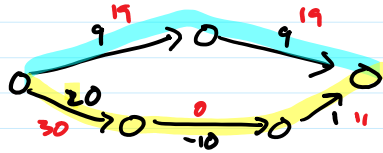


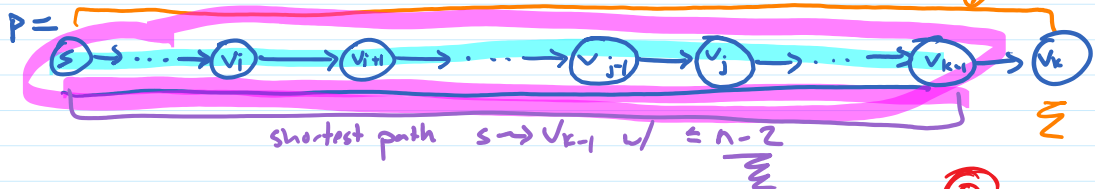
Negative Weights

Negative weights



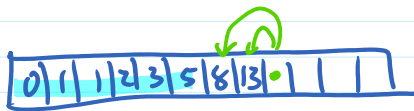
If s, v_1, v_2, \dots, v_k is a shortest path $s \rightarrow v_k$ then for each v_i, v_j v_i, v_{i+1}, \dots, v_j is shortest path $v_i \rightarrow v_j$

Shortest path $w \leq n-1$ edges



~~$$d(v) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } v = s \\ \min_{(u,v) \text{ is an edge}} (d(u) + w(u,v)) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$~~

Let $d_s(i, v)$ = tot weight of short path $s \rightarrow v$ w/ $\leq i$ edges



$$d_s(i, v) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } v = s \\ \infty & \text{if } i = 0 \text{ and } v \neq s \\ \min \left(\min_{(u,v) \text{ is an edge}} (d_s(i-1, u) + w(u,v)), d_s(i-1, v) \right) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

SHORTEST-PATHS(n, s)

$M \leftarrow n \times n$ array
 for $v = 0$ to $n-1$ $M[0, v] \leftarrow \infty$
 $M[0, s] \leftarrow 0$

$\Theta(n^2)$ iterations for $i = 1$ to $n-1$
 for $v = 0$ to $n-1$
 $M[i, v] = \min(M[i-1, v], \min_{u=0 \dots n-1} (M[i-1, u] + w(u, v)))$

$\Theta(n^2)$ space



$\Theta(n)$ per iteration
 $\Theta(n^3)$ total time

SHORTEST-PATHS(n, s)

$M \leftarrow n \times n$ array
for $v=0$ to $n-1$ $M[s, v] \leftarrow \infty$
 $M[s, s] \leftarrow 0$

for $i=1$ to $n-1$
for $v=0$ to $n-1$
 $M[i, v] = \min(M[i-1, v], \min_{u=0 \dots n-1} M[i-1, u] + w(u, v))$



SHORTEST-PATHS(n, s)

$\Theta(n^3)$ time
 $\Theta(n)$ space

$M \leftarrow n \times n$ array
for $v=0$ to $n-1$ $M[v] \leftarrow \infty$
 $M[s] \leftarrow 0$

after iteration i : $M[v]$ = length of a path $s \rightarrow v$
 \leq shortest path $s \rightarrow v$ using at most i edges

for $i=1$ to $n-1$
for $v=0$ to $n-1$
 $M[v] = \min(M[v], \min_{u=0 \dots n-1} M[u] + w(u, v))$

SHORTEST-PATHS(n, s) BELLMAN-FORD

$\Theta(n \cdot m)$ time
 $\Theta(n)$ space

$M \leftarrow n \times n$ array
for $v=0$ to $n-1$ $M[v] \leftarrow \infty$
 $M[s] \leftarrow 0$

for $i=1$ to $n-1$
for all edges (u, v)
 $M[v] = \min(M[v], M[u] + w(u, v))$

1-2-3 Nim



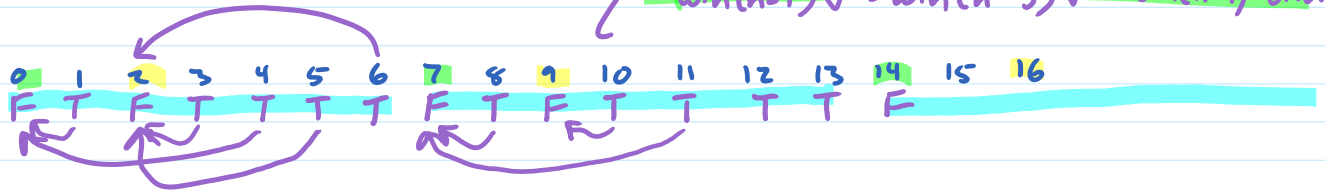
Start with one row of n stones

On each turn, take as ~~1, 2, or 3~~ ^{1, 3, 4} stones one row

If no possible moves, you lose (last move wins)

$win(n) = T$ if player to make next move has winning strategy for n stones

$$= \begin{cases} F & \text{if } n=0 \\ \sim win(n-1) \vee \sim win(n-3) \vee \sim win(n-4) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$



Vendor Scheduling



1st 4 weeks of optimal schedule for 5 weeks \neq optimal schedule for 4 weeks
where is the optimal substructure?