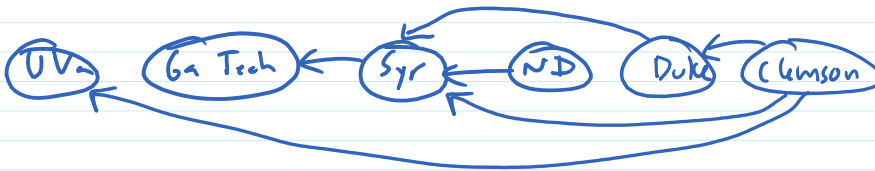
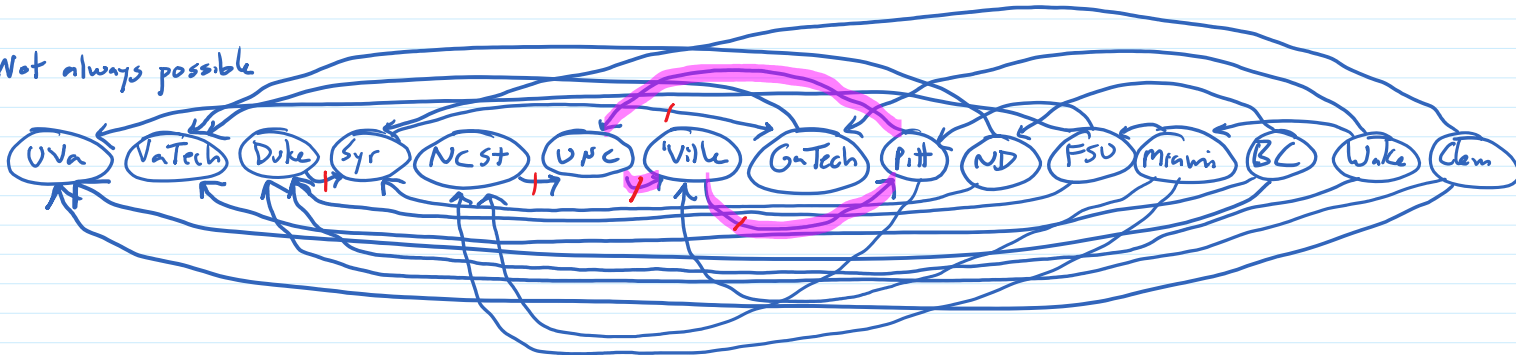


Order vertices so all edges go ←



Not always possible



find ordering of vertices to minimize "wrong way" edges
(5 total in this example)

Brute Force: try every ordering for each, compute number of updates keep track of running minimum
 $n!$ orderings
 $353! \approx 5 \cdot 10^{747}$

Feedback Arc Set is NP-complete
 ↓
 the hardest of a certain set of problems;
 for these hardest problems we have
 1) no known efficient soln
 2) no proof that no efficient soln exists

Correctness

Mars Rovers - \$2.5B budget
6 years (so far)

~\$7.5M / week

software updates

2 GB flash

~10 kbps

<https://marsmobile.jpl.nasa.gov/msl/mission/communicationwithearth/data/>

~18 days

NASA is a big sponsor of formal verification

<https://shemesh.larc.nasa.gov/fm/>

Therac-25

radiation therapy machine

hardware interlocking mechanism replaced with ^{faulty} software

3 deaths

formal verification important for safety- and mission-critical systems

Asymptotic Running Time

Selection sort is $O(n^2)$

$T(n)$ is $O(f(n))$ means there are constants $n_0 \geq 0, c > 0$
s.t. for all $n \geq n_0$, $T(n) \leq c \cdot f(n)$
informal - for large enough n
 $T(n) \approx f(n)$ (ignoring multiplicative constants)

selection sort does $\frac{n(n-1)}{2}$ comparisons
 $\forall n \geq 10, \frac{n(n-1)}{2} \leq 1 \cdot n^2$

$\Omega(f(n))$ there are constants $n_0 \geq 0, c > 0$
s.t. for all $n \geq n_0$, $T(n) \geq c \cdot f(n)$

$\Theta(f(n))$ there are constants $n_0 \geq 0, c_1, c_2 > 0$
s.t. for all $n \geq n_0$, $c_1 \cdot f(n) \leq T(n) \leq c_2 \cdot f(n)$

so the running time of selection sort is $O(n^2)$ (and $O(n^2)$ and $O(n^2)$, $O(n^2)$, ...)
more specific to say "the running time of selection sort is $\Theta(n^2)$ "

similarly "the worst case running time of quicksort is $\Theta(n^2)$ "

is better (more specific) than "quicksort is $O(n^2)$ "

still true, just less specific than we could be