

# Python Introduction

Meiyng Qin

# Python

Interpreted language (vs compiled language)

No type declaration - BUT, it is a typed language

# help() + google!

## Example: help("string")

```
Help on module string:

NAME
    string - A collection of string operations (most are no longer used).

FILE
    /usr/lib64/python2.7/string.py

DESCRIPTION
    Warning: most of the code you see here isn't normally used nowadays.
    Beginning with Python 1.6, many of these functions are implemented as
    methods on the standard string object. They used to be implemented by
    a built-in module called strop, but strop is now obsolete itself.

    Public module variables:

        whitespace -- a string containing all characters considered whitespace
        lowercase -- a string containing all characters considered lowercase letters
        uppercase -- a string containing all characters considered uppercase letters
        letters -- a string containing all characters considered letters
        digits -- a string containing all characters considered decimal digits
        hexdigits -- a string containing all characters considered hexadecimal digits
        octdigits -- a string containing all characters considered octal digits
        punctuation -- a string containing all characters considered punctuation
        printable -- a string containing all characters considered printable

CLASSES
    __builtin__.object
        Formatter
        Template

    class Formatter(__builtin__.object)
        | Methods defined here:
        |
        |     check_unused_args(self, used_args, args, kwargs)
        |
        |     convert_field(self, value, conversion)
        |
        |     format(*args, **kwargs)
```

\*\*\*

More advanced



# Introduction

Types

If statements

Loops

Print

Function

Classes

# Types - int, float

```
>>> a = 5  
>>> a += 6  
>>> a  
11  
>>> a = 5.0  
>>> a += 6  
>>> a  
11.0
```

```
>>> a = int(0.5)  
>>> a  
0  
>>> a = float(3)  
>>> a  
3.0
```

Operator: +, -, \*, /, //, %, \*\*, ...

# Types - int, float

Different from python 2, but still it is good to keep in mind the type

```
>>> a = 1 / 2  
>>> a  
0.5
```

# Types - bool

True, False

# Types - string

```
>>> a = "this is a string"
>>> a = 'this is a string'
>>> a[0]
't'
>>> a[:]
'this is a string'
>>> a[0:3]
'thi'
>>> a[-4:-1]
'rin'
>>> a[0] = "b"
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
TypeError: 'str' object does not support item assignment
```

\*\*\*

# Types - string

```
>>> "1 + 2 = {:.0d}".format(1 + 2)  
'1 + 2 = 3'
```

## Types - list

```
>>> a = ['a', 'b', 'c']
>>> a[0]
'a'
>>> a[:-1]
['a', 'b']
>>> a + a
['a', 'b', 'c', 'a', 'b', 'c']
>>> a.append('d')
>>> a
['a', 'b', 'c', 'd']
>>> a[0] = 'z'
>>> a
['z', 'b', 'c', 'd']
>>> a = ["one", "two", "three"]
>>> "one" in a
True
>>> "four" in a
False
```

# Types - list

```
>>> a = ['g', 'a', 'm']
>>> b = a
>>> b
['g', 'a', 'm']
>>> a
['g', 'a', 'm']
>>> b.sort()
>>> b
['a', 'g', 'm']
>>> a
['a', 'g', 'm']
```

# Types - list

```
>>> a = ['g', 'a', 'm']
>>> b = a[:]
>>> a
['g', 'a', 'm']
>>> b
['g', 'a', 'm']
>>> b.sort()
>>> b
['a', 'g', 'm']
>>> a
['g', 'a', 'm']
```

\*\*\*

## Types - list

```
>>> a = ['a', 'b', 'c']
>>> ";" .join(a)
'a;b;c'
```

```
>>> a = [1, 2, 3, 6]
>>> b = [7, 1, 4, 2]
>>> list(map(lambda x, y: x + y, a, b))
[8, 3, 7, 8]
```

```
>>> a = list(range(10))
>>> a
[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
>>> list(filter(lambda x: x % 3 == 0, a))
[0, 3, 6, 9]
```

# Types - tuple

```
>>> a = ('a', 'b', 'c')
>>> a[0]
'a'
>>> a[-1]
'c'
>>> b = a
>>> b
('a', 'b', 'c')
>>> a
('a', 'b', 'c')
>>> b[0] = "d"
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
TypeError: 'tuple' object does not support item assignment
```

# Types - dictionary

```
>>> a = {}
>>> a["name"] = []
>>> a
{'name': []}
>>> a["name"].append("pikachu")
>>> a
{'name': ['pikachu']}
```

# Introduction

Types

If statements

Loops

Print

Function

Classes

```
if
```

```
a = 3

if a == 3:
    a += 5
elif a == 4:
    a += 4
else:
    a += 1
```

```
>>> [evaluate sample.py]
>>> a
8
>>>
```

```
if
```

```
a = []
```

```
if a:
```

```
    a.append("b")
```

```
else:
```

```
    a.append("c")
```

```
>>> [evaluate sample.py]
```

```
>>> a
```

```
['c']
```

\*\*\*

if

```
a = []  
  
if a:  
    a.append("b")  
else:  
    a.append("c")
```

```
>>> [evaluate sample.py]  
>>> a  
['c']
```

```
>>> bool([])  
False  
>>> bool(["a"])  
True  
>>> bool("")  
False  
>>> bool("a")  
True
```

if

a = 1 == 1

```
if a == True:  
    a = False  
else:  
    a = True
```

if

a = 1 == 1

if a == True:

a = False

else:

a = True

if

a = 1 == 1

```
if a == True:  
    a = False  
else:  
    a = True
```

```
if
```

```
    a = 1 == 1
```

```
    if a:
```

```
        a = False
```

```
    else:
```

```
        a = True
```

if

```
a = ["a", "b", "c"]  
  
if a == ["a", "b", "c"]:  
    print("YAY!")  
else:  
    print(":(")
```

```
>>> [evaluate sample.py]  
YAY!
```

```
a = ["a", "b", "c"]  
  
if a is ["a", "b", "c"]:  
    print("YAY!")  
else:  
    print(":(")
```

```
>>> [evaluate sample.py]  
:(
```

# Introduction

Types

If statements

Loops

Print

Function

Classes

# loops - for

```
for i in range(5):  
    print(i)
```

```
>>> [evaluate sample.py]  
0  
1  
2  
3  
4
```

\*\*\*

## loops - for

```
>>> [x ** 2 for x in [1, 2, 3, 4]]  
[1, 4, 9, 16]  
>>> [x ** 2 + y for y in [1, 2] for x in [1, 2, 3, 4]]  
[2, 5, 10, 17, 3, 6, 11, 18]
```

# loops - while

```
i = 5  
  
while i >= 0:  
    print(i)  
    i -= 1
```

```
>>> [evaluate sample.py]  
5  
4  
3  
2  
1  
0
```

# Introduction

Types

If statements

Loops

Print

Function

Classes

# print

```
>>> a = "abc"  
>>> print(a)  
abc
```

print

```
    print("before")
```

```
    # might did something wrong here|
```

```
    print("after")
```

# Introduction

Types

If statements

Loops

Print

Function

Classes

# functions

```
def add(x, y):  
    return x + y
```

# functions

```
def add(x, y):  
    return x + y  
  
a = [3, 6, 2]  
b = [2, 7, 4]  
  
print(list(map(add, a, b))) ***
```

```
>>> [evaluate sample.py]  
[5, 13, 6]
```

# functions

```
def function1(x):
    x = 5

def function2(x):
    x[0] = 3
```

```
x = 3
function1(x)
print(x)
```

```
x = [1, 2, 3]
function2(x)
print(x)
```

```
>>> [evaluate sample.py]
3
[3, 2, 3]
```

## functions

```
def addition(x, y):
    return x + y
***
```

```
def substraction(x, y):
    return x - y
```

```
def multiplication(x, y):
    return x * y
```

```
def division(x, y):
    return x / y
```

```
operations = [addition, substraction, multiplication, division]
```

```
for operation in operations:
    print(operation(10, 5))
```

```
>>> [evaluate sample.py]
15
5
50
2.0
```

# Introduction

Types

Print

If statements

Loops

Function

Classes

# classes

```
class Human:  
    def __init__(self, height, age):  
        self._height = height  
        self._age = age  
  
    def get_height(self):  
        return self._height  
  
    def get_age(self):  
        return self._age  
  
class Student(Human):  
    def __init__(self, height, age, grade):  
        Human.__init__(self, height, age)  
        self._grade = grade  
  
    def get_grade(self):  
        return self._grade
```

```
human = Human(15, 100)  
print("human's height is " + str(human.get_height()))  
print("human's age is " + str(human.get_age()))  
  
student = Student(5, 1, 4.0)  
print("student's height is " + str(student.get_height()))  
print("student's age is " + str(student.get_age()))  
print("student's grade is " + str(student.get_grade()))
```

human's height is 15  
human's age is 100  
student's height is 5  
student's age is 1  
student's grade is 4.0

# Resources

[https://www.w3schools.com/python/python\\_modules.asp](https://www.w3schools.com/python/python_modules.asp)

<https://www.codementor.io/sheena/python-path-virtualenv-import-for-beginners-du107r3o1>

<https://www.pythonforbeginners.com/comments/comments-in-python>

<https://realpython.com/python-comments-guide/>

# Resources

<https://wiki.python.org/moin/MovingToPythonFromOtherLanguages>

Cheat sheet:

[https://www.google.com/url?sa=t&rct=j&q=&esrc=s&source=web&cd=1&ved=2ahUKEwiR6r3qvOLfAhVGxYMKHSd\\_ARIQFjAAegQICRAB&url=https%3A%2F%2Fgithub.com%2Fehmatthes%2Fpcc%2Freleases%2Fdownload%2Fv1.0.0%2Fbeginners\\_python\\_cheat\\_sheet\\_pcc\\_all.pdf&usq=AOvVaw3SuqxiGtfMRN69R8fASwR](https://www.google.com/url?sa=t&rct=j&q=&esrc=s&source=web&cd=1&ved=2ahUKEwiR6r3qvOLfAhVGxYMKHSd_ARIQFjAAegQICRAB&url=https%3A%2F%2Fgithub.com%2Fehmatthes%2Fpcc%2Freleases%2Fdownload%2Fv1.0.0%2Fbeginners_python_cheat_sheet_pcc_all.pdf&usq=AOvVaw3SuqxiGtfMRN69R8fASwR)

<https://www.python.org/about/gettingstarted/>

<https://www.w3schools.com/python/>

<https://www.toptal.com/python/top-10-mistakes-that-python-programmers-make> \*\*\*