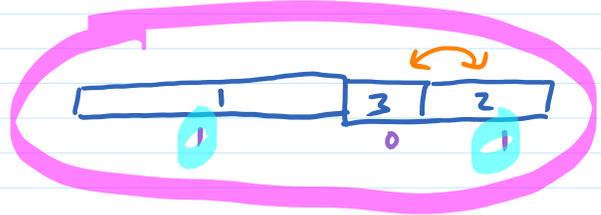


# Minimizing Lateness

Given requests with lengths  $t_1, \dots, t_n$ , deadlines  $d_1, \dots, d_n$ , find schedule that minimizes maximum lateness.

Ex:

$i$	$t_i$	$d_i$
1	5	4
2	3	8
3	1	6

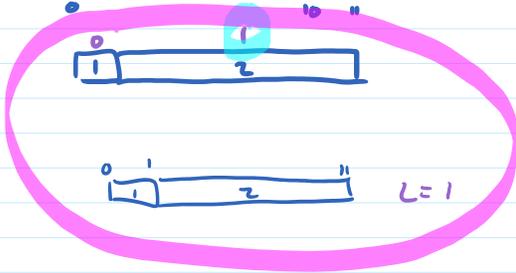


shortest first?



most pressing first?  
break ties by shortest

$i$	$t_i$	$d_i$
1	1	2
2	10	10



earliest deadline first?

1) There is an optimal schedule with no idle time

$\max(l_1, \dots, l_n) \neq 0 =$  optimal schedule w/ idle time

$\max(\bar{l}_1, \dots, \bar{l}_n) \geq 0 =$  latenesses stay same or go down  
task i started before j but with  $d_i > d_j$

2) All schedules with no idle time and no inversions have same max lateness

$\max(l_1, l_2, l_3, l_4, l_5, l_6)$    
 $d_1 < d_2 < d_3 = d_4 = d_5 < d_6$

$\max(l_1, l_2, l_3, \max(l_4, l_5, l_6))$

$\max(\bar{l}_1, \bar{l}_2, \bar{l}_3, \max(\bar{l}_4, \bar{l}_5, \bar{l}_6))$

3) There is a optimal schedule with no inversions, no idle time.

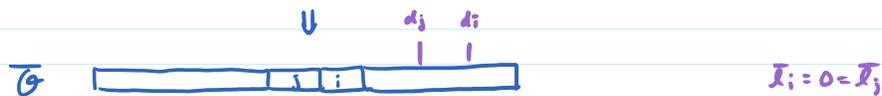
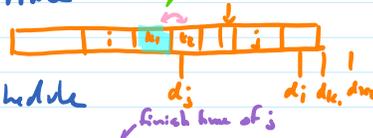
(schedule back-to-back in order of  $\uparrow$  deadline)

So: greedy has no inversions, no idle time  
 there is optimal  $\Theta$  w/ no inversions, no idle time 3  
 greedy has same max lateness as  $\Theta$  2  
 greedy is also optimal

Can find opt sched  $\Theta$  with no idle time (1)

If  $\Theta$  has no inversions then  $\bar{\Theta}$

Else find inversion between adj in schedule



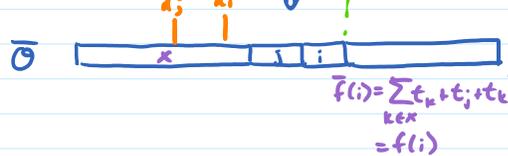
$$\max(l_1, \dots, l_n) = \max(\max(l_i, l_j), \max(\text{other latenesses}))$$

$$= \max(\max(\bar{l}_i, l_j), \max(\text{other latenesses}))$$



$$l_i = f(i) - d_i$$

$$l_j = f(j) - d_j$$



$$\bar{l}_i = \bar{f}(i) - d_i$$

$$= f(j) - d_i$$

$$\bar{l}_i < l_j$$

We  $d_i > d_j$

$$\bar{l}_j = l_j - t_i < l_j$$

$$\max(\bar{l}_i, \bar{l}_j) \leq \max(l_j, l_j - t_i) = l_j \leq \max(l_i, l_j)$$

max of smaller terms is smaller

def. max



$$l_i = 0$$

$$l_j = f(j) - d_j$$

$$\max(l_i, l_j) = f(j) - d_j$$



$$\bar{l}_j = 0$$

$$\bar{l}_i = \bar{f}(i) - d_i$$

$$= f(j) - d_i$$

$$< f(j) - d_j = l_j$$

$$\max(\bar{l}_i, \bar{l}_j) = \bar{l}_i < l_j = \max(l_i, l_j)$$

No matter where  $d_i, d_j$  are, we have

$$l_i \leq l_j$$

"minus"

So if  $v > x$

No matter where  $d_i, d_j$  are, we have

$$l_j = f(j) \div d_j$$
$$l_i = f(i) \div d_i \leq f(j) \div d_i \leq f(j) \div d_j = l_j$$

$f(i) < f(j)$        $d_j < d_i$

"minus"

$$x \dot{-} y = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } y > x \\ x-y & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

to avoid minus, see cases on next page

$$a > b \rightarrow \begin{cases} x-a < x-b \\ x-a \leq x-b \end{cases}$$

so  $\max(l_i, l_j) = l_j$  (j was the later of the two in original optimal schedule  $\odot$ )

$$\bar{f}(j) = f(j) \quad \& \quad \bar{f}(j) = f(j) - t_i$$

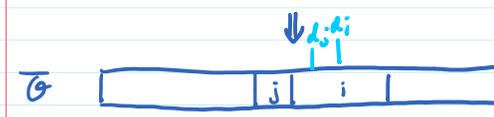
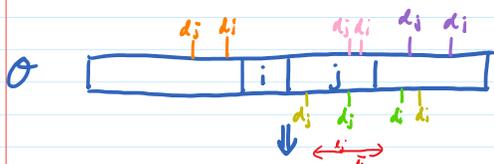
$$\bar{l}_j = \bar{f}(j) \div d_j \leq f(j) \div d_j = l_j$$

$$\bar{l}_i = \bar{f}(i) \div d_i = f(j) \div d_i \leq f(j) \div d_j = l_j$$

$$\max(\bar{l}_i, \bar{l}_j) \leq \max(l_j, l_j) = l_j = \max(l_i, l_j)$$

$\bar{l}_i \leq l_j$   
 $\bar{l}_j \leq l_j$   
max of smaller things is smaller

All possible cases



in	∅	in	∅
i	j	i	j
N	N	N	N
N	Y	N	N
N	Y	N	Y
N	Y	Y	N
Y	Y	Y	Y
Y	Y	Y	Y

$\max(\bar{l}_i, \bar{l}_j) = \max(0, 0) = \max(l_i, l_j)$   
 j not late  $\rightarrow$  can't become late  
 $\max(\bar{l}_i, \bar{l}_j) = 0 < l_j = \max(0, l_j) = \max(l_i, l_j)$   
 max lateness = j's lateness, which  $\downarrow$   
 DONE on other slide  
 same as  $\downarrow$   
 DONE on other slide

$$\max(\bar{l}_i, \bar{l}_j) = \max(\bar{l}_i, l_j - t_i) \leq \max(l_j, l_j - t_i) = \max(l_j) = \max(l_i, l_j)$$

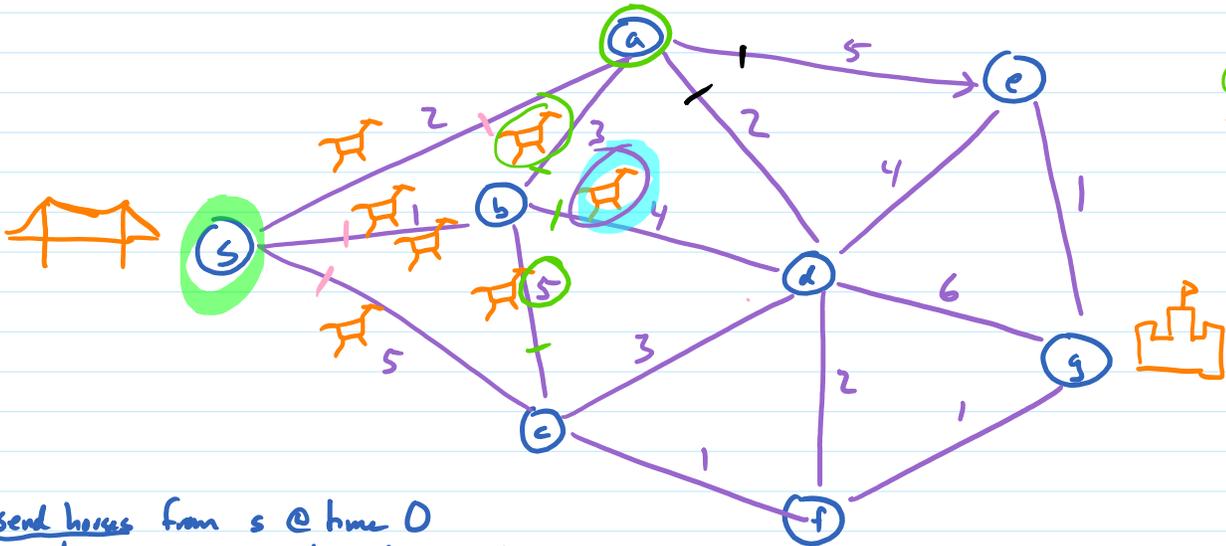
$\uparrow$   
 in Y-arr case this is  $\leq$

$$\max(\bar{l}_i, \bar{l}_j) = \bar{l}_i = f(i) - d_i = f(j) - d_i < f(j) - d_j = l_j \leq \max(l_i, l_j)$$

$\uparrow$     $\uparrow$     $\uparrow$     $\uparrow$     $\uparrow$   
 $t_j = 0$    def    $f(i) = f(j)$     $d_i > d_j$    def   max

# Shortest Paths

Given weighted graph with no negative-weight edges and start vertex  $s$ , find path of minimum total weight from  $s$  to all other vertices



Priority Queue

a	s	2
b	s	1
c	s	5
d	a	3
e	a	7

send horses from  $s$  @ time 0

↳ add to PQ w/ priority = arrival time  
also record start/destination

while PQ not empty <sup>lowest priority (time)</sup>

remove next event (horse arrival) from PQ time gives total weight of shortest path

send new horses (add new nodes to PQ) node horse came from gives next-to-last vertex

↳ don't send to nodes already taken off PQ

don't send to a node if a prev horse is getting there sooner

cancel prev horse if new horse gets there sooner

update priority (time) ←  
and source for that node