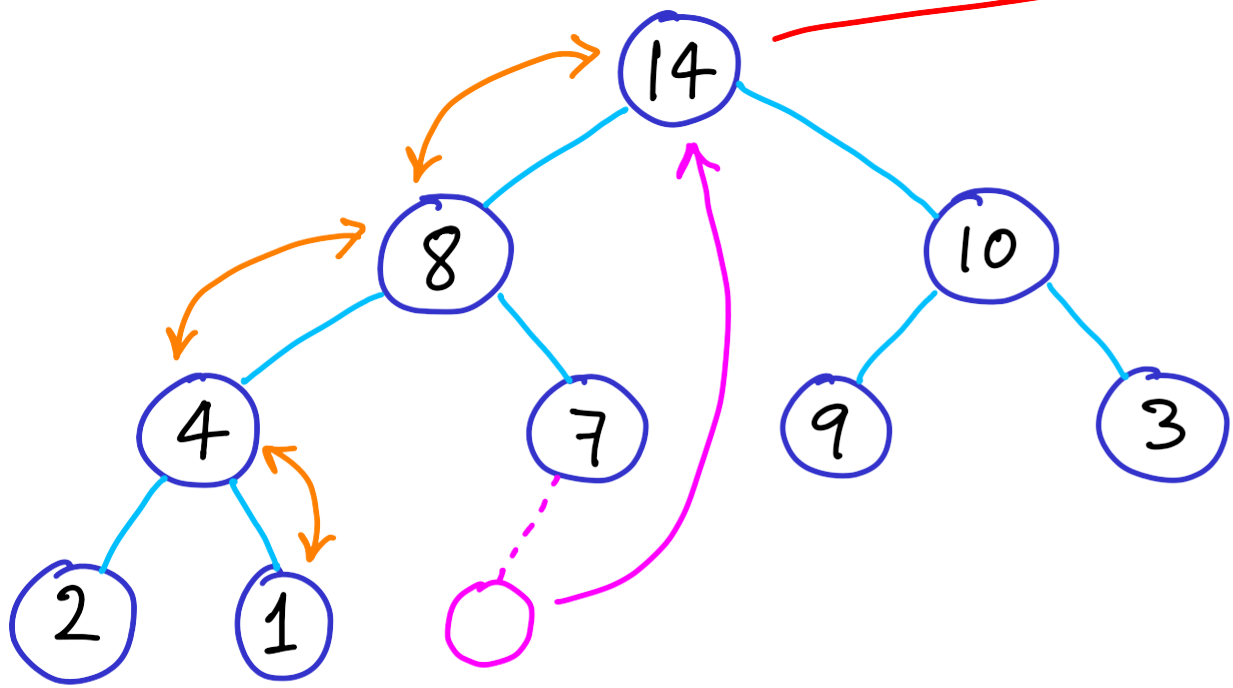


time ?

$O(\log n)$  per extraction

- extract max
- replace root with rightmost leaf from lowest level
- recursively swap with largest child while heap not restored

# How to sort data in a complete heap ... using extra space



time =  $O(n \log n)$

$O(\log n)$  per extraction

- extract max
- replace root with rightmost leaf from lowest level
- recursively swap with largest child while heap not restored

How to sort data in a complete heap

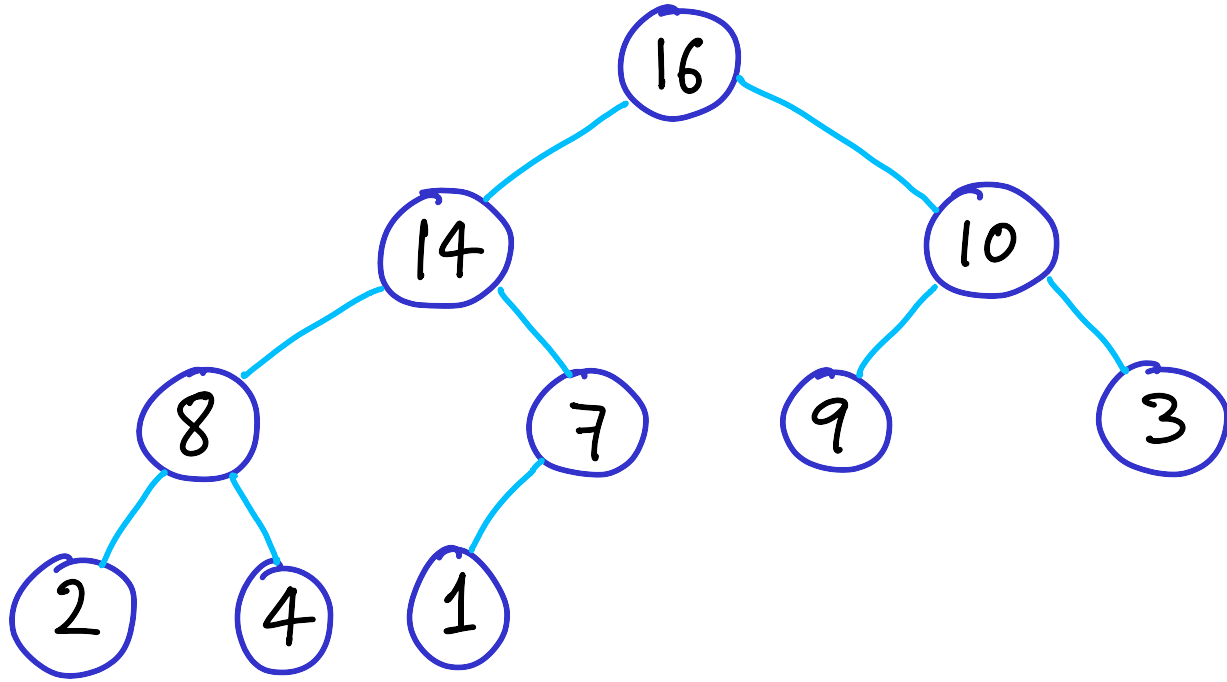
in place

(without an  
output array)



How to sort data in a complete heap **in place**

(without an output array)



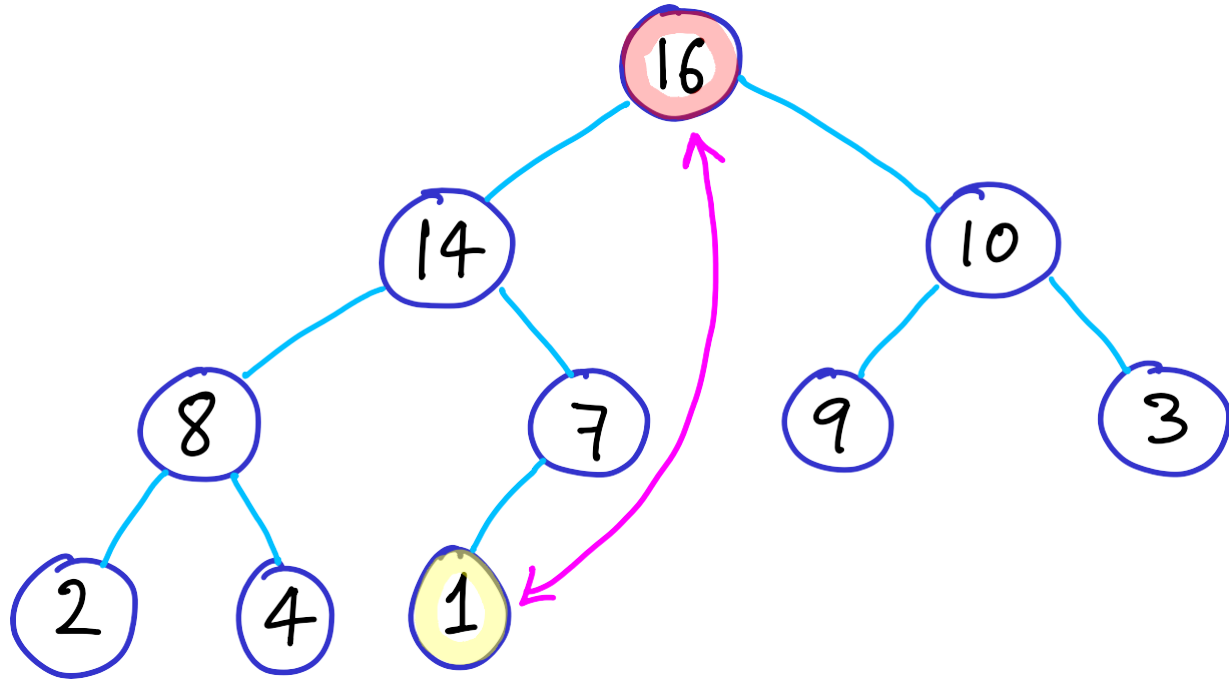
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

16	14	10	8	7	9	3	2	4	1
----	----	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

How to sort data in a complete heap

in place

(without an output array)



Same as before

but we swap

max with replacement

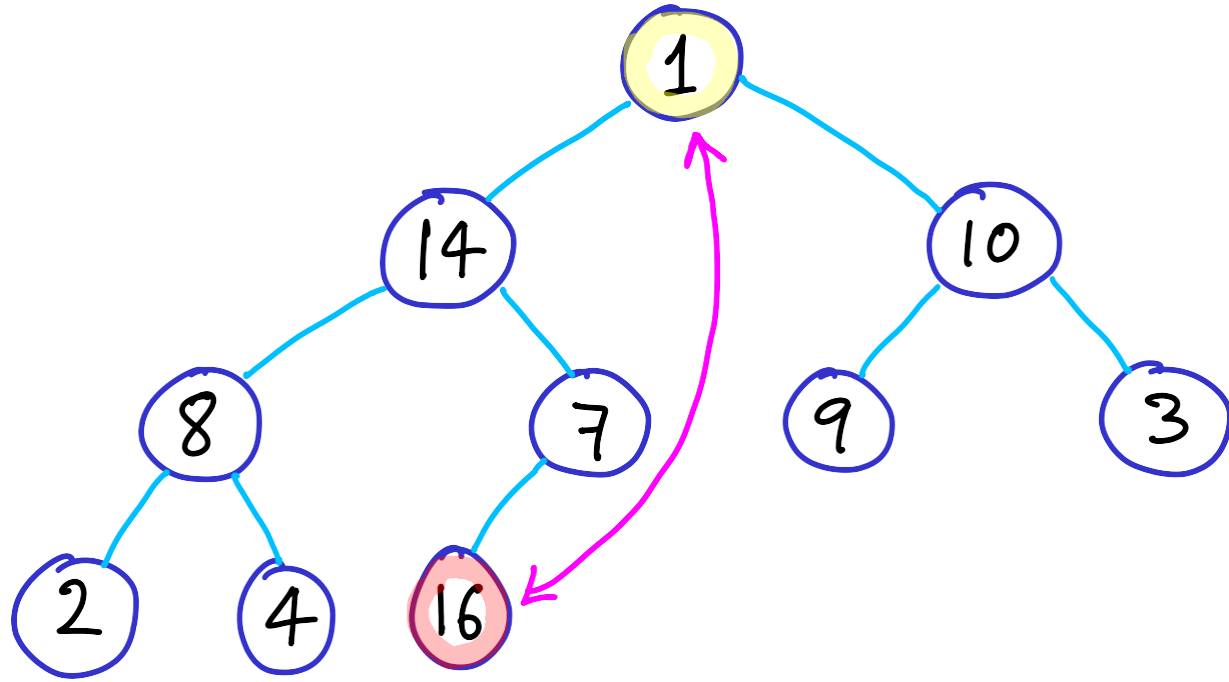
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

16	14	10	8	7	9	3	2	4	1
----	----	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

How to sort data in a complete heap

in place

(without an output array)



Same as before

but we swap

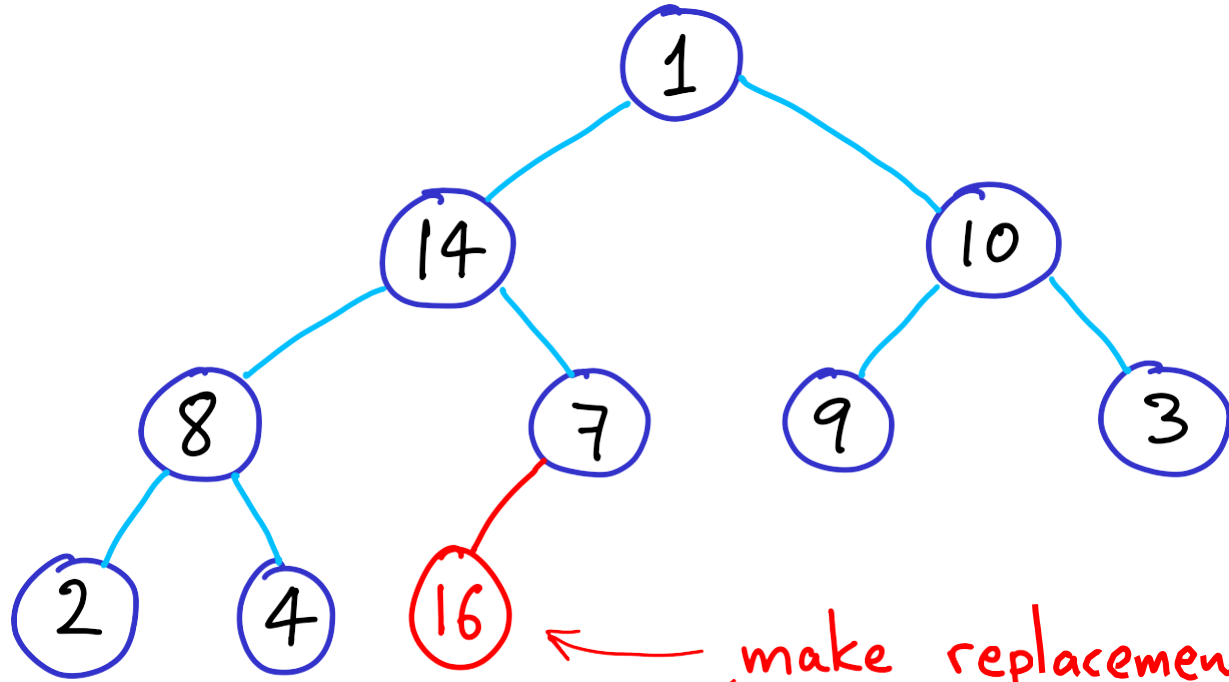
max with replacement

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

1	14	10	8	7	9	3	2	4	16
---	----	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	----



How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)



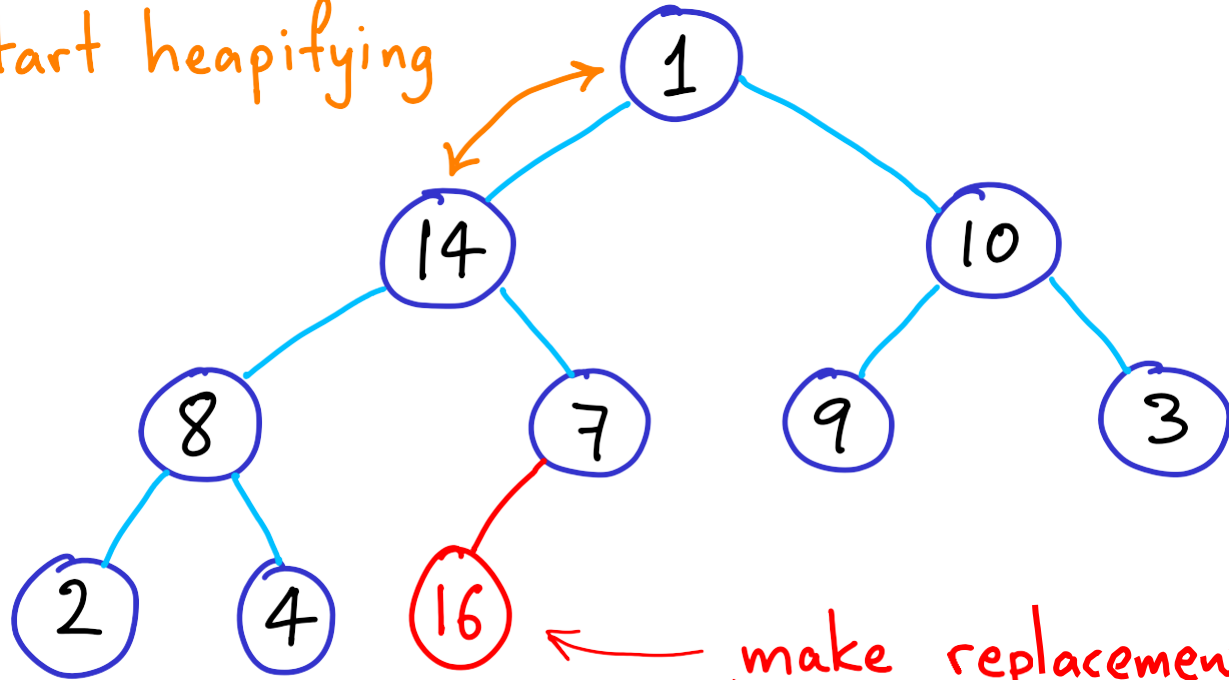
Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement

make replacement position inactive  
as though extracted

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	<del>10</del>
1	14	10	8	7	9	3	2	4	16

How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)

start heapifying



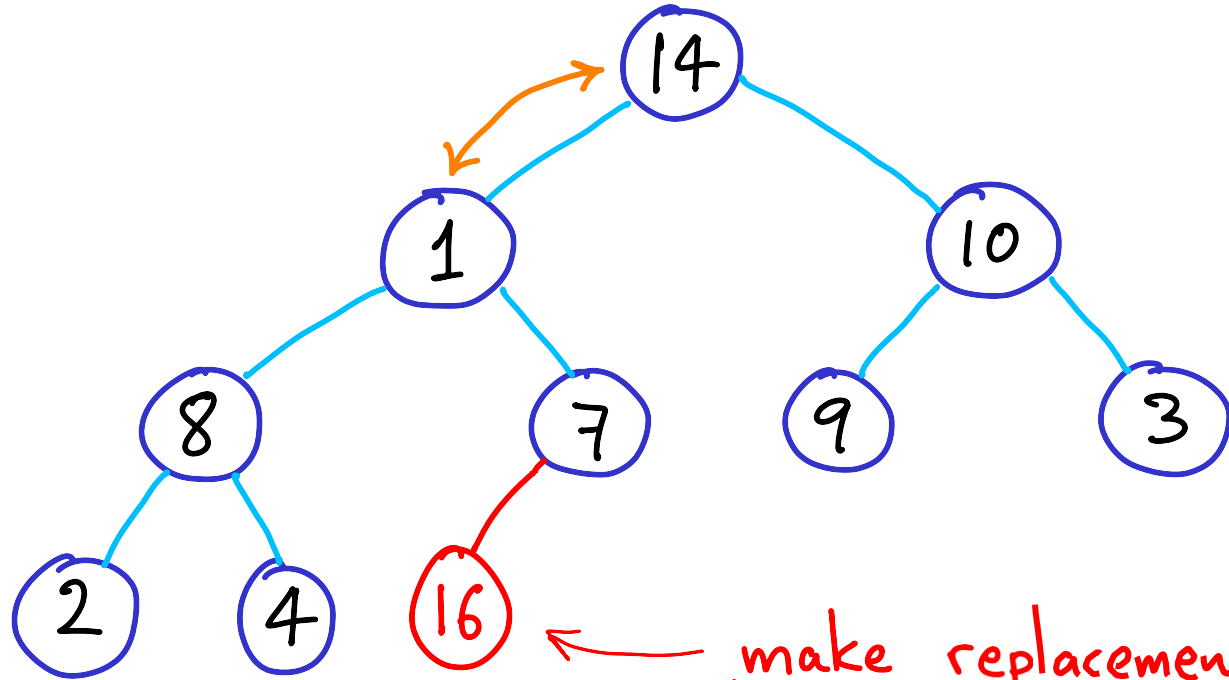
Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 ~~10~~

1	14	10	8	7	9	3	2	4	16
---	----	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	----

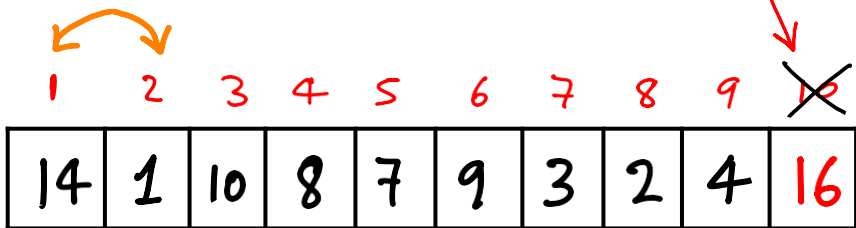
make replacement position inactive  
as though extracted

How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)

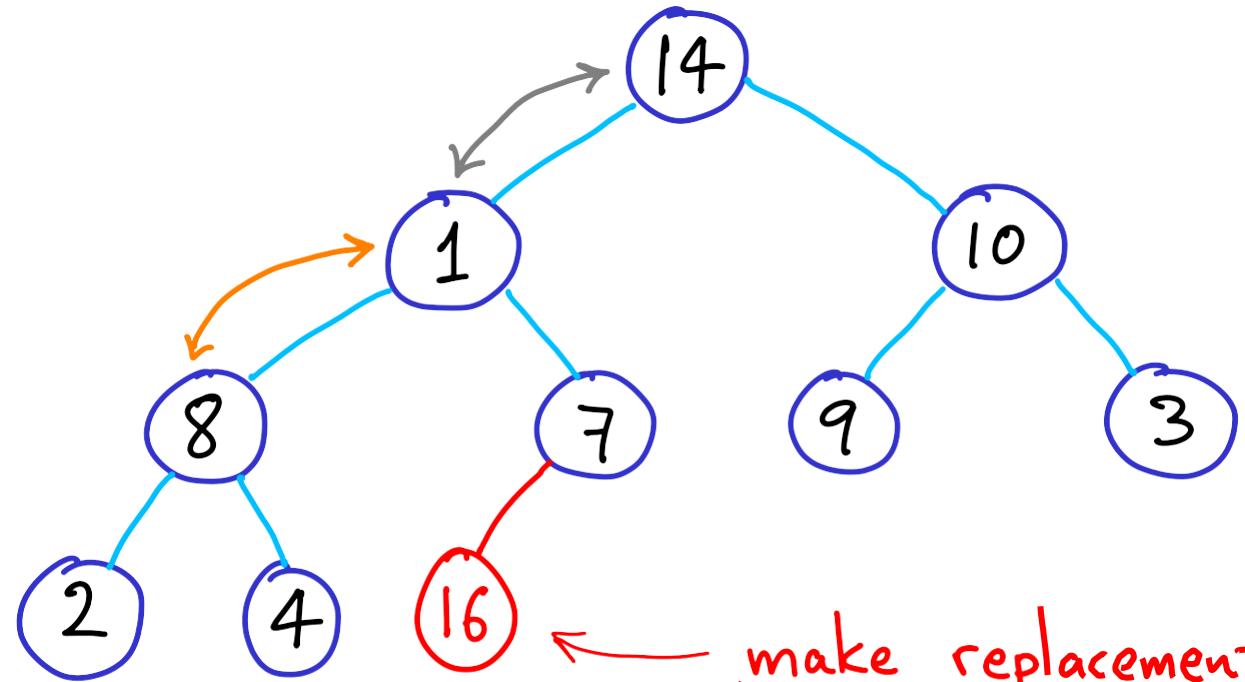


Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement

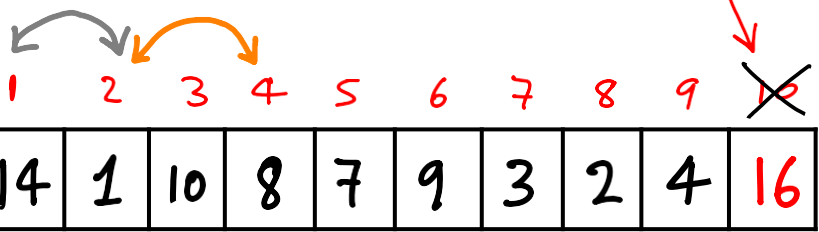
make replacement position inactive  
as though extracted



How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)

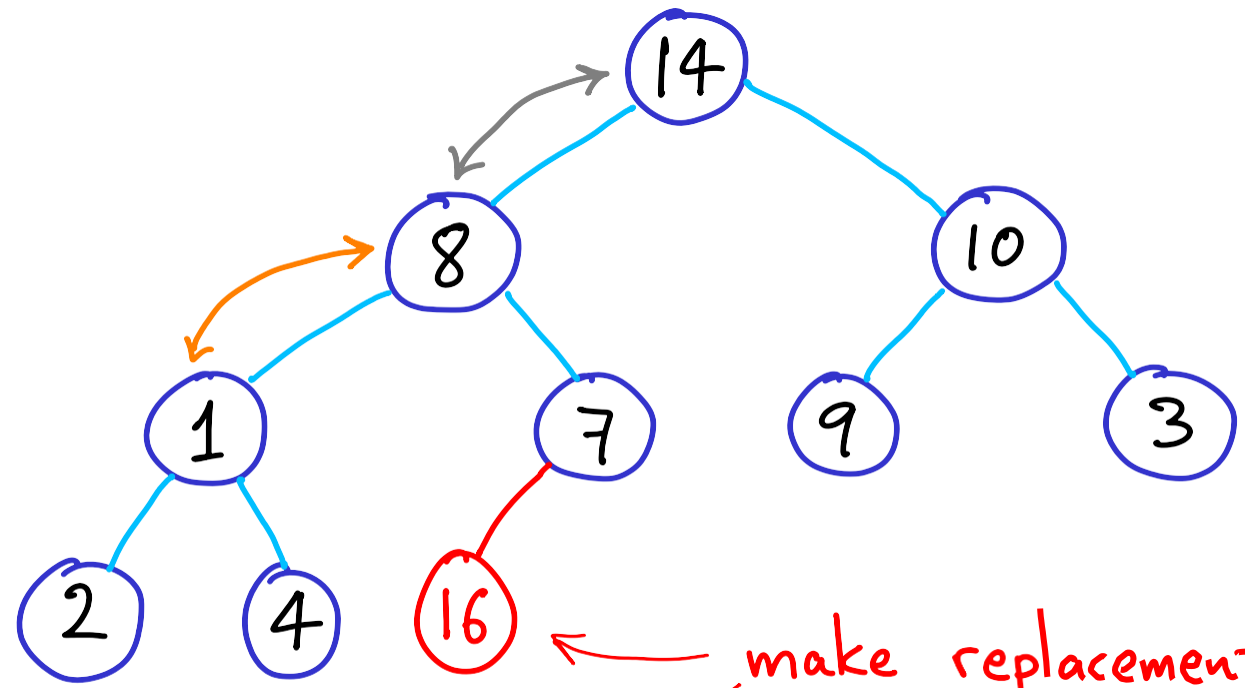


Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement



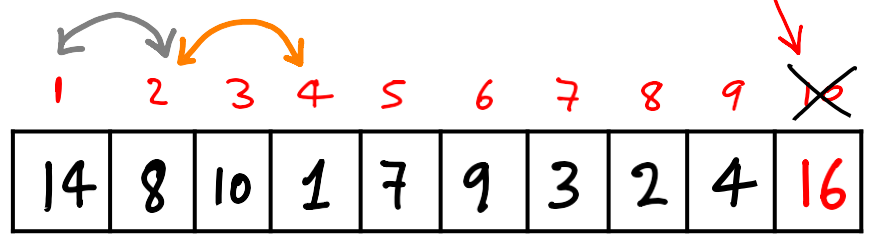
make replacement position inactive  
as though extracted

How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)

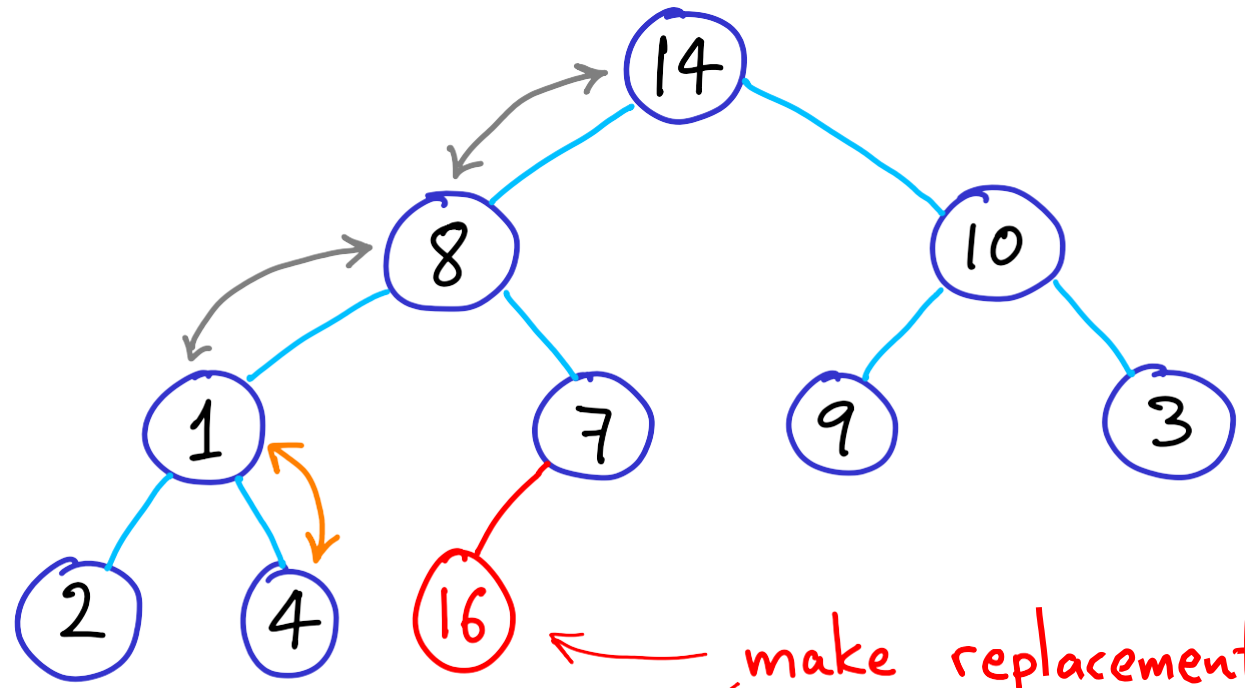


Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement

make replacement position inactive  
as though extracted



How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)



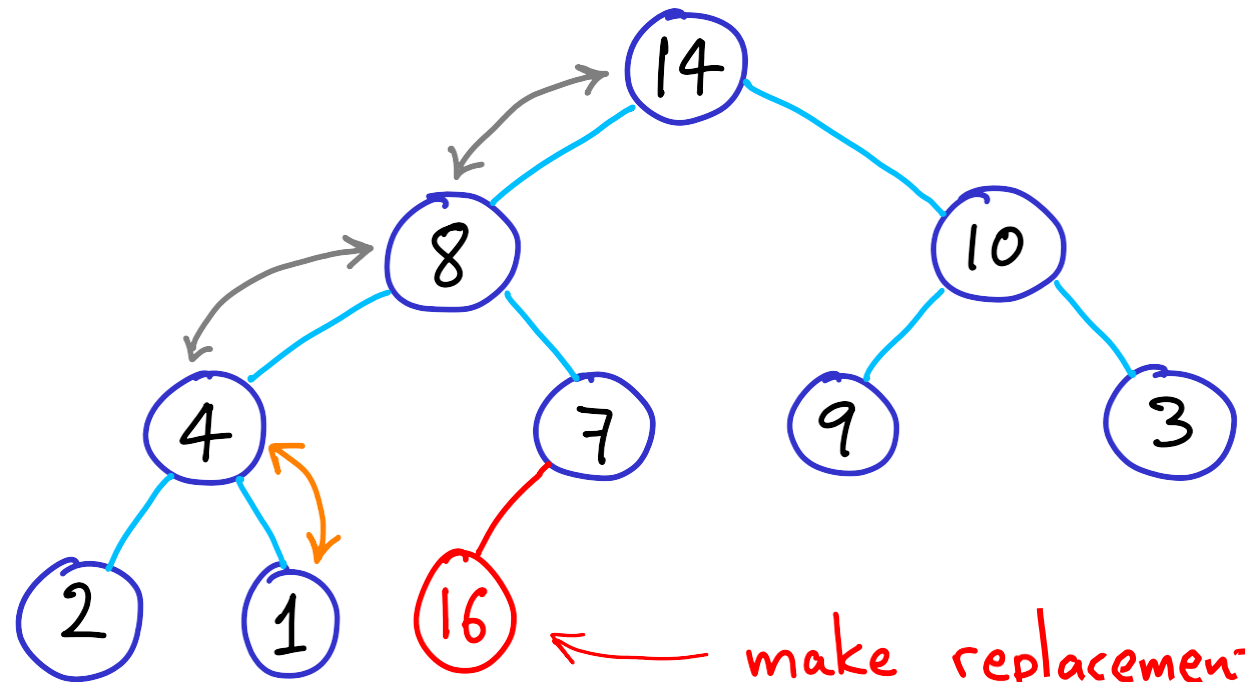
Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement



14	8	10	1	7	9	3	2	4	16
----	---	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	----

make replacement position inactive  
as though extracted

How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)



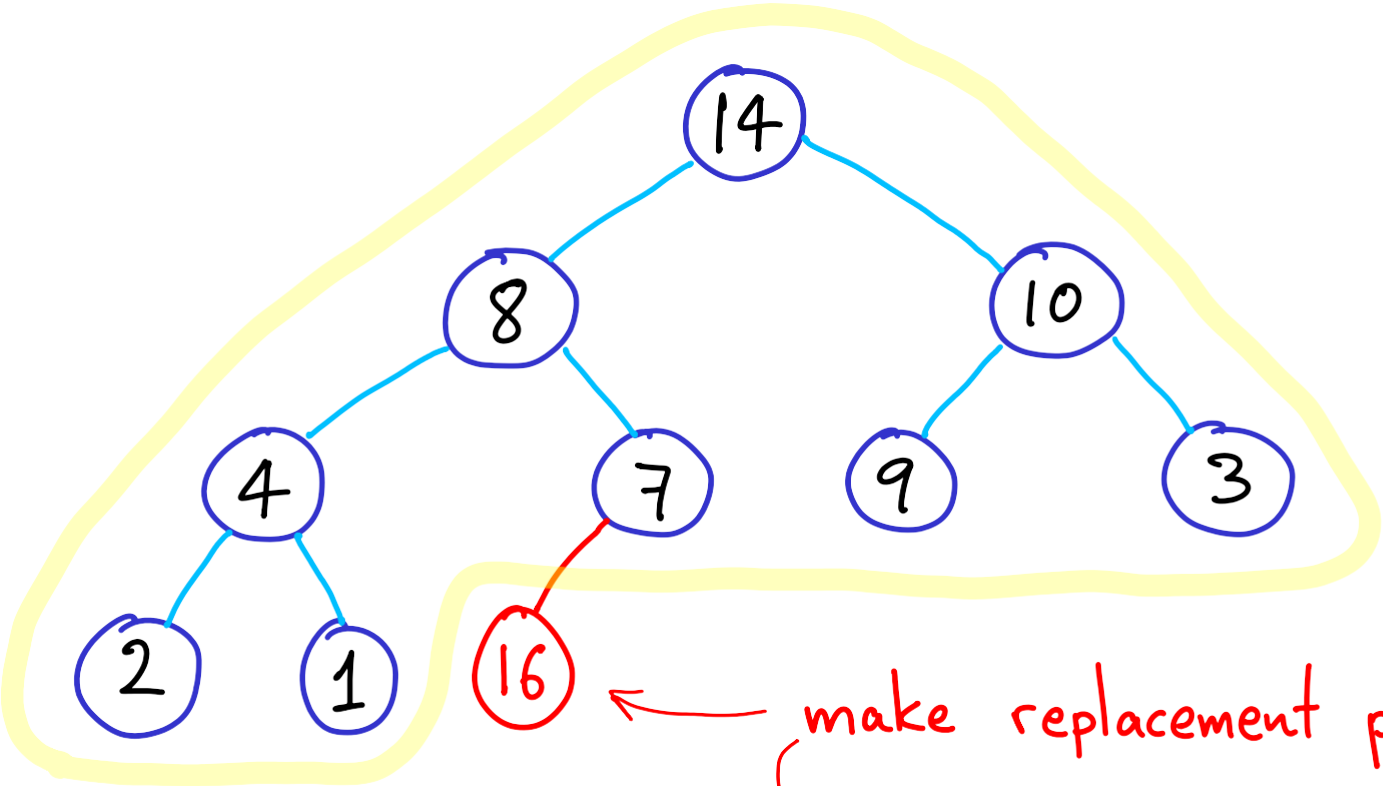
Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement



14	8	10	4	7	9	3	2	1	16
----	---	----	---	---	---	---	---	---	----

make replacement position inactive  
as though extracted

How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)



Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement

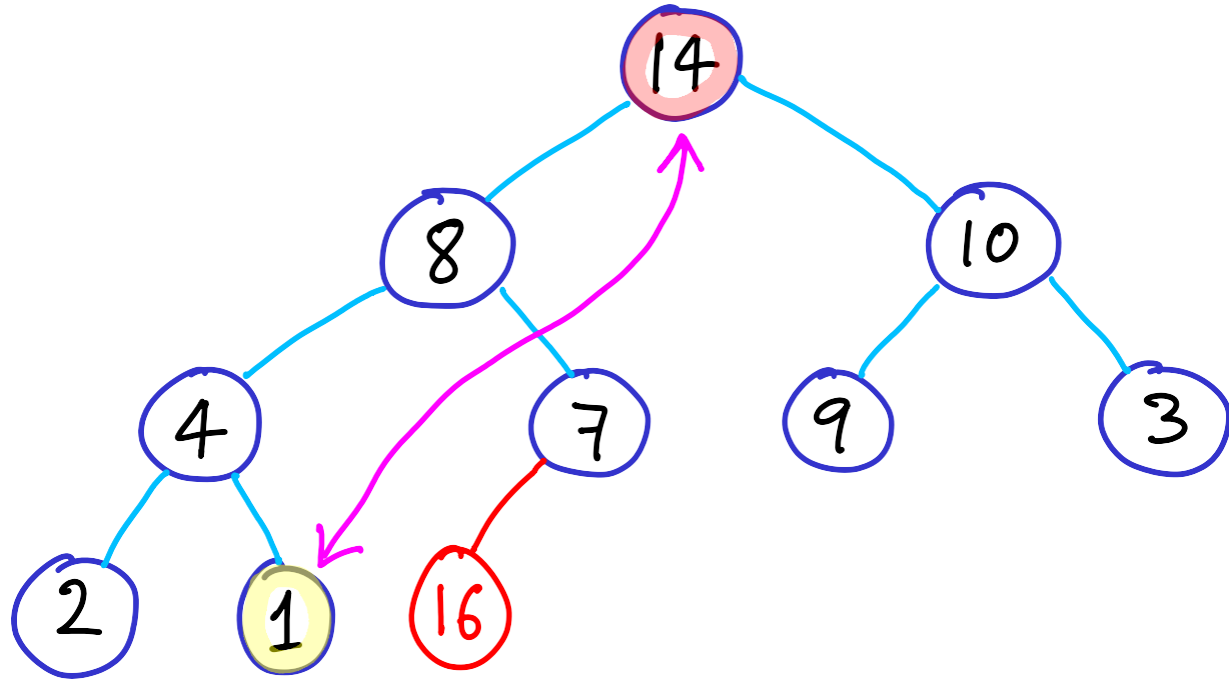
make replacement position inactive  
as though extracted

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	<del>10</del>
14	8	10	4	7	9	3	2	1	16

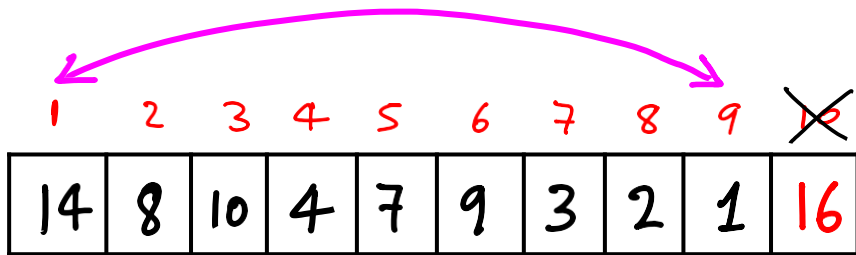
valid heap



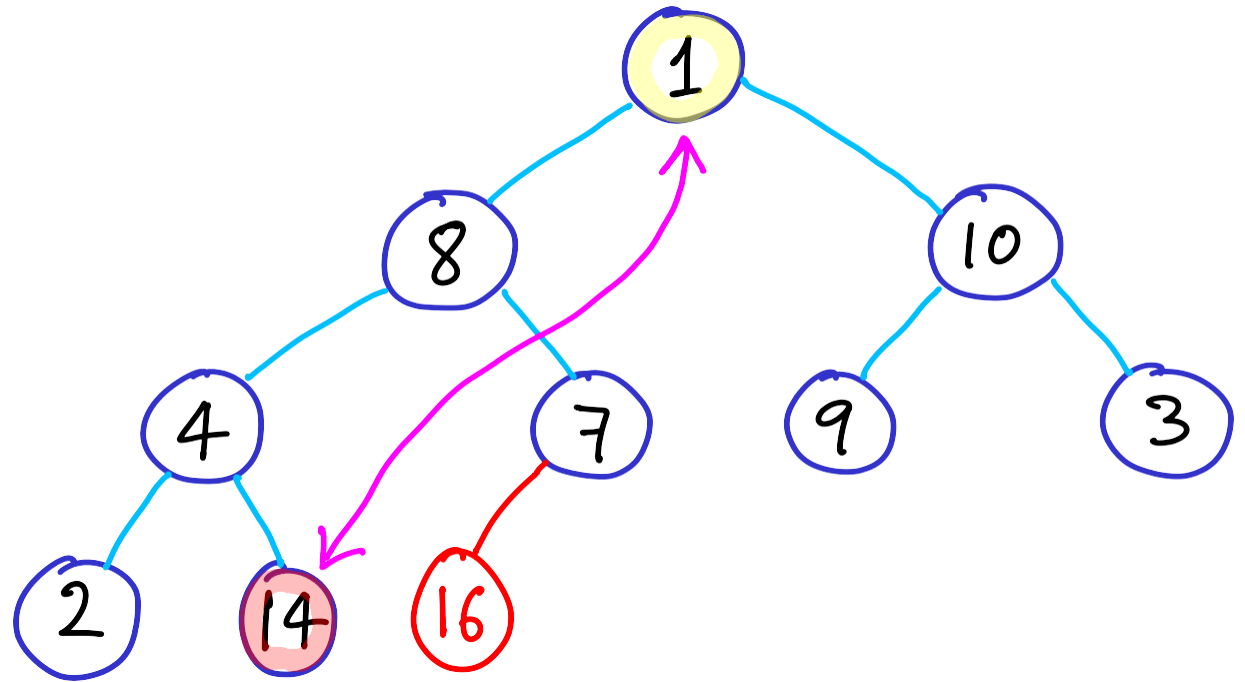
How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)



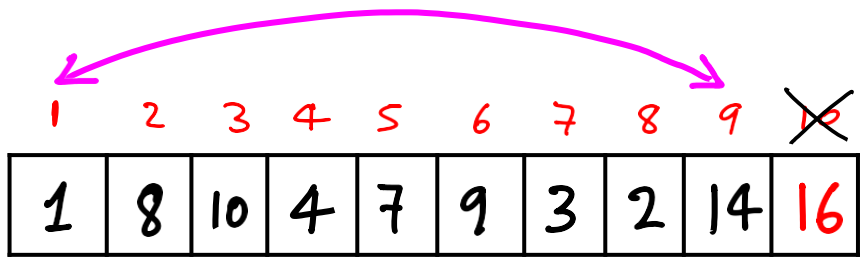
Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement



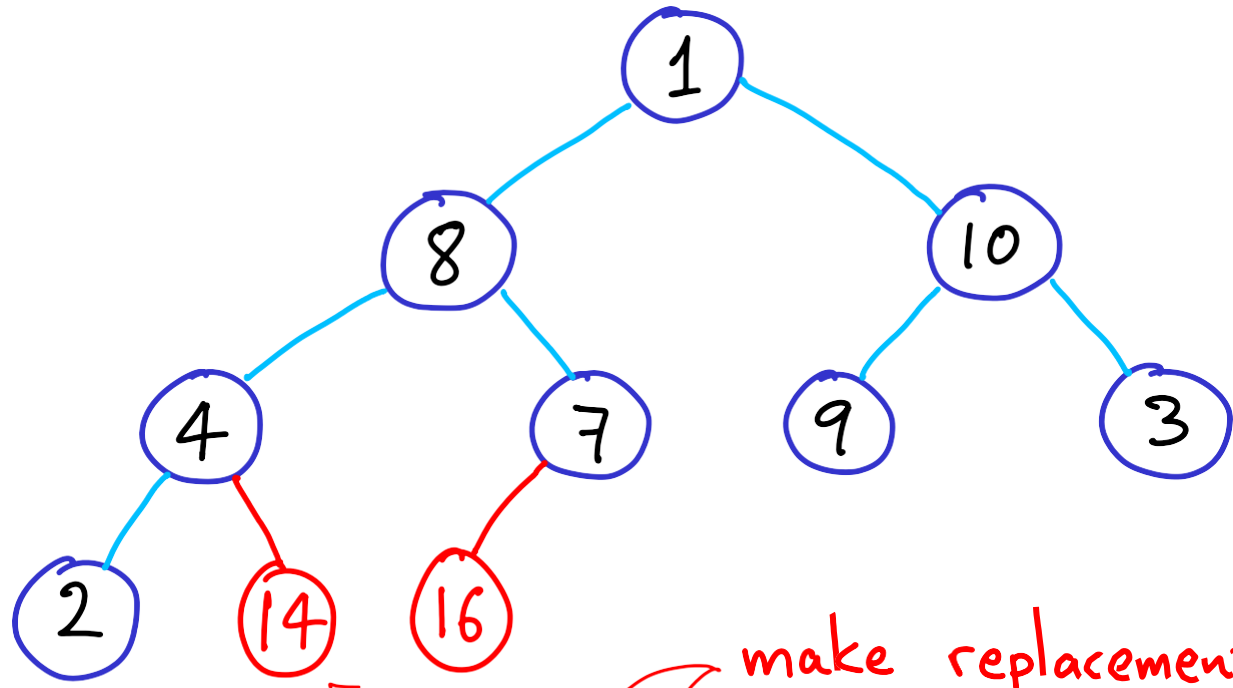
How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)



Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement



How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)

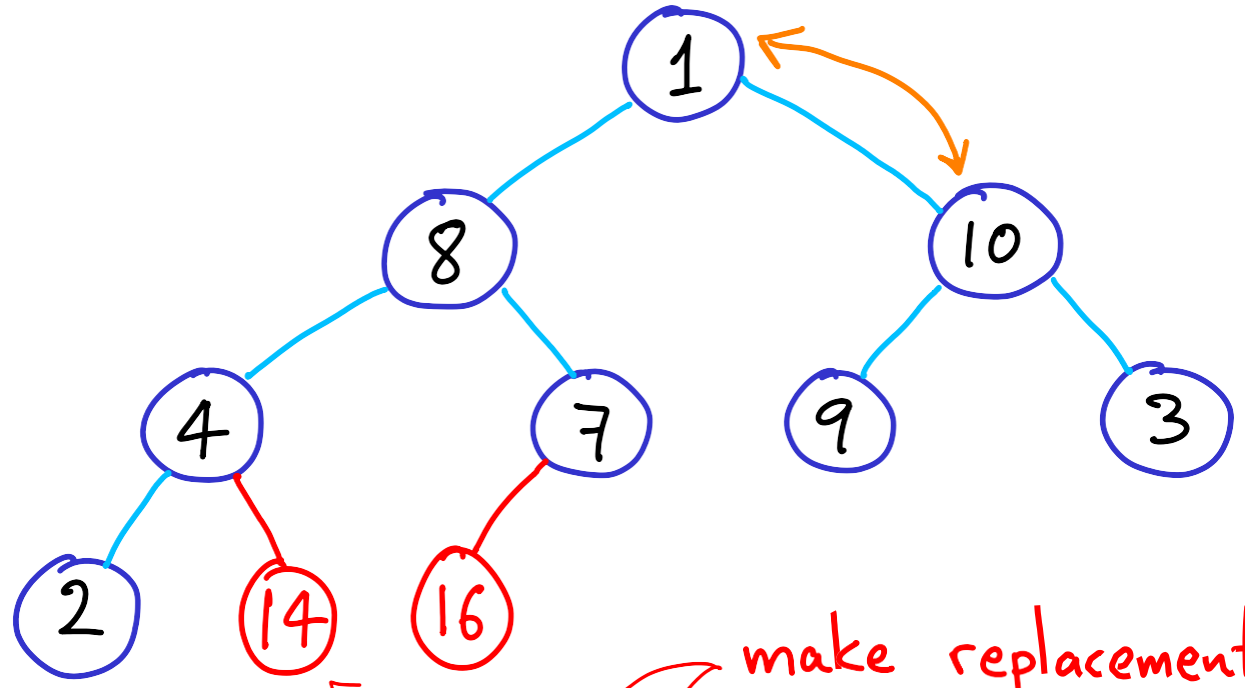


Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement

make replacement position inactive

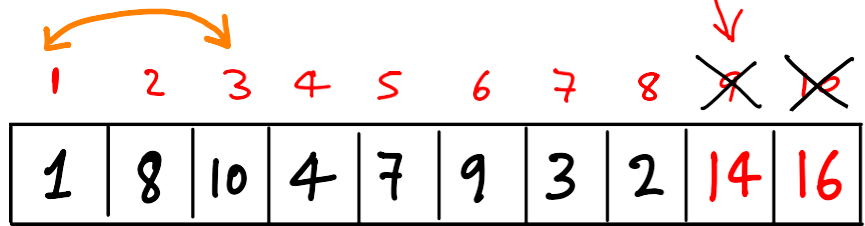
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	<del>9</del>	<del>10</del>
1	8	10	4	7	9	3	2	14	16

How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)

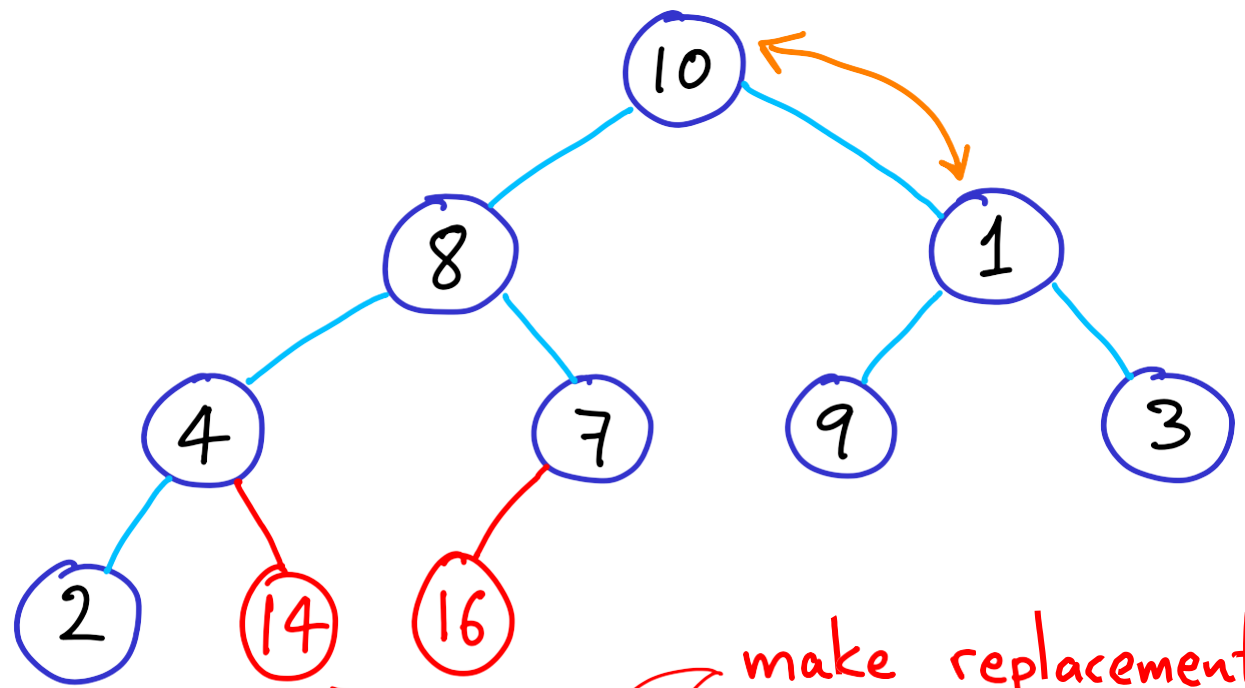


Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement

make replacement position inactive

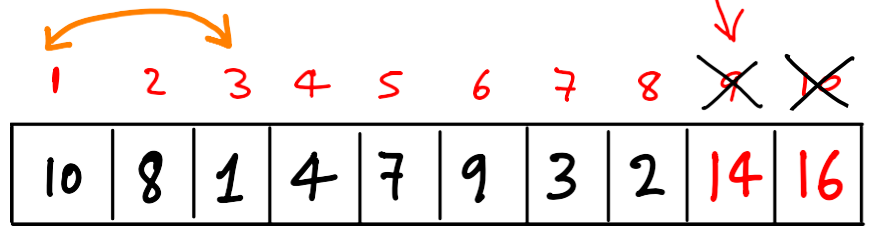


How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)

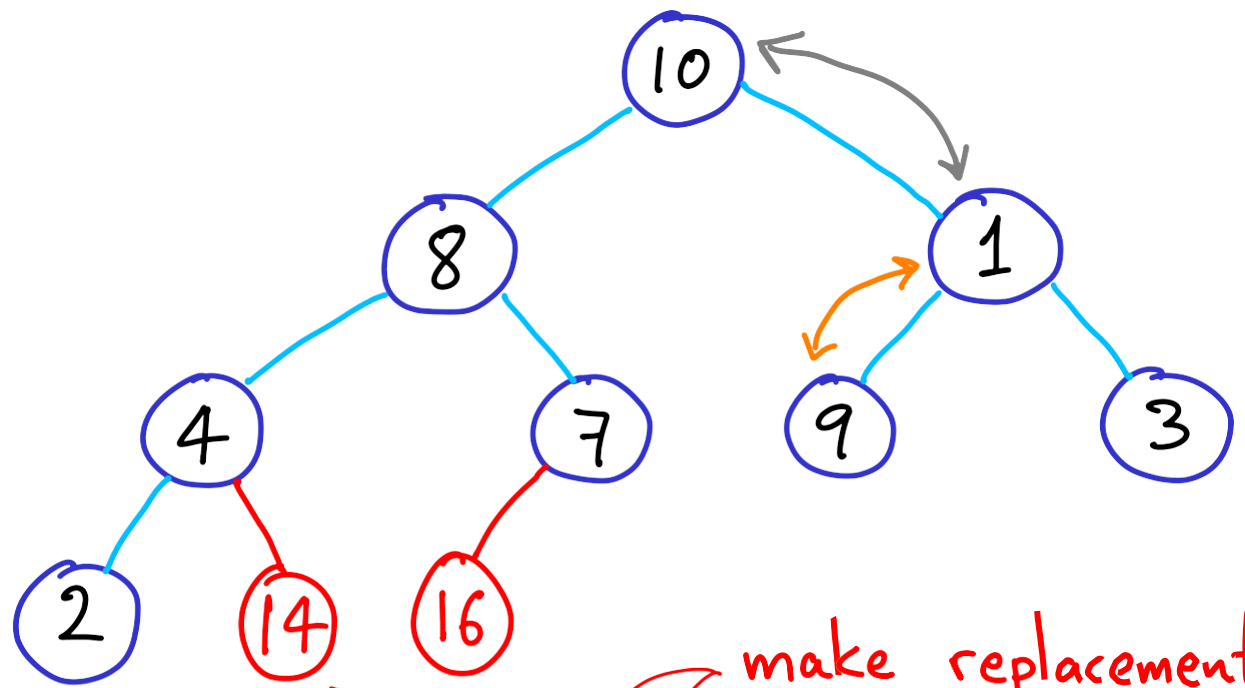


Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement

make replacement position inactive

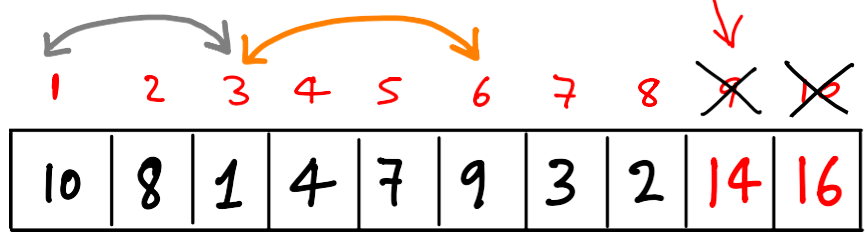


How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)

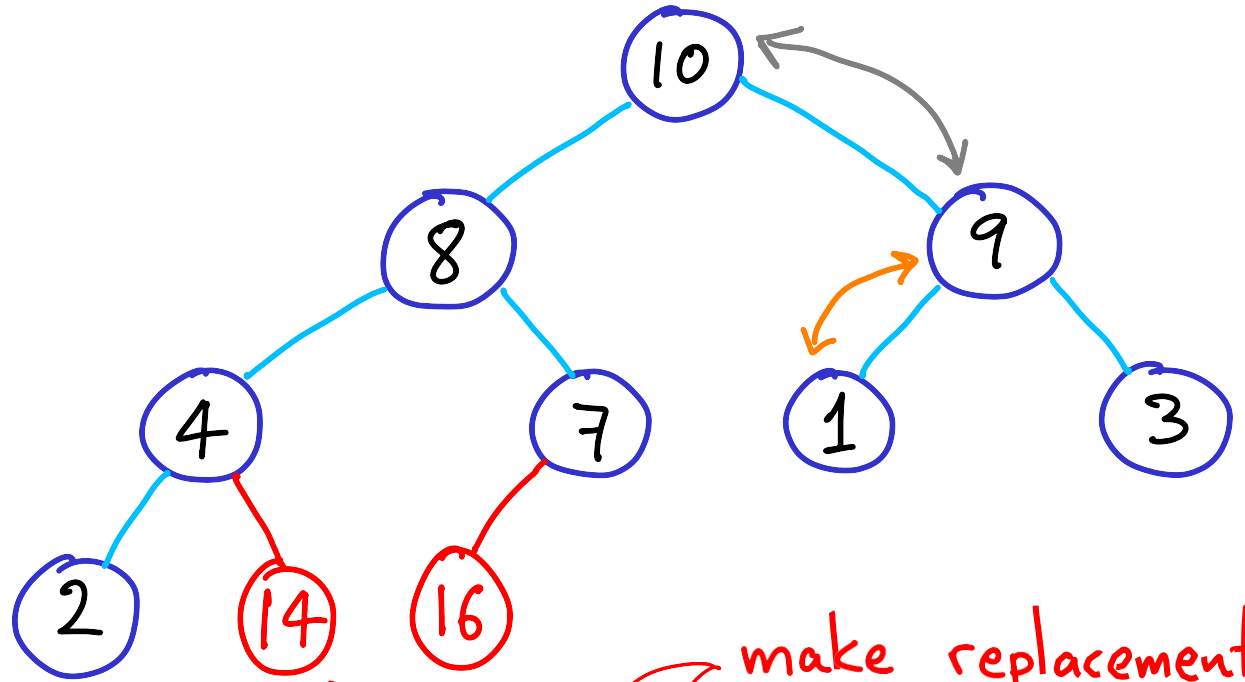


Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement

make replacement position inactive

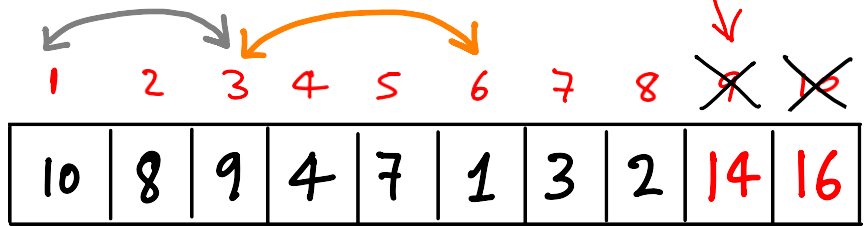


How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)

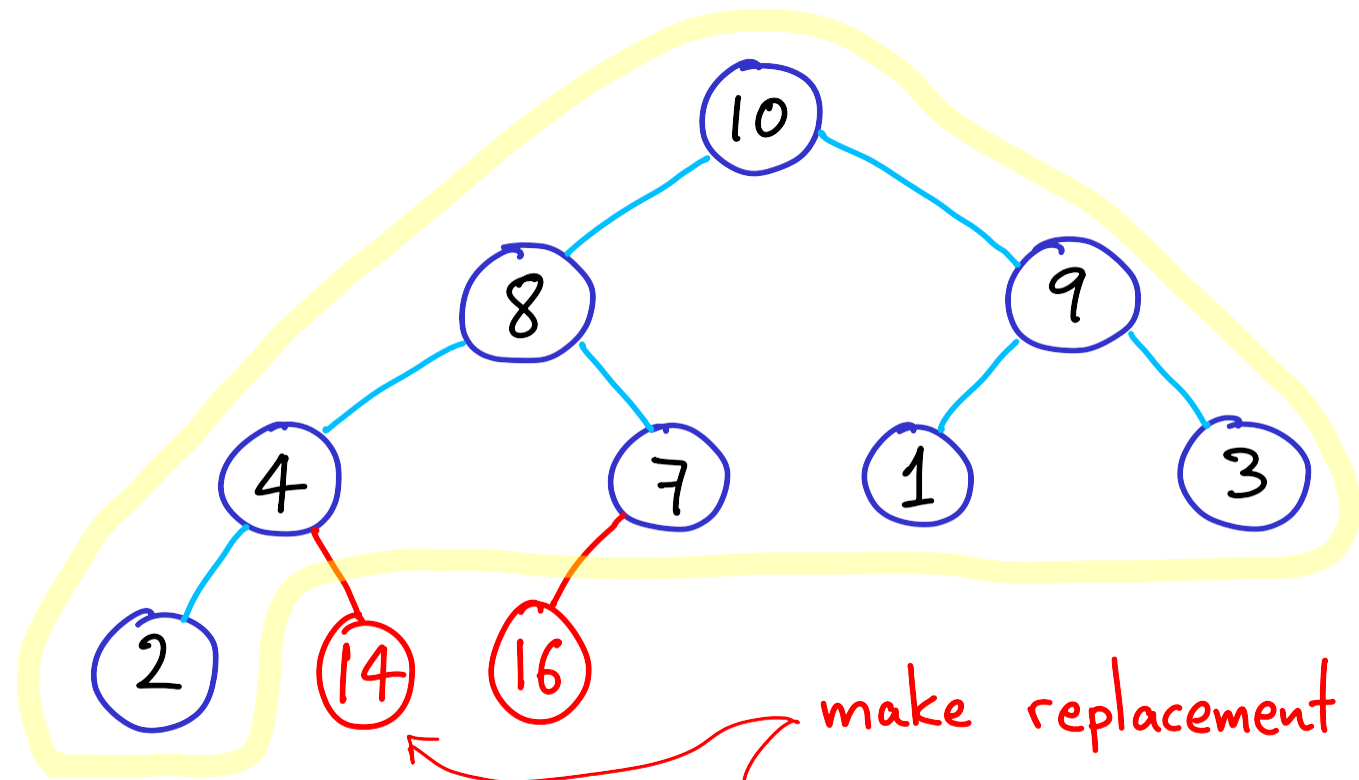


Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement

make replacement position inactive



How to sort data in a complete heap *in place* (without an output array)



Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement

make replacement position inactive

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	<del>9</del>	<del>10</del>
10	8	9	4	7	1	3	2	14	16

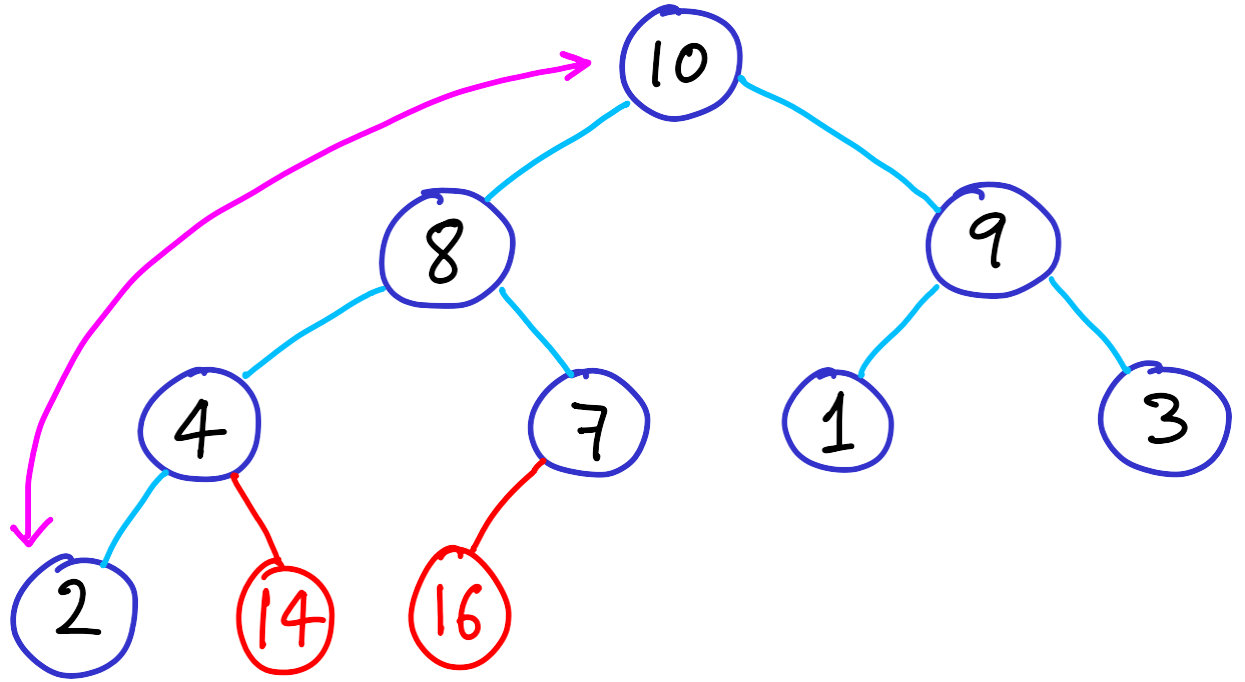
valid heap



How to sort data in a complete heap

in place

(without an output array)



Same as before

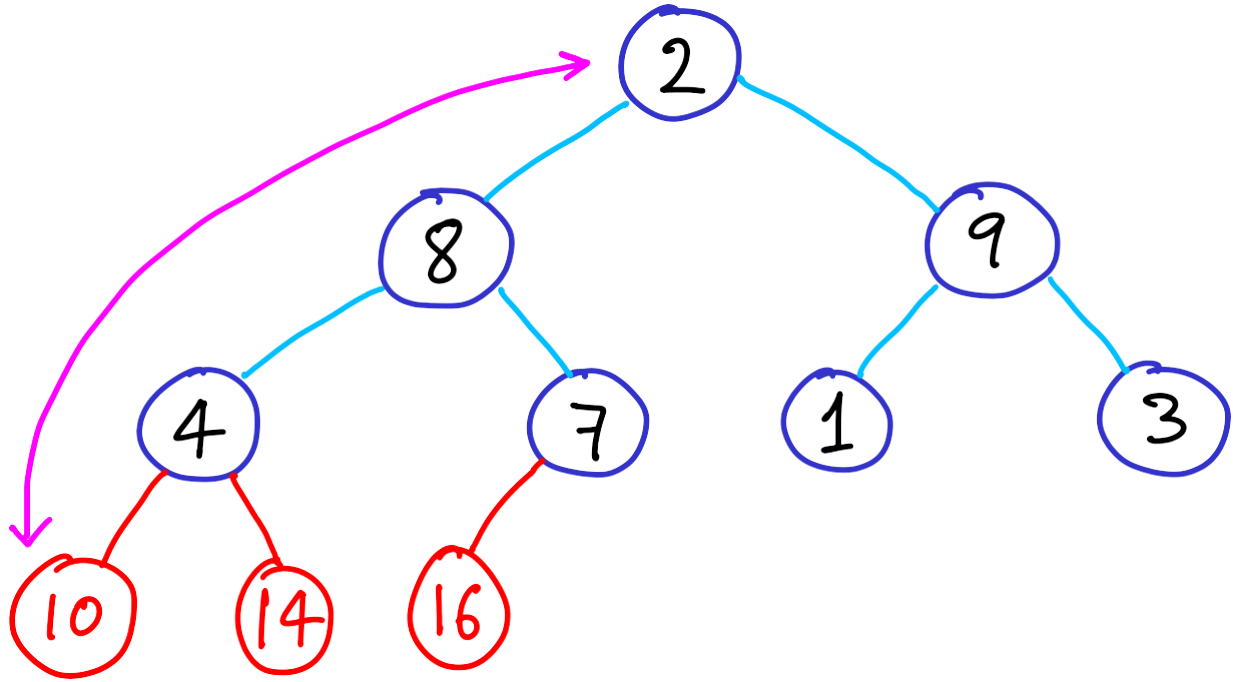
but we swap

max with replacement

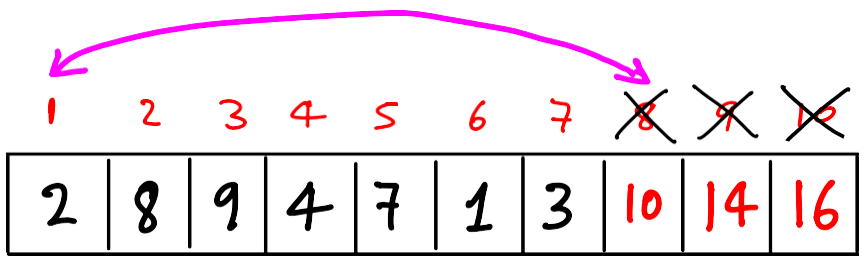


10	8	9	4	7	1	3	2	14	16
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How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)



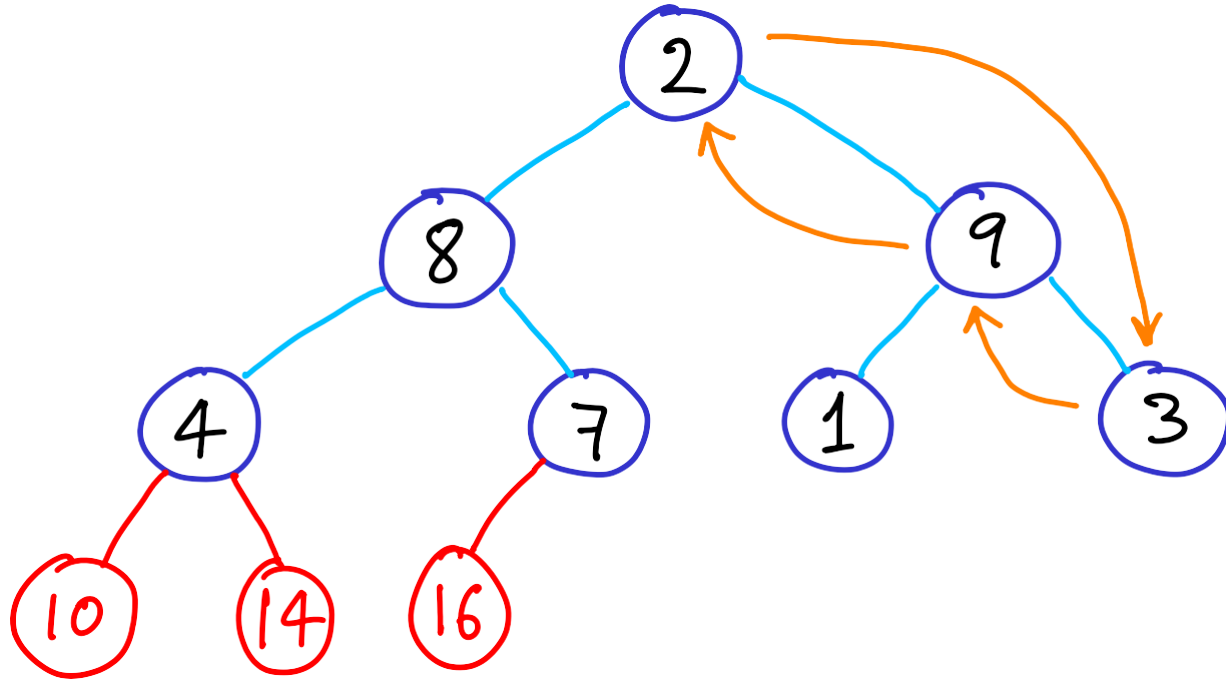
Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement



How to sort data in a complete heap

in place

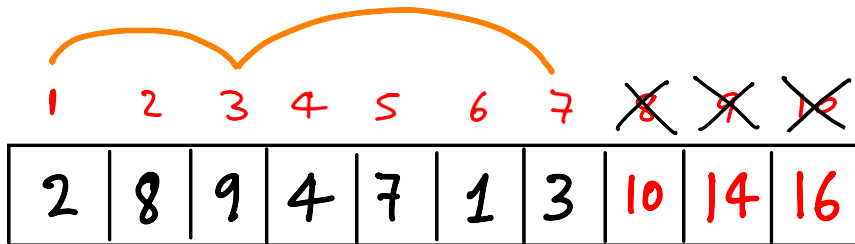
(without an output array)



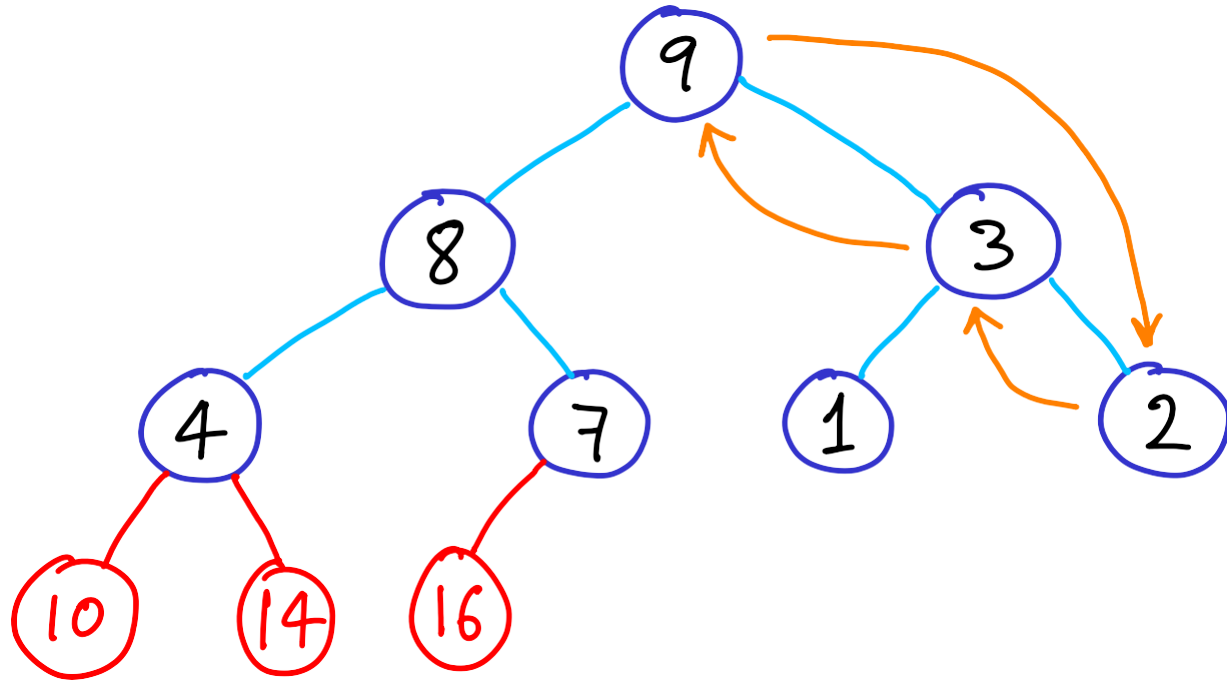
Same as before

but we swap

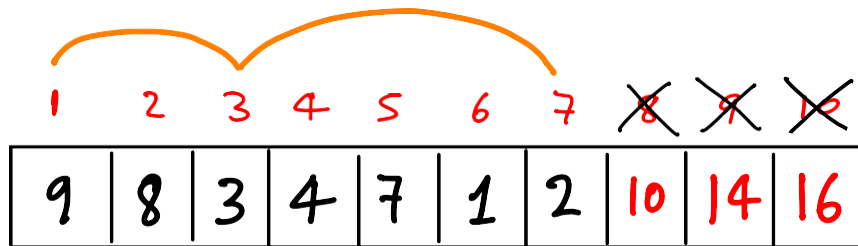
max with replacement



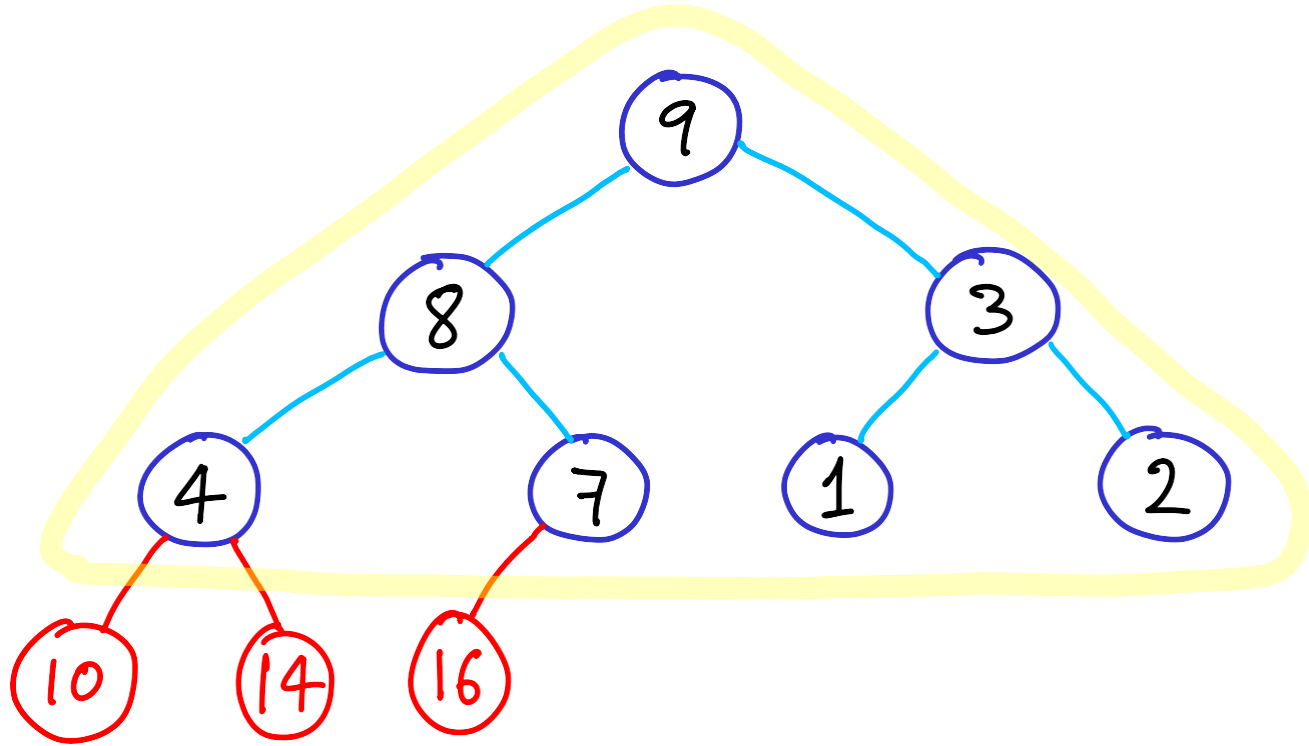
How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)



Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement



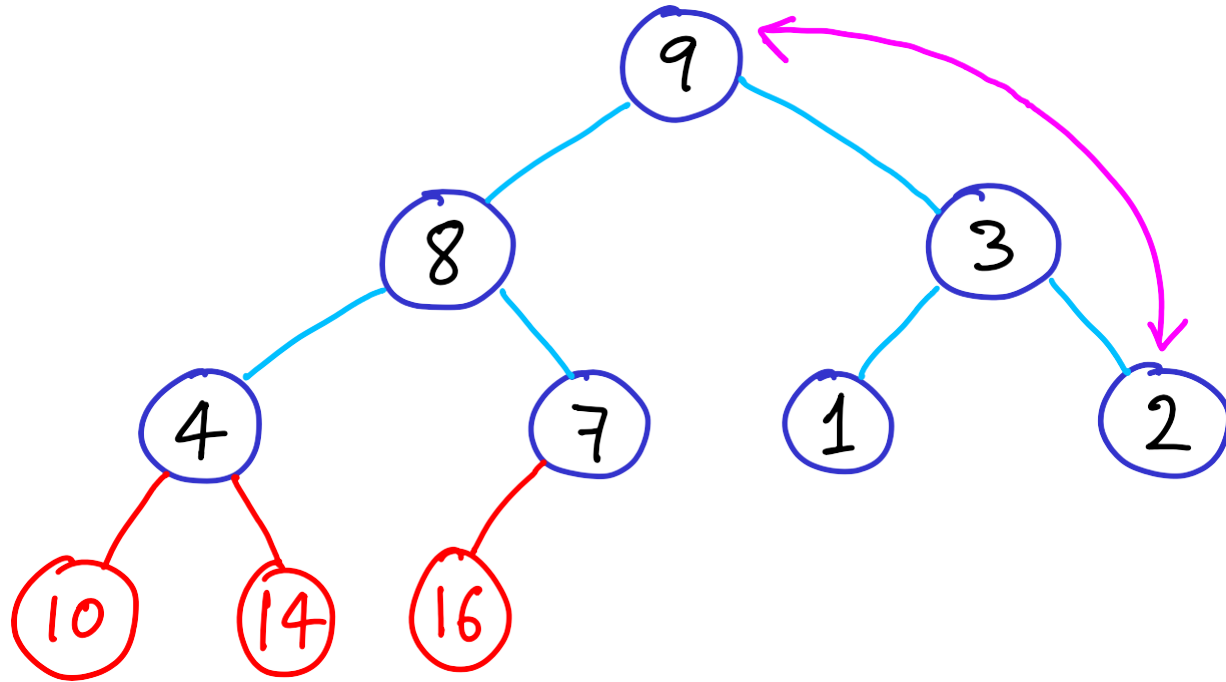
How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)



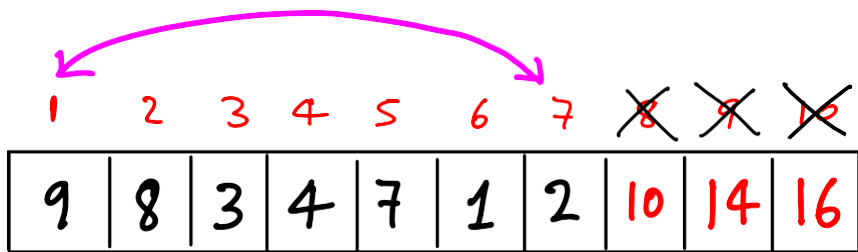
Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	<del>8</del>	<del>9</del>	<del>10</del>
9	8	3	4	7	1	2	10	14	16

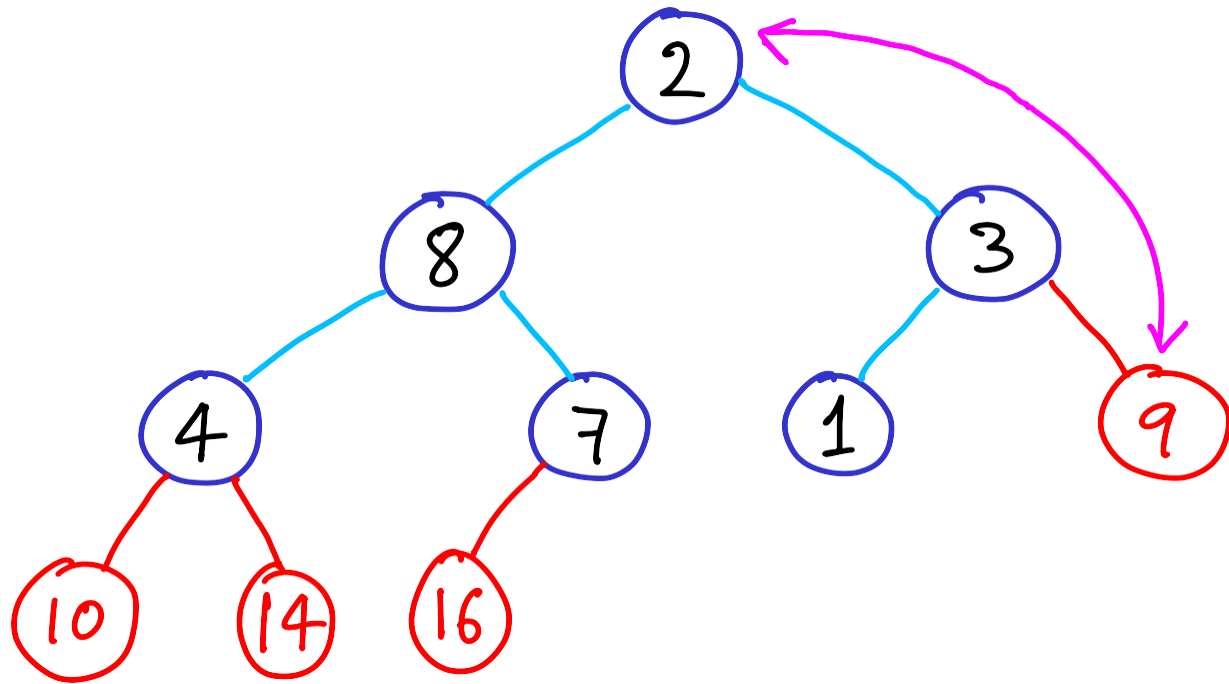
How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)



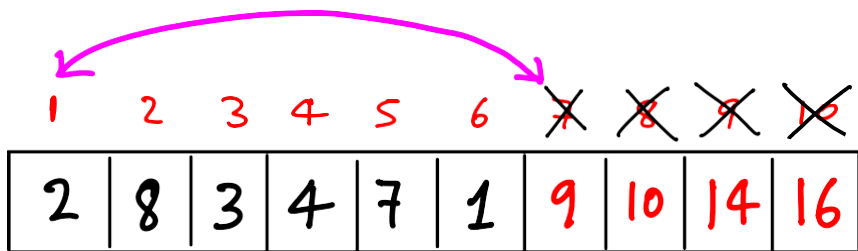
Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement



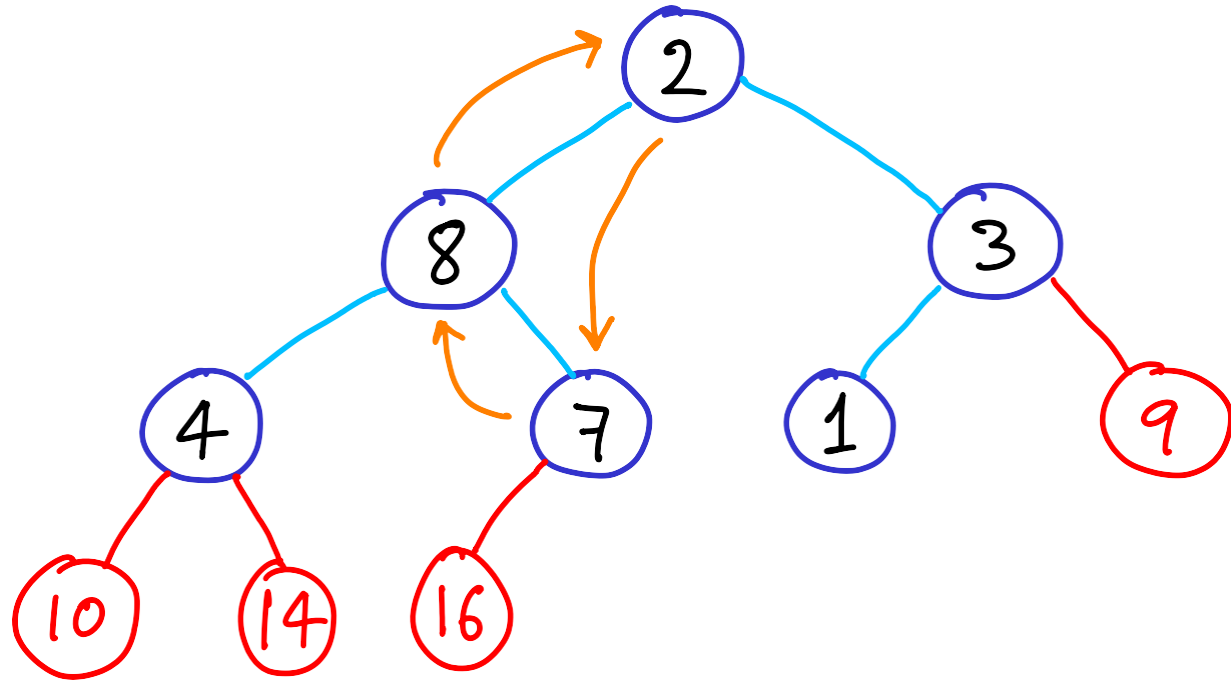
How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)



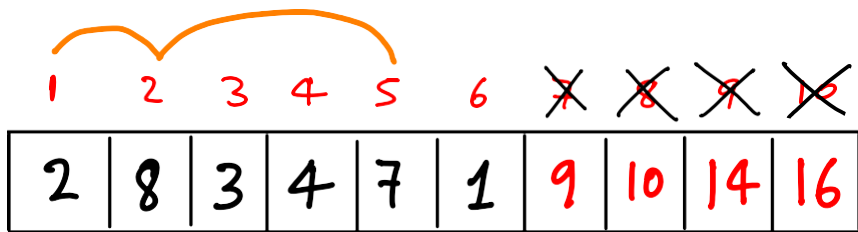
Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement



How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)

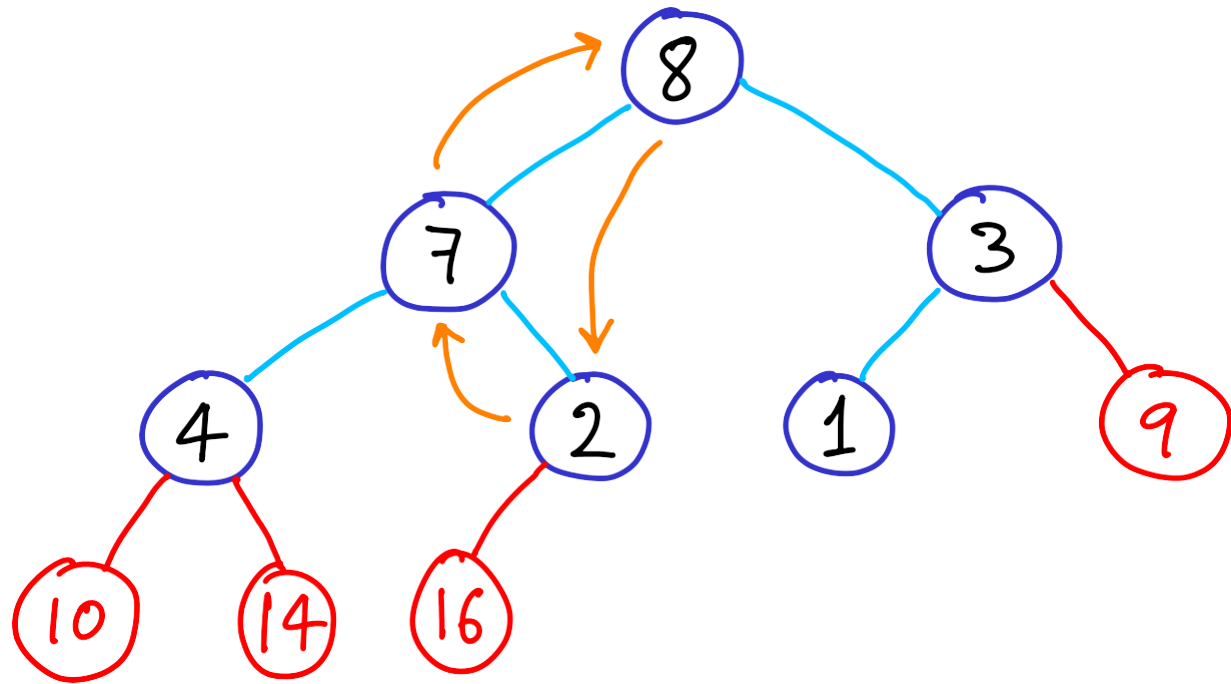


Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement

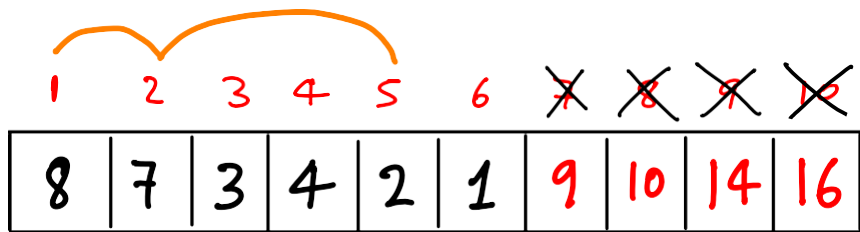




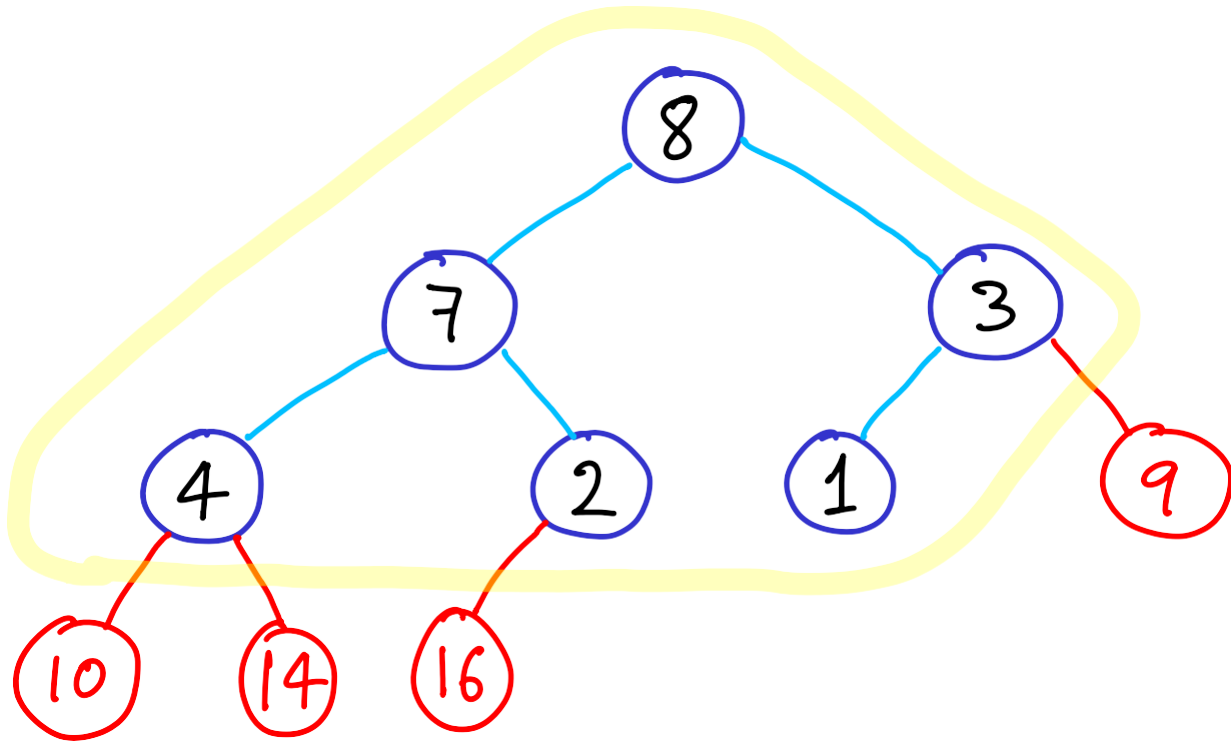
How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)



Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement



How to sort data in a complete heap **in place** (without an output array)



Same as before  
but we swap  
max with replacement

etc

1	2	3	4	5	6	<del>7</del>	<del>8</del>	<del>9</del>	<del>10</del>
8	7	3	4	2	1	9	10	14	16

# Summary

Given a heap we can extract max and heapify in  $O(\log n)$  time.

↳  $n$  rounds :  $O(n \log n)$  to sort a heap

# Summary

Given a heap we can extract max and heapify in  $O(\log n)$  time.

↳  $n$  rounds :  $O(n \log n)$  to sort a heap

How do we construct a heap in the first place?