

Vertex Cover and Independent Set

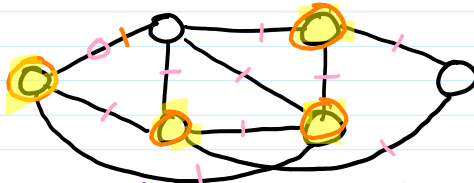
SORT

Alg A: poly time	little than $n \log n$	if B easy then A
B CONV Hull poly time	little than $n \log n$	if A hard then B

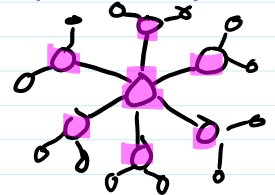
$A \leq_p B$

Vertex Cover: Given G and k , determine if there is a vertex cover of size $\leq k$

$k=2$? NO
 $k=3$? NO
 $k=4$? YES

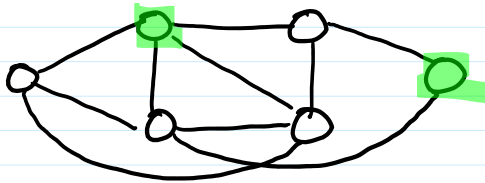


subset of vertices S ,
 for each edge, at least
 one endpoint is in the subset



brute force: check all $\binom{n}{k}$ size- k subsets is not polynomial

Independent Set: Given G and k , determine if there is an independent set of size $\geq k$



subset of vertices
 S , no edge between
 any two vertices in subset

Algorithm for VC:

input: G, k

return $IS(G, n-k)$

$VC \leq_p IS$

$VC \leq_p IS$

THM: G has VC of size $\leq k$ if and only if G has IS of size $\geq n-k$

Proof: \Rightarrow Suppose G has a VC of size $\leq k$. (want to show G has IS of size $\geq n-k$)

call the VC of size $\leq k$ C

Let $S = C^c$ ($V - C$) [claim: S is an independent set]

Let $u, v \in S$, $u \neq v$ [want $(u, v) \notin E$]
 no edges between two vertices in S

Suppose $(u, v) \in E$

Then $u \in C$ or $v \in C$ def. vertex cover

So $u \notin S$ or $v \notin S$ choice of S

\Rightarrow

$\therefore (u, v) \notin E$

\therefore for all $u, v \in S$, $u, v \notin E$

$\therefore (u,v) \notin E$

\therefore for all $u, v \in S, u, v \notin E$

$\therefore S$ is an ind set

\Leftarrow : similar

def ind. set.

count vars as 1 step

$A \leq_p B$:

\uparrow

A is polynomially reducible to B

there is some poly-time alg that solves A that uses a solution for B as a subroutine

there is an alg for B
w/ worst case $O(n^k)$
for some $k \in \mathbb{Z}$

THM: If $A \leq_p B$ then if $B \in P$ then $A \in P$

\hookrightarrow Alg for A: poly time n^3
make n^{10} calls to B n^7 $n^7 \cdot n^{10} = n^{17}$
poly time n^2 $\overline{O(n^{17})}$

COR: If $A \leq_p B$ then if $A \notin P$ then $B \notin P$

Hamiltonian Path and Long Path and Travelling Salesperson

Hamiltonian Path: Given G , is there a simple path through all vertices?

Long Path: Given G, k , is there a simple path of length $\geq k$?

HP \leq_p LP : HP(G)

let $k = \text{size of } G.V$
return LP($G, k-1$)

Travelling Salesperson Optimization: Given complete weighted G , what is the total weight of the min-weight tour?

Decision: Given complete weighted G , and a bound k , is there a tour of total weight $\leq k$?
YES or NO answer

HC \leq_p TSP-DEC:

Hamiltonian Cycle

Alg HC(G): 1) construct input x into TSP-DEC } poly-time
2) output TSP-DEC(x)

[input: given G , find weighted complete G', k s.t. G' has a tour of total weight $\leq k$
 \uparrow
 G has a HC]

if TSP-OPT $\in P$ then TSP-DEC $\in P$

TSP-DEC(G, k)
 $\min \leftarrow \text{TSP-OPT}(G)$
return $\min \leq k$
TSP-DEC \leq_p TSP-OPT

Let G' have same vertex set as G
s.t. $w(u, v) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } (u, v) \in G \\ 1 & \text{if } (u, v) \notin G \end{cases}$

if VC-DEC $\in P$ then VC-OPT $\in P$

binary search for max k s.t. VC-DEC(k) = T

if G has HC then G' has a tour of total weight 0

if G' has a tour of total weight ≤ 0 then G has HC

G has HC $\iff G'$ has a tour of total weight ≤ 0