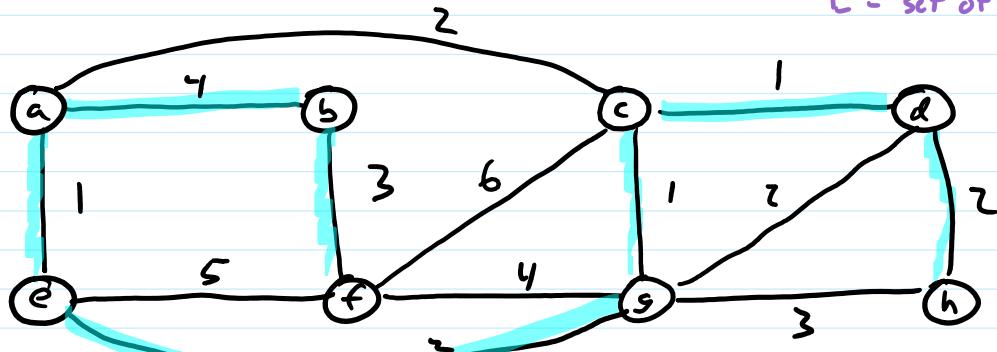


Light Edge Theorem

$V = \text{set of all vertices}$
 $E = \text{set of all edges}$



THM: If $S, V-S$ is a cut, A is a proto-MST that respects that cut, and (u,v) is an edge of minimum weight across that cut ($u \in S, v \in V-S$ or vice versa), then $A \cup \{(u,v)\}$ is a proto-MST

Prim's Algorithm

PRE: no negative weight edges, graph is connected
POST: T is a minimum spanning tree

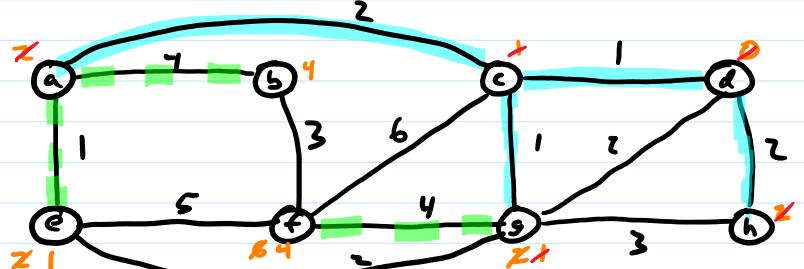
```

for each v
    color[v], pred[v], d[v] ← IN_QUEUE, NIL, ∞
d[s] ← 0
S, T ← ∅

Q ← new PriorityQueue(d)

while Q not empty
    u ← dequeue(Q)
    S ← S ∪ {u}
    T ← T ∪ {(u, pred[u])}
    for each outneighbor v of u
        if color[v] = IN_QUEUE and d[v] > w(u, v)
            change_priority(Q, v, w(u, v))
            d[v] ← w(u, v)
            pred[v] ← u
    color[u] ← DONE

```



T is a proto-MST

for $u \in Q$, $d[u] = \min_{v \in S} w(u, v)$

$\text{pred}[u] = \operatorname{argmin}_{v \in S} w(u, v)$

Prim's Algorithm

PRE: no negative weight edges, graph is connected
POST: T is a minimum spanning tree

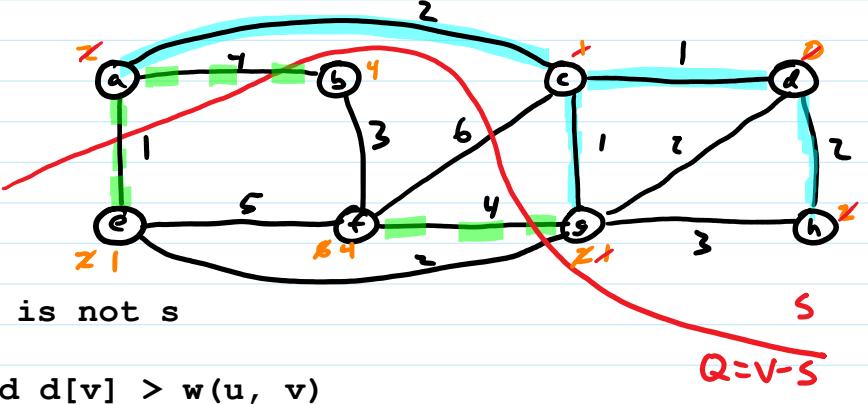
```

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    color[v], pred[v], d[v] ← IN_QUEUE, NIL, ∞
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    S ← S ∪ {u}
    T ← T ∪ {(u, pred[u])} if u is not s
    for each outneighbor v of u
        if color[v] = IN_QUEUE and d[v] > w(u, v)
            change_priority(Q, v, w(u, v))
            d[v] ← w(u, v)
            pred[v] ← u
    color[u] ← DONE

```



$$\min_{u \in \{2\}} d[u]$$

for $u \in Q$, $d(u) = \min_{v \in S} w(u, v)$

$$\text{pred}[u] = \underset{v \in S}{\operatorname{argmax}} w[u, v]$$

Prim's Algorithm

PRE: no negative weight edges, graph is connected
POST: T is a minimum spanning tree

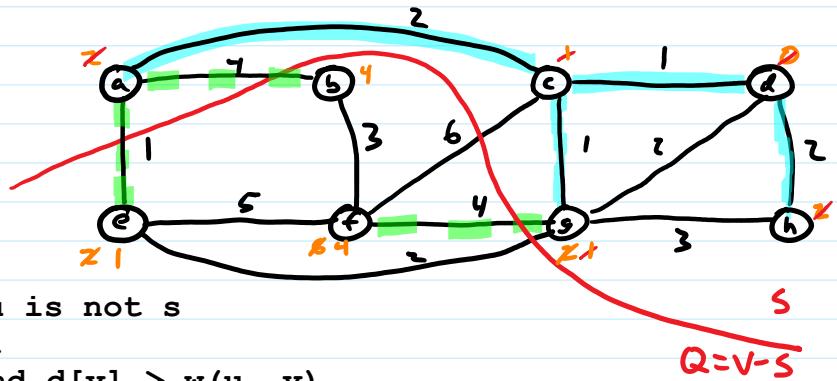
```

for each v
    color[v], pred[v], d[v] ← IN_QUEUE, NIL, ∞
d[s] ← 0
S, T ← ∅

Q ← new PriorityQueue(d)

while Q not empty
    u ← dequeue(Q)
    S ← S ∪ {u}
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            change_priority(Q, v, w(u, v))
            d[v] ← w(u, v)
            pred[v] ← u
    color[u] ← DONE

```



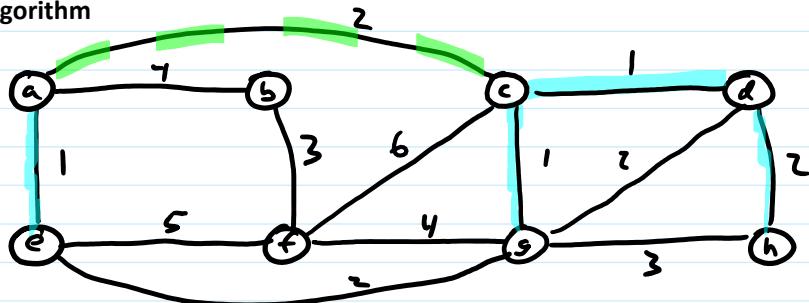
T is a proto-MST

for $u \in Q$, $d[u] = \min_{v \in S} w(u, v)$

$\text{pred}[u] = \arg\min_{v \in S} w(u, v)$

$$\min_{u \in Q} \min_{v \in S} w(u, v)$$

Kruskal's Algorithm



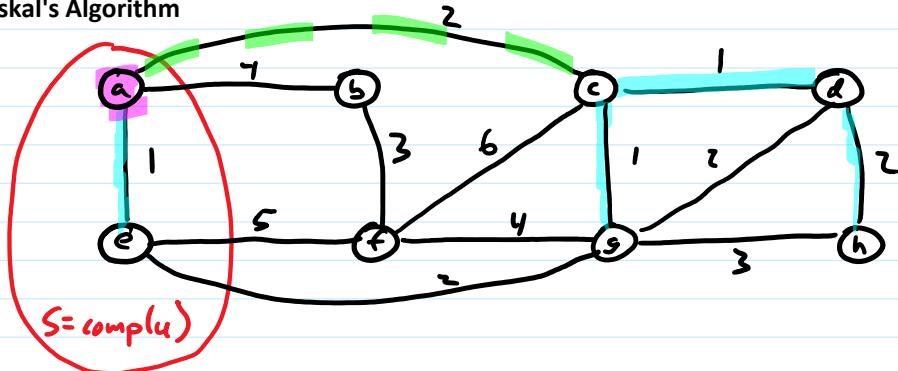
connected components

6
e a
c g d h

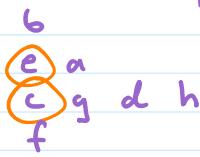
sort edges in order of increasing weight
 $(a,e)(c,g)(c,d)(d,g)(a,c)(d,h)(e,g)(g,h)(b,f)(f,g)(g,h)(a,b)(e,f)$

$T \leftarrow \emptyset$
 for each edge (u,v) in order of sort
 if $\text{find-set}(u) \neq \text{find-set}(v)$
 add (u,v) to T
 union(u,v)

Kruskal's Algorithm



connected components



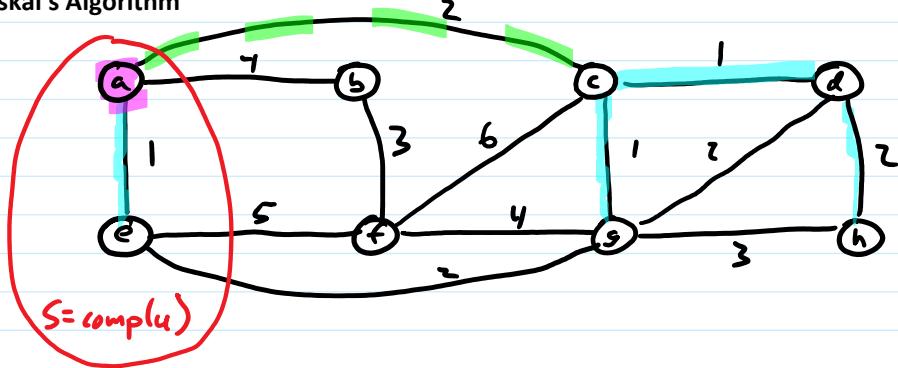
sort edges in order of increasing weight $(a,e)(c,g)(c,d)(d,g)(a,c)(d,h)(e,g)(g,h)(b,f)(f,g)(a,b)(e,f)$
 $T \leftarrow \emptyset$

for each edge (u,v) in order of sort
 if $\text{find-set}(u) \neq \text{find-set}(v)$
 → add (u,v) to T
 $\text{union}(u,v)$

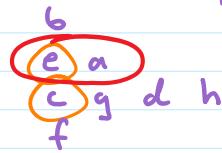
INV: T is a proto-MST

for (u,v) already processed, u and v
 are in the same connected component

Kruskal's Algorithm



connected components



sort edges in order of increasing weight (a,e) (c,g) (c,d) (d,g) (a,c) (d,h) (e,g) (g,h) (b,f) (f,g) (a,b) (c,f)
 $T \leftarrow \emptyset$

for each edge (u, v) in order of sort
 if $\text{find-set}(u) \neq \text{find-set}(v)$
 \rightarrow add (u, v) to T
 $\quad \cup$ $\text{union}(u, v)$

INV: T is a proto-MST

for (u, v) already processed, u and v are in the same connected component

~~Suppose (u,v) is not a light edge across cut~~

Find (x, y) that is

$$w(x,y) < w(u,v)$$

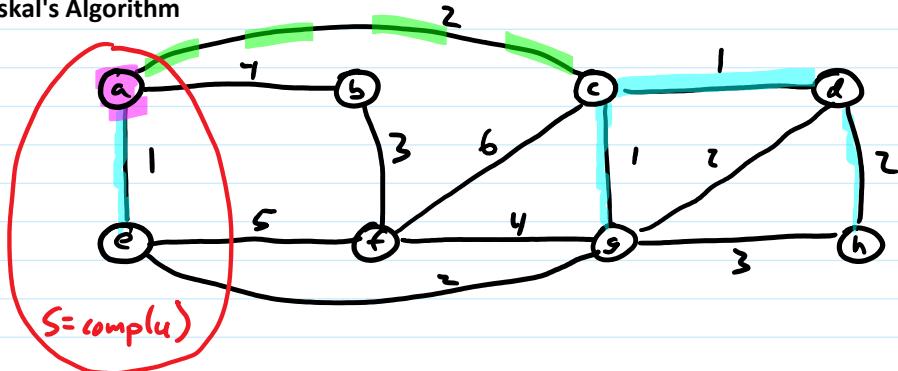
$x \in \text{compl}(u)$, $y \notin \text{compl}(u)$

(x,y) already processed

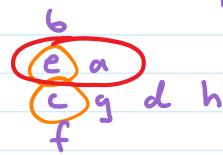
x, y in same connected component

def. light edge
 (x,y) crosses cut
order of loop
INV

Kruskal's Algorithm



connected components



sort edges in order of increasing weight $(a,e)(e,g)(c,d)(d,g)(a,c)(d,h)(e,g)(g,h)(b,f)(f,g)(a,b)(e,f)$
 $T \leftarrow \emptyset$

for each edge (u,v) in order of sort
 if $\text{find-set}(u) \neq \text{find-set}(v)$
 → add (u,v) to T
 $\text{union}(u,v)$

INV: T is a proto-MST

for (u,v) already processed, u and v
 are in the same connected component

For any u, v there is a path $u = v_0 \rightarrow v_1 \rightarrow v_2 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow v_k = v$ in G
 each (v_i, v_{i+1}) is in the same connected component in T
 there is a path $v_i \rightarrow v_{i+1}$ in T
 u, v are connected by $u = v_0 \rightarrow v_1 \rightarrow v_2 \rightarrow \dots \rightarrow v_k = v$ in T