CPSC 427a: Object-Oriented Programming

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About This Course

Where to find information

All information about this course is posted on the course website:

http://zoo.cs.yale.edu/classes/cs427/2011a/

There you will find:

- ► Syllabus.
- ▶ The main textbook *Exploring C++* by Alice Fischer.
- Lecture notes.
- Code samples.
- Homework assignments.

The syllabus contains important additional information. Read it!

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Course mechanics

You will need a Zoo course account. Get it now! You can't submit work without it.

Submit your assignments on the Zoo using the script in /c/cs427/bin/submit.

I recommend that you buy the book Herbert Schildt, C++: The Complete Reference, 4th edition. It serves as a basic text for C++ as well as a reference manual.

Course Requirements: Homework assignments (\sim 35%), two hour exams (\sim 20% each), and a significant programming project (\sim 25%).

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Topics to be Covered

Major Areas

- 1. Foundations (basics of objects and classes)
- 2. Reusable software design (both language support and design technique)
- 3. Programming for reliability
- 4. Programming for efficiency
- 5. Software toolset and framework design

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Course goals - practical

- ▶ Learn how to follow instructions, and how question them if you think they are wrong.
- ▶ Learn how to get a big job done one module at a time.
- ▶ Learn how to use a reference manual.
- Learn how to design for efficiency and reliability.
- Learn how to test, analyze, and debug code.
- ▶ Learn how to present your work in a professional manner.
- ▶ Become proficient at C++ programming, starting with a knowledge of C.
- Learn how to use UML (Unified Modeling Language) to document your work.

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Course goals - conceptual

- ▶ What object-oriented programming is and isn't.
- ▶ The basic principles and patterns of object oriented design.
- ▶ Learn how C++ differs in syntax and semantics from standard ISO C on the one hand and from other languages with support for OO-programming such as Python, Ruby, and Java.
- ▶ Learn about classes, objects, type hierarchies, templates, and their implementations in C++.
- ▶ The principles behind the exception handler and how to use it.
- ▶ Learn how to use class libraries such as the C++ standard template library (STL), GTKmm, boost, etc.

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Kinds of Programming

Two views of programming

People program for different reasons.

Programming is . . .

- 1. A means to solve computational problems;
- 2. The process of software construction.

Problem solving

Desired properties of programs for solving problems:

- Correct outputs from correct inputs
- Succinct expression of algorithm
- Simple development cycle

Beginning programming courses tend to focus on programs to solve small problems.

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Software Construction

Desired properties of software constructed for widespread use:

- Correct outputs from correct inputs
- Robust in face of bad inputs; reliable
- Economical in resource usage (time and space)
- Understandability and verifiability of code
- Security
- Ease of repurposing
- Ease of deployment
- Maintainability

This course will focus on constructing large-scale software.

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Programming in the large

- ► Thousands of lines of code
- Written by many programmers
- Over a large span of time
- Deployed on a large number of computers
- With different architectures and operating systems

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▶ Interacting with foreign code and devices

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C++ Programming Standards

Three commandments for this course

From Chapter 1 of Exploring C++:

- 1. Use C++ input and output, not C I/O, for all assigned work.
- 2. Don't use global variables. If you think you need one, ask for help. Your class-design is probably defective.
- Test every line of code you write. It is your job to prove that your entire program works. If you submit a program without a test plan and test output, the TA will assume that it does not compile and will grade it accordingly.

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Can is not the same as should!

From Chapter 1 of Exploring C++:

- ► C++ is a very powerful language, which, if used badly can produce projects that are badly designed, badly constructed, and impossible to debug or maintain.
- Your goal is to learn to use the language well, and with good style.
- ▶ Please read *and follow* the style guidelines in Section 1.2
- Download the two tools files from the website.
- Read Section 1.3, about the tools library, and use this information to customize your own copy of the tools.

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